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The Bombay Chronicle

Founder: Pherozeshah Mehta

VOL. XXX VII NO. 221 BOMBAY: FRIDAY, SEPTEMBER 16, 1949 PRICE 2 ANNAS

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O. G. LICENCE No. XI suspended by Government. No more imports now. Hasten to call at "DECORA" to make your selection of plain and printed everglazed Chints, Veleda Tapestry Fabrics, American Pile Fabrics, Czech Cutglassware, etc. from their rapidly diminishing stock.
Raval Tiles & Marble Ltd.,
97A, Queen's Road, Bombay 1.
Tel. No. 34310.

More Pakistan Lies About India

DELHI DENIES REPORTS OF BORDER FIRING

NEW DELHI Sept. 15, (P.T.I.).

OFFICIAL circles in New Delhi today denied reports in the Pakistan press that Indian police crossed into Pakistan territory and opened fire on Pakistan Border police on two different occasions.

Describing the reports as "fabricated" and highly coloured "to paint India as the aggressor and Pakistan as the aggrieved party", these circles said that no protest relating to the alleged incursions had been received by the Government of India.

Of the two reported incidents, according to these circles, one related to an encounter between the Pakistan anti-smuggling border force and a party of smugglers in their own territory.

The customs force was challenged by Jaisalmer military only when they crossed seven miles into Indian territory.

In the report of the second incident which occurred on August 4, the Indian border police and Bikaner military forces were alleged to have crossed the border from Bikaner into Pakistan territory near Toba Ada Musa, eight miles from Bikaner border, and removed 1,000 cattle and nine men into Bikaner territory.

The report further mentioned a border meeting between the police officers of Bahawalpur district and Bikaner State at Jalwalanaggi border, where information was received of exchange of firing at Bakhu Shah post in Pakistan territory. According to the Pakistan report, the responsibility for the firing at Bakhu Shah post was that of the Indian police force.

THE FACTS

The facts of the incident, the official circles said were as follows:—

"On August 4, the Indian Station Commander of Sri Ganganagar with Dy. Inspector-General Police and Superintendent of Police, Sri Ganganagar, went to Naggi border to attend a monthly conference between Pakistan and Indian police. At about 10 a.m. when the meeting was in session,

(Continued on Page 7 Col. 4)

Anti-Pakistan Activities: 17 Arrests

DACCA, Sept. 15 (PTI-Reuter).—Seventeen persons including 11 women were arrested under the East Bengal Public Safety Act for anti-Pakistan demonstrations staged on September 11, the death anniversary of Quaide-Azam Jinnah. A meeting was organised on the day by the East Pakistan Communist Party at Dacca when anti-Pakistan slogans were raised.

Gang Of Highwaymen Rounded Up In Delhi

NEW DELHI, Sept. 15 (PTI).—The Delhi police have rounded up a gang of seventeen persons from different localities of the city, suspected to be responsible for a number of highway robberies in and around the city during the last few days.

The police seized a revolver and twenty cartridges from the possession of one Mohinder Singh, alleged member of the gang.

Freed To See Wife

CALCUTTA, Sept. 15 (PTI).—Mr. D. N. Pradhan, former President, Calcutta branch of the Nepali National Congress, was released from Jaleswar Jail in Nepal on September 12 to enable him to see his ailing wife, according to information received here today.

Mr. Pradhan was arrested on July 29, 1947, during the first Satyagraha movement in connection with the Biratnagar Jute and Cotton Mill strike, and had since been confined in the Jaleswar Jail.

ATONEMENT?

CAUX SUR MONTREUX, Sept. 15. (PTI-Reuter): The Moral Rearmament group has been invited to hold its next international conference in the atom bomb city of Hiroshima, Japanese delegates to the conference here disclosed today.

Messages from the Mayors of Hiroshima and Nagasaki, which was also atom-bombed, were read.

Burmese Town Reoccupied

RANGOON, Sept. 15 (PTI-Reuter).—Government forces today reoccupied Madaya, rail terminus about 20-miles north of Mandalay, a military communique stated tonight.

Mrs. Pandit Hands Truman India's Reply

WASHINGTON, Sept. 15 (PTI).—Mrs. Vijaya Lakshmi Pandit, India's Ambassador, today delivered to President Truman her Government's reply to the President's letter to Prime Minister Nehru on the Kashmir question.

Mrs. Pandit called at the White House at 12-45 p.m. (local time) and was with the President for about a quarter of an hour.

Mrs. Pandit told correspondents before leaving the White House that she had merely acted "as a channel" for the transmission of the Government of India's reply.

The contents of the letter, she said, could only be made public by President Truman or the Government of India.

A FAMILY AT THE PLOUGH

BOMBAY, Thursday.

IN response to the appeal to grow more food, a Punjabi family of ten came to the Secretariat this morning to offer their services in the food drive.

The family consists of persons of all age-groups and two of the sons are graduates. They all expressed their willingness to wield the plough and to work in the field as farmers.

REAL PATRIOTS

AHMEDABAD, Sept. 15 (PTI).—About 14,000 residents of Ahmedabad have given up their rice ration during the last four weeks.

Rush For Cloth Licenses

AHMEDABAD, Sept. 15 (PTI)—The Assistant Textile Controller has granted 2,450 applications from merchants of Ahmedabad District including the city for cloth licences. About two thousand more applications are being scrutinised.

The Anand Cotton Mill closed down today in accordance with a notice put up in its premises. About eight hundred workers are reported to be affected by this closure.

The Poona Meteorological Office reports that an earthquake shock of moderate intensity at its origin with epicentre at lat. one degree south and long. 124.5 degrees east in the Pacific Ocean to the east of the Celebes, near Xilla Island, about 3,660 miles away from Poona was recorded at 1-30 a.m. (I.S.T.) on Wednesday.

Leak In Tansa Water Main

CITY SUPPLY WILL BE AFFECTED

BOMBAY, Thursday.

The city's water supply will be seriously affected as a result of a heavy leak in the 72-inch Tansa main at Kasheli near Thana.

Men of the Water Works department of Bombay Municipality are making frantic efforts to stop the leak, which was detected late in the evening. It is not known how the leak actually started.

The Hydraulic Engineer said late tonight that it would take at least two days to repair the water main and that the city's water supply would be affected during that period.

MADRAS SUPPORTS ENGLISH

University Council's Decision

MADRAS, Sept. 15, (P.T.I.): The Academic Council of the Madras University at its meeting today rejected a resolution for the replacement of English by regional language by stages as the medium of instruction at the University stage.

The Council, on the other hand, adopted the report of the special committee which did not favour the compulsory elimination of English as the medium of instruction particularly at the University stage as it considered that such a step would be detrimental to the interests of the students and to the larger interests of the country.

The committee was of the view that encouragement might be given to the language of the Province any attempt to have any language in place of English as the medium of instruction was undesirable.

TRAVANCORE EXAMS CANCELLED

TRIVANDRUM, Sept. 15, (P.T.I.): The Travancore University Intermediate Examination in English and Malayalam subjects held during the last three days has been cancelled.

The Registrar of the University stated tonight that some candidates had managed surreptitiously to obtain knowledge of the questions set in English Part I and Malayalam Part 2 and that fresh examination will be held in these subjects.

Sam's Credits Zoom

WASHINGTON, Sept. 15. (PTI-Reuter): The United States Government, during the post-war period, had lent over 10,000 million dollars to various foreign countries and had made outright gifts or grants of thousands of millions of dollars more, the Commerce Department said today.

It added that 4,704 millions of the money lent, consisted of aid to Britain and the additional 2,120 million dollars credits went to France.

Sam's Hand Checked

KARACHI, Sept. 15. (UPI): The Pakistan Government may move during the next session of the Constituent Assembly a Bill for regulating ownership and editorship of newspapers by foreigners, it was reliably learnt here today.

Informed circles point out that the restrictions exist in many important western countries on foreign control of the organs of publicity, including Sweden, France and Greece.

It will be recalled that the Dalmia-owned "Civil and Military Gazette" published from Karachi and Lahore has been bought over by an American syndicate.

FOUR RIVERS IN SPATE IN DARBHANGA

2,000 Houses Down; Rail Tracks Flooded; Epidemics Break Out

MADHUBANI, Sept. 15. (PTI): The rivers Kamla, Balan, Jiwach and Bagmati are in spate for the fourth time this year in the district of Darbhanga. Parts of Madhubani town itself have been affected.

Continuously heavy rains for over a week in Nepal and Nepal Terai are believed to be the cause of the floods. Between two and three thousand houses have collapsed and a large number of cattle have perished. Paddy and marua seedings planted for the third time have been damaged.

Flood water, 40 inches deep, is reported to be running across the railway track between Madhubani and Rajnagar near Mangrauni. Train services between Madhubani and Rajnagar are likely to remain suspended for another fortnight.

Epidemics are also reported to have broken out at several places and taken a heavy toll.

Rs. 50,000 has so far been distributed on behalf of Government as gratuitious relief. Boats have been arranged for in the flood-affected areas and foodgrains and kerosene oil are being distributed.

POONA CHILD WELFARE CENTRE

Major and Mrs. Sitterson of American Embassy, New Delhi recently visited Poona at the invitation of Lieut-General Rajendrasinhji, D.S.O., G.O.C.-in-C, Southern Command. Mrs. Sitterson took the opportunity of her stay in Poona to visit some of the Family and Child Welfare Centres run by officers' wives in Poona Cantonment. Photo shows Mrs. Sitterson and two members of Women's Welfare Committee among kids at one of the centres.

SUGAR CRISIS CAUSED BY U.P. FREEZING ORDER

Indian Government's Timely Action Saves Situation

NEW DELHI, Sept. 15, (PTI):

THE sugar crisis in India was precipitated by the United Provinces' order of August 26 freezing sugar stocks with the factories in the Province, an official spokesman stated here today.

If the Government of India had not intervened in the interest of the consumers as a whole by themselves ordering the freezing of stocks with factories throughout India, the entire country, excepting the U.P. would have gone without sugar, the spokesman said.

SUGAR PRICES COME DOWN

The Centre had advised Provincial Governments to take action under the Essential Supplies Act to secure stocks lying with wholesale dealers and retailers and arrange for their distribution at reasonable price. Reports from some provinces suggested, the spokesman said, that prices had come down as a result of energetic action. The price of sugar in Madras had come down from Rs. 115 to Rs. 102 per bag and prices had also come down in Bombay and Calcutta.

In addition to the allocation of sugar from stocks frozen at factories the action taken by the Government to ensure availability to consumer included prohibition of open sale and future in sugar, control by the Provincial Governments under the Essential Supplies Act and earlier announcement of prices of sugar for the next crushing season to dissuade traders from hoarding stocks, the spokesman said.

Because of the inevitable timelag from free trade in sugar to an element of control, he said, it was believed that profiteers were taking advantage of the interim period to increase the prices. But, he added, this tendency would only be short lived until the full force of Government measures was felt in the markets.

Moreover, prospects of production next year were excellent in view of the bumper cane crop. Actual despatches of sugar from December to July had been considerable and at the existing consumption rate it was considered unlikely that there would be sugar shortage, the spokesman said.

SUGAR CONTROL IN C. P.

NAGPUR, Sept. 15, (PTI): A press note issued by the Provincial Government today says that Deputy Commissioners are empowered to require any dealer in sugar to sell the whole or specified part of his stock of sugar at such price as they may fix. They can acquire the existing stocks and sell them at the rates which are deemed to be reasonable, but not exceeding Re. 1 per seer anywhere in retail.

DECREASE IN AREA

LUCKNOW, Sept. 15, (PTI): The first forecast of the sugar crop in the United Provinces for 1949 shows a decrease of about 4 percent in the area under sugarcane "due to high prices of foodgrains and irregular supply of canal water."

U. K.'s Sugar-Men Rebel

LONDON, Sept. 15 (PTI-Reuter): Shareholders of Britain's largest sugar refinery firm, Tate and Lyle Limited, today unanimously passed a resolution empowering its Board to fight Government proposals to nationalise the industry.

The resolution urged the Directors to do "everything in their power to meet the threats of the nationalisers, who learning nothing from the chaos, losses and labour unrest that they have created in other industries, now wish to seize the assets of this company."

Execution Of Sentence Postponed

NEW DELHI, Sept. 15. (PTI): The Government of India have postponed the execution of the death sentences passed on Nathuram V. Godse and Narain D. Apte pending a decision on the petition for special leave to appeal in the Privy Council, according to a letter received this evening by Lala Ganpatrai, defence counsel.

UNIFORM RATION IN PROVINCES

Centre Appoints Body For Investigation

POONA, Sept. 15 (PTI).

MR. DINKERRAO DESAI, Bombay's Minister for Civil Supplies, told the Bombay Legislative Assembly today that the Government of India had appointed a Committee to go round the country and investigate the possibility of introducing monopoly procurement and uniform compulsory rationing in all the Provinces and States of India.

Mr. Desai, who was speaking on a non-official Bill, added that the Committee would start its tour shortly.

The resolution moved by Mr. S. L. Karandikar, recommended to the Government to convey the view that uniform system of rationing and procurement of the type followed in the Bombay Province should be enforced strictly in all the Provinces and States of the Indian Union. The resolution was however, withdrawn after the Civil Supplies Minister had explained fully the stand taken up both by the Provincial Government and the Government of India regarding procurement and rationing.

CENTRE'S DIRECTIVES

Mr. Desai stated that the principle of rationing and monopoly procurement had been accepted as back as 1946 at a Ministerial Conference held by the Government of India. Later in 1948, the Central Government issued practically a directive to all the Provinces asking for maximum internal procurement and uniform rationing. But some of the surplus provinces could not fall in line with that policy.

The Government of India, however, were so keen on both these points that when recently the United Provinces made a demand for 3,20,000 tons of foodgrains, the Central Government refused to allot them that quota as that Province had not fallen in line with the accepted policy. Again the Ministers' Conference in July 1949 passed a resolution asking all the Provinces to make all-out efforts for introducing monopoly procurement and rationing.

Moving his resolution, Mr. Karandikar said that the surplus provinces in India must contribute their quota to meet the needs of the deficit provinces. While, he said, a deficit province like Bombay was enforcing monopoly procurement and rationing for quite a long time, in the surplus provinces the authorities had just started some efforts at monopoly procurement. He felt that if all the Provinces in India fell in line with the policy followed here, it should not be difficult to overcome the shortage of food in the country.

CONTROL OF COMMODITIES

Mr. Peter Alvares (Socialist) supporting the resolution said the food problem was a national one. Every Indian must realise, he added, that unless every Indian had the minimum of food nobody had a right to have more than his share. He thought that procurement and rationing in foodgrains should also be accompanied by control of essential commodities.

Mr. Chandulal Parikh, representing Ahmedabad Millowners' Association, said the need of the day of the day was more porduction at lower cost and not control of all articles.

Replying to the debate, Mr. Dinker Desai said it had to be firmly accepted that India was deficient in foodstuffs. They were in the fifth year of rationing and if there were any hidden surplus stocks they should have come up long ago, for foodgrains could not be stored for long. They had launched a Grow More Food campaign but even if all the schemes under that programme materialised, the country would be able to just meet her needs in 1951.

INDIA TO BE KNOWN AS "BHARAT" ALSO

Congress M.L.A.s' Decision

NEW DELHI, Sept. 15. (PTI).

THE Congress Assembly Party is understood to have decided today that India under the new constitution should also be known by her ancient name "Bharat". It is stated that in the English version of the constitution, the expression used would be "India", that is "Bharat", and in the Hindi version the equivalent of "Bharat", that is "India".

The Party is said to have agreed that the Hindi version of the translation should not be subjected to the long-drawn-out process of clause-by-clause discussions and final approval. The President will presumably be authorised to appoint a committee to prepare the translations in Hindi and other languages' with a request that the Hindi draft should be ready before January 26, the date on which new constitution is expected to be promulgated.

Lobby talks among Congress members indicate that the language of the new Parliament would be Hindi and English.

1 KILLED, 3 INJURED

Guerilla Attack On Malayan Patrol

SINGAPORE, Sept. 15 (PTI-Reuter).—One Gurkha was killed and two European police sergeants and another Gurkha wounded when about 30 guerillas ambushed a security patrol today in the Jelebu area of Negri Sembbilan.

The clash was close to the spot where State police chief, J.D.M. Harrison was wounded in ambush last month.

Tandon Resigns From Congress Assembly Party.

NEW DELHI, Sept. 15 (UPD.—Babu Purshottamdas Tandon resigned from the Congress Assembly Party yesterday as a protest against the party mandate asking members to support Mr. Gopalaswamy Ayyangar's amendment on the language issue.

Tandonji, it is learnt, did not accept the proposition in regard to substitution of international numerals for Devanagari numerals for the purpose of Devanagari script. He, therefore, handed over his resignation to the Chief Whip of the Party before the Assembly resumed sitting in the afternoon and pressed his amendments which were, however, lost.

It is understood Tandonji felt that the Party Whip curtailed the freedom of vote for members of the Congress Party which was contrary to earlier decision.

BEAM GUIDANCE FOR PLANES

Safety Device For Santa Cruz Airport

CALCUTTA, Sept. 15 (UPI)—Dum Dum and Santa Cruz airfields in India are being equipped by Government with airborne radio apparatus to guide pilots both vertically and laterally in times when visual navigational aids do not help in landing operations.

This safety device, developed during the last war and now in extensive use in America and Europe was installed in the two Indian fields seven or eight months ago but they have not been used so far, as they are awaiting tests.

A Pan-American World Airways Clipper made the second test this forenoon at Dum Dum. Technicians of the India Government's Directorate-General of Civil Aviation checked the operation of the system during the flight. An official of Pan-American Airways Company carrying out the tests at Dum Dum said that the tests would be completed and Instrument Landing System installations made ready for use within two or three months.

When the system comes into use, low visibility in foggy conditions will be no hindrance to landing and planes will be able to come down to land safely along the course of radio beams sent out to them from the airfield.

Export Promotion

BOMBAY, Thursday: The Export Promotion Committee under the chairmanship of Mr. A. D. Gorwala, which had been set up by the Government of India to recommend measures necessary to step up exports so as to achieve a balanced trade and to submit its report by September 15, 1949, has concluded its labours and its report is being sent to Government through the Member-Secretary, Mr. L. K. Jha.

The report, it is stated, is a unanimous one.

Ghettoism Triumphant

DURBAN, Sept. 15. (PTI-Reuter): The South African Indian Congress today alleged the South African Department of the Interior had refused a passport to Miss Latitia Tsotsi, an African student from Bloemfontein to proceed to India.

She was one of five non-European students granted a scholarship by the Government of India and was going on an arts degree course at Lucknow University under a scheme to promote cultural relations between India and foreign countries.

Mr. Gopalrao Kale, Central Provinces Minister for Food and Civil Supplies said at Nagpur on Thursday: "We can be self-sufficient in the matter of food only if the people realise that food grains are more valuable than money itself and co-operate fully with the Government."

OUR TABULATED ADLETS

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Wanted a B. Com. having knowledge of local markets for Newspaper work. Apply Box No. 1101 "Bombay Chronicle".

Business men requiring a trustee and Managing Agent with vast experience of managements and money of his own, partner or buyer or life partner with brotherly affections for their comforts and estability to their business and family or managing big estates of their own as a trustee on reasonable remunerations on deposit of enough securities, cash or states of the trustee, may meet and consult on every Saturdays between 3 to 5 p.m. to Mr. Jwala Prasad, Jwala Bank, Sohrab House First Floor, Hornby Road, Above Kemp Company, Phone No. 22853.

(5652)

AGENTS WANTED

Wanted a Chief Agent for high class Teas of South India in Bombay city and suburbs. The chief agent should be in a position to stock and sell. Decent income WILL BE GUARANTEED. Apply to Box No. 1143, "Bombay Chronicle."

EDUCATIONAL ADLETS

Get Medical Diplomas at home:— Ayurvedic, Homoeopathic, Unani. Prospectus Free. Old Indian Medical College, Barnala, (Patiala). 1060

Learn Journalism, Story Writing, Masterly English Accountancy Shorthand D. Com., Commercial Courses by post. Associated Schools, Delhi. 1146A

MEDICAL ADLET

Chitrakot-Hills-Herb Best Remedy for Asthma Relieves the dreadful Asthma radically by single dose to be taken on 6-10-49 (Full moon). Apply in English or Hindi: Sri Sewa Mandal, P.O. Chitrakot, U.P. 1150

A most powerful, highly effective and World renowned remedy for asthma "Asthma Cure Chitrakot Hills Hansraj Herbs" cures asthma redically by one single dose taken on 6-10-49 full moon. Correspondence in English or Hindi. Mahatma Tiyagi Baba, Ansuiya Ashram, Chitrakot (Banda) U.P. 1152

Asthma-Buti A very powerful and world renowned remedy which cures Asthma completely by one dose to be taken on 6-10-49 full moon. Apply in English:— Shree Mahatma Maunibaba Ayurvedic Ashram, Chitrakot, Dist, Banda, U.P. 1151

For Asthma Cure. A most powerful and highly effective world renowned remedy which cures asthma in a single dose. To be taken on 6-10-49 full moon night. Apply in English or Hindi. Swami Darshnanand, Ayurvedashram, Yogkedi, P.O. Chitrakot (Banda) U.P. 1149

Ansuiya Hills Herb— A most powerful and well renowned Asthma extra-ordinary herb for more than 150 years, founded by a Sidha Mahatma, to be taken on full moon night 6-10-49 which completely relieves. Correspondence in English: Mahatma S. K. Dass. P. O. Chitrakot, (Banda). 1137

MISCELLANEOUS FOR SALE.

Dunlopillo— The original Latex Foam Matress for the utmost in hygiene and comfort. Supplies available at The Army and Navy Stores Ltd., Esplanade Road, Bombay; Good Housekeeping Co., Ltd. 38, Queen's Road, Bombay; Whiteaway Laidlaw & Co. Ltd., 278 and 286, Hornby Road, Bombay and The Art Flooring and Construction Co., 16, Sleater Road, Bombay. 5047

LEGAL NOTICES

NOTICE

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that our client Mr. KANTILAL BHOGILAL SHAH has retired as from 29th day of August 1949, from the partnership business of "Bhatia Silk Mills", carried on at E Block Compound of Tulsi Gupta Mill at Reay Road Mazagaon by him in partnership with Nemchand Maganlal and Parmanand Jamnadas Bhatia and as from that date the said business has been taken over by the said Nemchand Maganlal and Parmanand Jamnadas Bhatia who alone will be responsible for all the liabilities of the said firm, if any,

Dated this 15th day of September, 1949.

Messrs. VAKIL DADABHOY & BHARUCHA,
Attorneys for
Mr. Kantilal Bhogilal Shah.

5768

PUBLIC NOTICES

NOTICE

THE DIRECTOR OF EDUCATION, Delhi, invites applications for the post of Principal Government Lady Noyce School for the Deaf & Dumb, New Delhi. The Post is permanent but the incumbent will be temporary for one year in the first instance.

GRADE OF PAY:—350-25-500-30-590 plus usual allowances admissible to Government servants.

AGE:—Maximum 35 years. Can be relaxed in case of exceptionally experienced and highly qualified candidates.

ELIGIBILITY:—Women are eligible.

QUALIFICATIONS:—
(1) Degree from a recognised University and
(2) degree or Dilopama from an Indian or Foreign institution providing training in education of Deaf and Dumb.

Applications stating age, experience in teaching and administration, contribution in Literary and organisational works in this specific field, should reach the Director of Education, Delhi Province, Delhi by the 30th September, 1949. 5739

IN THE MATTER OF THE INDIAN COMPANIES ACT, VII OF 1913,
and of
CRAIG JUTE MILLS, LIMITED.
(In liquidation)

4, Lyons Range,
Calcutta, 16th September, 1949.

First Return of Capital to the Ordinary Shareholders at Rs. 12|- per share.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that a first return of Capital to the Ordinary Shareholders of the Company at Rs. 12|- per share has been declared, and that the same will be payable at the Liquidators' Office as above on Monday, the 10th day of October, 1949, or on any subsequent day between the hours of 11-00 A.M. and 4-00 P.M.

Every person entitled to participate in this return will receive a notice to that effect and no payment will be made except upon production of such notice.

CRAIG JUTE MILLS, LTD.,
(In Liquidation)
A. M. S. FERGIE.
For Self and Co-Liquidators.
5767

G.I.P. RAILWAY
TENDER NOTICE

THE DIVISIONAL ENGINEER, G.I.P. Railway, Lonavla invites tenders upto 15 hrs. on 5.10.49 for supplying and stacking stone ballast at Kamshet Depot. The tender conditions and schedule of quantities can be had from his office on payment of Rs. 2/-. This sum will not be refunded. 5764

G.I.P. RAILWAY TENDERS

THE CONTROLLER of Stores invites Tenders for reconditioning of scrap white metal No. 6 (Mushroom shape ingots) Forms obtainable from Stores Head Office, Gipstore Lane, Lower Parel, Bombay No. 13 at Rs. 2/- per copy, not refundable. Money order or cash only. Closing date 10th October 1949 at 3 p.m. (S.T.). (5763)

DRAFT CHIT TENDER NOTICE

1. Sealed tenders will be received in the prescribed form by the undersigned at his office at Tiruchirapalli upto 5 p.m. on 25-10-49 for the work of constructing a bridge across Coleroon near Anaikaranchatram on Chidambaram-Shiyali road.

2. Earnest money to be deposited along with the tender is Rs. 62,000/-.

NOTE:
1. The site of the bridge is situated within a mile upstream of the railway bridge near Coleroon railway station (S.I.R.)
2. Copies of detailed tender notice, schedule of quantities with the blue print plans may be obtained by intending tenderers from the Superintending Engineer on payment of Rs. 25 plus Re. 0-6-3 Sales tax for each set.

S. C. NAYAK,
Superintending Engineer
(highways)
III Circle, Tiruchirapalli
5762

TRAINING SHIP "DUFFERIN"

SEALED TENDERS are invited for supplies from approximately 1st October 1949 to 31st March 1950 of the following:

(A) Dry Provisions.
(B) Fresh Provisions.
(C) Fresh Milk.
(D) Bread.

The details of the Contracts and approximate requirements will be given in the Tender Forms, requests for which must reach the Ship before the 23rd September 1949. Each item has a separate tender form and Re. 1|- must be remitted by Money Order for each form.

Requests for tender forms must be addressed BY POST ONLY to the Captain Superintendent, Training Ship "Dufferin" Mazgaon Pier, Bombay 10. No one will be permitted to come on board for this purpose. No intimation will be sent to unsuccessful tenderers.

CAPTAIN SUPERINTENDENT.
5765

PUBLIC NOTICES

NOTICE

OUR CLIENTS, whose matters have been completed on or before the 31st August, 1937, are hereby requested to take away their papers within 4 days from the date hereof, otherwise the same will be destroyed.

Dated this 15th day of September, 1949.

KAMDAR & CO.
Solicitors, Bombay.
5766

AUCTION SALES

AUCTION SALE OF UNCLEARED CARGOES OF THE B. P. T. DOCKS.

In accordance with Section 64 of the Bombay Port Trust Act of 1879 and as from time to time amended under instructions from the Manager, Bombay Port Trust Docks, MENESSE & CO., will sell by Public Auction on TUESDAY, the 20th September ,1949, at 2 p.m. at C. Warehouse, Alexandra Dock, the undermentioned uncleared cargoes, chemicals, woollen piecegoods, colour, machinery, bulbs; woollen, cycle accessories, drill chucks, laboratory appliances, art silk piecegoods, cotton piecegoods, Hosiery, Ryan yarn; Thermos; Chain Welding equipment: Radio accessories; Sago flour; Tobacco: Parker Writing Ink:. Shoetacks: Hardware; Steel files etc.

AUCTION SALE OF 3 C|S Cotton Fabric 40" Plains re-dyed Jet Black ordinary finish Total Yds. 1493 arrived per S.S. "CITY OF DUNKIRK" (useful for caps) on Saturday the 17th Inst. at 3 P.M. (S.T.) at Champa Gully, near Bambakhana M. J. Market, under instructions from The Bank concerned and on a|c and at risk of M|S Shah P. Nandlal & Co. defaulting purchasers.

Terms:— Full cash and immediate delivery.

AUCTION SALE OF UNCLAIMED GOODS including Articles said to be of gold and Silver, clothes, Vessels, shoes, Trunks, leather goods, Motor and Cycle parts, machinery, Elec. goods, clothes, Biddis, cigarettes, etc. on 5|6-10-49 at Wadi Bunder Shed No. 29 at 11 a.m. and at Platform No. 14, V.T. on 10|11|12 10-49 at 11 A.M. (S.T.) each day under instructions from G.I.P. Rly. and in accordance with sections 55 and 56 of Indian Rly. Act 9, of 1890.

Terms:— Full cash with Sales Tax and immediate delivery.

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Reserve Fund :
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CHECK THE COMING WORLD WAR

Task Before All Pacifists

KANPUR, Sept. 15. (P.T.I.): Mr. Horace G. Alexander of the World Pacifist Organisation said here today that the pacifists 'must intervene to check the third world war if humanity is to be saved"

Mr. Alexander, one of the sponsors of the World Peace Conference proposed to be held in Santiniketan in the first week of December, who is on a two-day visit to Kanpur was addressing a meeting held last night under the auspices of the Kanpur branch of the India Council of World Affairs.

At the moment, the speaker said, the world is not in the midst of war and therefore, the issue before the pacifists is not the same as it was in war time, "To fight or not to fight". But it faces the world as a moral issue. Much of Mahatma Gandhi's teachings were on this subject. Something more drastic has to be attempted now for promoting the cause of pacifism.

The speaker continued: "This brings us again to Mahatma Gandhi's teachings. You feel surrounded by enemies. The nations suspect each other and there is a mad race for armament. Somehow this vicious circle of competition for armaments between nations has to be broken.

"The only sure for civilisation is to get through this hard crust of suspicion between enemies and to invoke instead, sooner or later, a corresponding goodwill on both sides." Gandhiji rose to that height for promoting friendship between nations and his life has become a shining torch for us ordinary beings" he added.

MAZDOOR SABHA EXECUTIVE

Meeting To Decide On Affilication

BOMBAY, Thursday. (P.T.I.-): The Working Committee of the Hind Mazdoor Sabha will consider the question of affiliation or otherwise of the Sabha to the new Trade Unions International, when it meets in Bombay on September 18.

The Preparatory Committee of this new international organisation, sponsored by the British Trade Union Congress, the American Federation of Labour and the Congress of Industrial Organisations, met in Geneva in June. The three labour organisations have seceded from the "Communist-dominated" World Federation of Trade Unions.

The Working Committee of the Sabha at its meeting in Bombay will also consider the relations of the Sabha with other All-India organisations of labour; the situation arising out of mass unemployment as a result of the closure of certain factories and the proposal for the formation of an Asian Federation of Labour.

PREFERS DEATH TO PROSECUTION

City Businessman's Tragic End

BOMBAY, Thursday.—A city businessman who was stated to be wanted by the Bombay Police in a cheating case, preferred death to facing the ordeal of a trial.

Govindraj Puram R. Krishnan, who ended his life by taking a heavy dose of lysol, yesterday night, wrote to the Police Commissioner stating that he could not meet his commitments to his partner. Instead of going to jail he preferred death.

Krishnan was wanted by the Police on a charge of cheating his partner of Rs. 4,200. He was found dead in his room at the Bombay Mutual Annexe Building, Gunbow Street, yesterday night.

EVACUEE PROPERTY ALLOTMENT

Bombay Decisions

BOMBAY, Thursday (UPI)—The procedure for allotment of evacuee properties seized by the Custodian of Bombay, has, now been decided by the Bombay Government in consultation with the representatives of the displaced persons, the United Press of India reliably learnt here today.

The allotment is to be speeded up in view of the Government's decision to stop before the end of this month, free doles in the refugee camps.

Preference in alloting the evacuee property, it is understood, would be given the first informant, whose information led to the seizure, of the said property. The financial position of the informant, documentary proof to show that he has left considerable property in Pakistan, at least equal if not, more would also be taken into consideration before alloting any property to any person.

It is stated that property worth about Rs. 10 crores has been declared as evacuee property in the city of Bombay alone.

Lectures On Economic Statistics

BOMBAY, Thursday.

The Joint Secretary of the Indian Statistical Institute says that a course of elementary lectures on Economic Statistics, designed to benefit persons who are engaged in the analysis and interpretation of statistical data, but who have not received any training in statistical methods and their application, is being organised. It is open to all persons on payment of a fee of Rs. 10. It is intended to arrange one lecture a week during term time. Further particulars regarding time and place of lectures may be obtained from the Joint Secretary, Bombay Branch of the Indian Statistical Institute, C/o. Reserve Bank of India, Bombay.

SAURASHTRA GESTURE TO STUDENTS

Medical examination of students of primary schools has been undertaken by the Saurashtra Government. Picture shows the examination being carried on by a doctor. This examination has been undertaken by the Government with the co-operation of the Saurashtra Sanshodhan Mandal and the Rajkot Branch of Indian Medical Association.

MUSLIM PRIEST PRAISES OUR ARMY IN KASHMIR

Excellent Arrangement For Pilgrimage

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT)
SRINAGAR (By Airmail).

ONE of the highest priests of the Muslim world, arrived in Srinagar, capital of Kashmir, last week for the first time, after the disturbances and Qabaili raids on Kashmir in 1947.

He is Janab Ahmad Tukhta, "Mufti-Azam" of Khutan which is one of the big provinces of Chinese Turkestan, commonly known as Sinkiang. Alan Ahmad Tukhta is also the Deputy Governor of Khutan. He came here with a big party of pilgrims to Haj from Sinkiang. He has now left for Bombay from where he will sail for Jedda and thence to Mecca.

PRAISE FOR INDIAN ARMY

In an interview here, Mufti Azam Ahmad Tukhta was all praise for the Indian Army stationed in Kargil and Ladakh. The Indian Army extended every facility to these pilgrims of Chinese Turkestan. He said he had never before in his life witnessed such arrangements as have been made this year. Pilgrims this year have had a pleasurable journey through Ladakh. He thanked Pandit Nehru and Sheikh Abdullah.

Mufti Azam had been provided with a jeep by the Indian Army in Ladakh and perhaps this is for the first time in his life that the Mufti has had occasion to ride on a jeep.

Recalling the reasons for a break in the flow of Yarkandi traders and pilgrims into India via Kashmir, Mufti Sahib said that "after the raids by Frontier tribesmen on Kashmir in 1947, rumours were circulated that travel through Ladakh was insecure. But one of the Agents of the Chinese Embassy in New Delhi contradicted the reports and last year, a party of pilgrims safely entered India through Kulu. Now, we have seen for ourselves that courteous treatment is given to the traders and pilgrims from Turkestan by the Indian Army in Ladakh."

NO REDS IN SINKIANG

Haji Mohd. Kasim, Secretary of the Chinese Turkestan Association in Srinagar in an exclusive interview to this correspondent, gave an inside picture of the present happenings in Sinkiang, about which many contradictory press reports have appeared.

He contradicted the reports that Communists are active in Sinkiang Communists, he said had been finished' by Chiang's forces, after the allied victory over Japan. There are no Communists now in Sinkiang. Although Chiang-Kai-Shek has given full freedom in civilian affairs to the people of Chinese Turkestan, Chiang's Government have stationed an army of Tunganis in Turkestan. Tunganis, it must be borne in mind, are the most fierce enemies of Communists.

Haji Qasim revealed that the Soviet Agent in Chinese Turkestan is practically under detention at present. The people in general he added, are not inclined to Communism. Concluding, he said Chinese Turkestan people enjoy full internal freedom under Chiang's Government, and besides their own Governor-General at the capital Urmchi, they have their own Governors at Yarkand, Khutan, etc. A Radio Station has ben opened at Urmchi recently and some newspapers are also being published

NO KASHMIR SOLUTION FROM AFAR

People Enraged At Appeal From Truman And Attlee

(From Our Correspondent)
SRINAGAR, (By Airmail).

The U. N. Commission's proposals for arbitration in the Kashmir dispute have not found favour with the people of Kashmir. Besides, the letters from President Truman and Premier Attlee have worsened the situation.

Attempts are being made, the people allege to decide the future of Kashmir and its people at places which are thousands of miles away from Kashmir. Kashmiris are not prepared to accept any decision which has been made over their heads.

Kashmiris, it would also appear, are not prepared to accept Admiral Nimitz as Arbitrator.

NEHRU'S HOUSE TO BE EXHIBITED

(From Our Correspondent)

ALLAHABAD, Sept. 15: House No. 77, Mirganj, Allahabad, in which Prime Minister Pandit Nehru was born will be exhibited at the Cottage Industries Exhibition at Lucknow. An impressive wooden model, has been prepared by the Government Carpentary School by order of the Allahadbad Improvement Trust.

The model is one-eighth of the actual size of the house and measures six feet six inches in length and three feet ten inches in breadth. The model is of three storeys, fourteen rooms, court yard, verandahs, kitchens, bath etc. in the same colour as the original house.

The model is furnished with all the furniture and other goods and chattel as it originally had, including the carriage in which Motilal Nehru, father of the Prime Minister used to go out evening drives.

The exhibition at Lucknow opens on September 17.

Public Health Works Division For Baroda

BOMBAY, Thursday: Consequent on the merger of Baroda State with Bombay Province, a new temporary Public Health Works Division has been created, with headquarters at Baroda, for a period up to February 29, 1952, in the first instance.

To be called the Public Health Works Division, North Gujarat, the new Division has five Sub-Divisions under it. They are the Baroda City Sanitary Sub-Division, the District Sanitary Sub-Division and the Gujarat Mechanical Sub-Division, with headquarters at Baroda, the Kalol Sanitary Sub-Division, with headquarters at Kalol, and the Amreli Sanitary Sub-Division, with headquarters at Amreli.

GUR PRICES SOAR IN NAGPUR

In Great Demand

(From Our Correspondent)
NAGPUR, (By Mail)

With the rise in sugar prices, gur has also shown an upward trend. The rate has shot up from annas seven to annas twelve. The wholesale price is Rs. 25 per maund including empty bags as against Rs. 14 per maund about two weeks ago.

There is sufficient stock in the market and supplies continue to come, but in view of rise in price of sugar the demand for gur has increased. Sugar has been fluctuating during the last two weeks. The report of freeing of stocks of sugar caused the prices to decline from Rs. 112 - to Rs. 106 - per bag, and has now again gone up to Rs. 110 - per bag. In retail, sugar is available at Rs. 1,4 - per seer.

The Provincial Government has promulgated C.P. and Berar Cement Control Order which has come into force from September 1, and is applicable to the whole of the Province. No person shall be able to deal in cement except under a licence, the fee for which is Rs. 10. The licencee is required to keep foreign and Indian cement in separate premises and shall not sell cement at a higher price than the price fixed by the Provincial Government.

The Provincial Government is contemplating making rules prescribing the manner of punishment for participation by municipal servants in political activities. According to draft rules no order other than order of censure or suspension shall be passed against an officer or servant of a municipal Committee unless he was afforded opportunities of defending himself and he will have a right of appeal or revision against the order of dismissal or removal.

Shri S. C. Roy, District and Session's Judge, Nagpur, heard argument on behalf of the villagers who are being prosecuted in the court of Shri B. K Kher, Special Magistrate. After hearing the arguments the District and Sessions Judge has fixed September 14, the date for recording the prosecution case to justify the apprehension of the prosecution that the evidence would be tampered with if the villagers are released on bail.

TECHNICAL MEETING ON CO-OPERATIVES

NEW DELHI, Sept. 15 (PTI)—The Food and Agriculture Organization of the United Nations has called a technical meeting on co-operatives in Asia and the Far East to be held in Lucknow, from October 23 to November 3, according to the F.A.O. office here.

Countries expected to participate in this meeting are Burma, Ceylon, China, India, Pakistan, the Philippines, Thailand, France, the Netherlands, Portugal, the United Kingdom and the United States.

Korea, Nepal, the occupation authorities in Japan, the Holy See, and other international organisations interested are also expected to send representatives.

NEW STAMPS: A MISTAKE

(From Our Correspondent)
ALLAHABAD, Sept. 15: The Honorary Director of the Allahabad Museum says that a very serious mistake has crept into the printing of one-anna stamps of the new archaeological series issued by the Government of India.

These stamps appear to be printed from "glass sides" negative plate with the result that the details on the right and left side of the picture have exchanged places on the stamps. This mistake, he says, should be corrected.

J. P. WANTS G. G. TO BE PAID LESS

Explains His Ideals

(From Our Correspondent)

KALYAN, Sept. 15: "The British Labour Government nationalised all the important industries within short period of four years thus breaking the backbone of British Capitalist system, but the Congress which had pledged at the Karachi Session of the Indian National Congress in 1931 that Indian Industries will be nationalised immediately after the achievement of Freedom, has so far done nothing," declared Mr. Jayaprakash Narayan, Socialist Leader of India, while addressing a mammoth public meeting of over four thousand people organised by the Thana Dist. Socialist Party yesterday night in the Netaji Subbash Park.

Earlier Mr. D. B. Tamhane, Secretary welcomed the Socialist leader on behalf of the citizens and Socialist Party and presented the guest with a purse of Rs. 501.

Speaking after the presentation Mr. Jayprakash thanked the organisers and the citizens of Kalyan for the honour and said that the amount presented to him would be utilised for the cause of kisans and masdoors.

He said the Socialist Party was going to implement socialistic principles in the Indian body politics. He laid emphasis on the need for equality of distribution of the national wealth and denounced the present system in which the National wealth of our country is in the hands of 5% of the total population.

Touching the question of the Grow More Food Campaign, the Socialist leader said that the Socialist Party of India had long ago suggested to form Land Armies for facilitating Grow More Food in the country-side but the memorandum presented by the Socialists was scrapped by the Government.

Mr. Jayaprakash expressed doubts about cultural and religious activities of R.S.S. and Hindu Mahasabha.

Finally Mr. Jayaprakash said that the Socialists were not struggling for power. They want to serve the millions of poor people and that was why he said, refused Ministership which was offered to him by Sardar Patel and Panditji. He also criticised the present salary of the Governor-General of India.

"If I were to accept the Ministership are the present Governments going to carry on my proposals" he asked. For instance, if he were to be a Minister he said, the first thing he would suggest was to reduce the Governor-General's pay to Rs 1000 and increase ordinary workers' pay to Rs. 100.

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A SCREEN MASTERPIÉCE
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LES MISERABLES
Fredric March, Charles Laughton,
At Reduced Rate.

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who had to face a naughty maid! and how did he?....!
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GEETA BALI & SHASHIKALA
in Lokmanya's Musical Hit
GIRLS' SCHOOL
with SOHAN, SAJJAN, RAMSING
Direction: AMIYA CHAKRABARTY
Lyrics:— From Thurs. 22nd at
PRADEEP
NEW WEST-END
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(IN HINDI)
Starring SHANTA APTE (Courtesy S. A. Concerns)
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10th Week of Triumph CENTRAL
Daily 3-30, 6-30, 9-30 Sat., Sun. 12-30
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CITY & SUBURBS

TODAY

Hindu: Bhadrapad Vad 9, 2005.
Muslim: Zilkad 22, 1368.
Parsi: Farvardin 14, 1319.
Sunrise 6-26 a.m., Sunset 6-41 p.m.
Hightide 05-52, 16-32.
Lowtide 11-36, 23-48.

Today's Engagements

MUNICIPAL COMMISSIONER'S ROUND: The Commissioner willl meet Councillors of Ward 12 at Prarthana Samaj at 8-30 a.m.

UNITED LODGE OF THEOSOPHISTS: Study class at 6-15 at Jehangir Wadia Building, near Flora Fountain.

THYAGRAJA SABHA: Annual Examination of Music Class at 9 p.m. at Sabha Premises at Matunga.

INSTITUTE OF UNION LANGUAGES: "Prema Jeevan" will be staged at C.J. Hall to aid the Institute.

JUNIOR JUDGES' JURISDICTION

BOMBAY, Thursday

The Government of Bombay proposes to amend the Bombay Civil Courts Act, 1869 so as to raise the jurisdiction of the courts of Civil Judges of Junior Division to Rs. 10,000. At present their jurisdiction is limited to original suits and proceedings the subject matter of which does not exceed in amount or value Rs. 5,000.

With the rise in prices of articles and the increase in the value of immoveable property, there has been a considerable influx of special jurisdiction suits in the courts of Civil Judges of Senior Division. In order to attend to their work in such suits, the parties and witnesses have to travel long distances from their places to the Districts headquarters.

With a view to saving the litigants from this hardships, expense and inconvenience it is proposed to raise the jurisdiction of th ecourts of Civil Judges of Junior Division to Rs. 10,000 and also to make other consequential amendments to the Bombay Civil Courts Act, 1869.

The amending Bill has been published in the Bombay Government Gazette of September 13, 1949.

CORRECT RECORD OF RIGHTS

Advice To Landholders

BOMBAY, Thursday: It has come to the notice Government of Bombay that the Record of Rights maintained by village accountants are, in a number of cases, not up-to-date. This is mainly because the persons concerned fail to give intimation to the Talati, when a survey number is partitioned or sub-divided, or when it is mortgaged or mortgages are redeemed when the debts are paid off, or when transaction such as sales, heirships, etc. are affected.

The maintenance of a correct Record of Rights has now become very necessary in view of the introduction of the Bombay Prevention of Fragmentation and Consolidation of Holdings Act, 1947. Under the Act, all pieces of land belonging to one cultivator are to be consolidated, as far as possible, in one block; and holders of lands, who hold less than the standard area, are to be eliminated.

As this scheme is to be implemented in all the villages shortly, holders of lands are requested to see that all the pieces of land held by them stand in their names in the Record of Rights. If any of their rights are not shown, they should apply at once to the Talati for correcting the Records. If they fail to have the Record of Rights corrected, they may have to suffer considerable inconvenience later on.

AMERICAN SCULPTOR IN BOMBAY

BOMBAY, Thursday. (P.T.T.): Mr. Isamu Naguchi, a well-known sculptor of the United States of America, arrived in Bombay last niht on a short tour of India, Mr. Naguchi intends making a comprehensive study of Indian sculpture.

4TH WEEK OF GRAND SUCCESS
BHEDI BUNGALOW
BHAGWAN
New ROSHAN
Playhouse—Corner Grant Road
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Sun. Mat. 10-30 a.m.

Greetings To The Grand Old Man Of Industry

SIR M. VISVESVARAYYA'S SERVICES EULOGISED

BOMBAY, Thursday.

THE services rendered by Sir M. Visvesvarayya to the industrial development of India were eulogised by several speakers at a reception held this evening at the Taj Mahal Hotel to felicitate him on his 89th birthday.

The reception, organised by the Working Committee of the All-India Manufacturers' Organisation, of which he is the Founder-President, was presided over by Mr. G. L. Mehta, President of the Tariff Board.

Conveying the greetings and good wishes of the people to "the Grand Old Man of Indian industry", Mr. Mehta referred to the amazing vitality and keen interest with which he worked even in his old age for the planned development of Indian industries. To Sir M. Visvesvarayya, Mr. Mehta observed, industrialisation did not mean earning of profit bv a few, but the constructive and all-round development of the resources of the country on a constructive and planned basis.

Replying to the felicitations, Sir M. Visvesvarayya remarked that the chief cause of India's economic weakness has been its neglect of industries. He said that the country has been subjecting itself to losses in many directions by this great defect in her equipment.

PLANNED PROGRESS

"Government are not moving as rapidly as the occasion demands, apparently through the difficulties they are experiencing in obtaining finance, machinery and expert skill. The business public also are not acting with any confidence to promote industries on account of disturbed state of the country's economic system", he added.

He then referred to the scheme submitted to the Government of India by the All-India Manufacturers Organisation for the planned development of small-scale, minor, large-scale and heavy industries, and urged Government to implement it without delay.

He said that lack of capital was the main obstacle at present in the way of developing heavy industries. "As the country is now an independent nation, this excuse cannot hold good for the future", he asserted.

He pointed out that main cause of the slackness in business activity and the lower earning power of an Indian as compared to advanced Western countries was ignorance, indolence and lack of forethought.

Research In Polio

UNIT TO FUNCTION IN BOMBAY

BOMBAY, Thursday (PTI): A polio research unit, the first of its kind in India, may begin to function in Bombay shortly.

The Government of India's Indian Research Fund Association, in co-operation with the Government of Bombay, have been working out details of the plan for establishing the unit in the city.

Dr. C. G. Pandit, Secretary of the Association, who is now in Bombay, told the Press Trust of India today that the unit was just a beginning in the field of research into this particular disease.

Dr. Pandit said that research was at present being carried on with the help of Indian monkeys in the United Kingdom and the United States. Attempts were being made to evolve new methods of treatment and to discover vaccine for the prevention of disease.

Ten thousand Indian monkeys have so far been flown to the United Kingdom and the United States during the last six months for the purpose, it was learnt in Bombay today.

Monkeys, it is stated, are the most susceptible to this malady as also to yellow fever.

About 650 monkeys, the final instalment of the contract, will be flown to the U.K. and the U.S.A. in the next three months.

HEALTH REPORT OF BOMBAY

BOMBAY, Thursday.

A health report for the week ended September 10, issued by the Bombay Municipality says:

The mortality 772 was 9 less than in the preceding week and the death rate recorded was 26.9 on the census population of 1941 as against 755 deaths and the death rate 26.4 for the 37th week of the 1948. The present population is ascertained to be 27,40,933 and the death rate calculated on this population is 14.6. The average mortality for the corresponding week of the preceding quinquennium was 819 and the death rate 28.5. Out of the total deaths, 222 were among infants under one year of age.

Cholera was not prevalent during the week. Plague caused 2 attacks both imported from Awdar (Dist. Poona)). Smallpox caused 2 attacks (including one imported from Chembur). There were 112 attacks (including 11 cases imported one each from Mangalore, Malad, Deogad, Savli, Gujerat, Chembur, Santacruz, Bandra, Jogeshwari and 2 from Khatkopar) and 31 deaths from Typhoid fever.

Live births registered during the week were 1,019 and the birth rate was 35.6 as against 1,080 and 37.7 the births and birth rate respectively for the 37th week of 1948. The birth rate calculated on the present population (which is ascertained to be 27,40,933) comes to 19.3. The average number of births registered during the corresponding week of the quinquennium 1944-48 was 924.

CONDITION OF HOTEL WORKERS

Demand For Inquiry

BOMBAY, Thursday: Presiding over a general meeting of the Bombay Hotel Kamgar Union held at Azad Maidan yesterday night, Mr. M. Jaffer, President of the Union urged upon the Bombay Government to set up an expert committee to investigate the working conditions of hotel workers in the Province and fix a minimum living wage.

The inquiry, he said was urgent and necessary in view of the appalling conditions of hotel workers whose wages and working conditions were most unregulated. He stressed the need for compulsory provision for provident fund and gratuity for all workers.

By a resolution, the meeting drew the attention of the Government to "the systematic and mass violation" of the Shops and Establishments Act due to the inadequacy of the inspecting staff and the delay caused by the registration of and issuing of certificates to the establishments. The resolution further urged the Government to apply the Act to the sports clubs.

The meeting also demanded unemployment compensation of one month's wages per year of service to the employees discharged due to the enforcement of Prohibition.

The meeting requested the Government to take speedy action in cases of breach of the provisions of the Industrial Disputes Act and violation of the agreements registered under the Act.

Amendment To Industrial Relations Act

BOMBAY, Thursday: The banks placed within the Central sphere by the Industrial Disputes (Banking and Insurance Companies) Ordinance of the Government of India are sought to be excluded from the purview of the Bombay Industrial Relations Act by an amending Bill published in the Bombay Government Gazette, of September 13, 1949.

The Bill also contains provisions ensuring that a representative union will be the sole collective bargaining agency in all proceedings where it is entitled to appear.

THE WEATHER

POONA, Sept. 15, (P. T. I.): The following is the daily weather summary for Thursday:—

The low pressure area over the East Central Provinces lies this morning over the West Central Provinces. It is likely to move further west-north-west and become unimportant. Under its insluence the monsoon has been active in North-East India, the East United Provinces, Vindhya Pradesh and the Central Provinces. There has also been widespread rain in Malabar and local in the West United Provinces, Madhya Bharat and the Konkan.

FORECAST VALID UNTIL FRIDAY EVENING: Rainfall will decrease in North-East India, the East United Provinces and the East Central Provinces and increase in the West United Provinces and East Rajputana. Widespread rain will occur in the West Central Provinces, Madhya Bharat, the West United Provinces East Rajputana and Malabar.

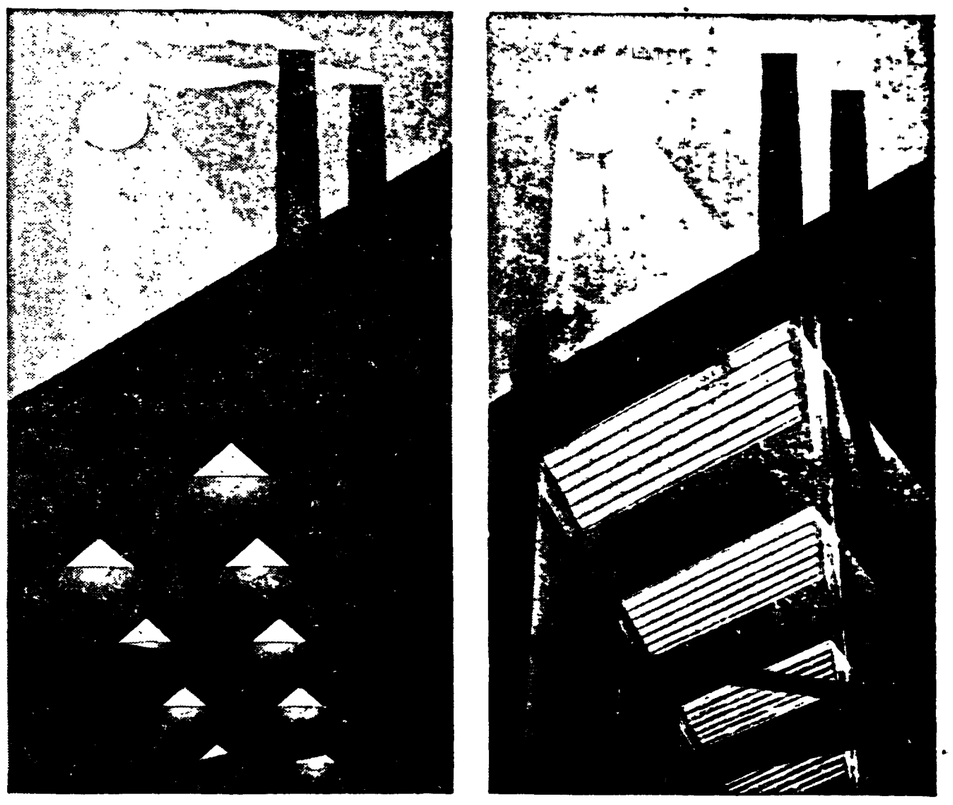
There will be local rain in North-East India outside Orissa, in the East United Provinces, the hills of the East Punjab, in the Konkan and the North Bombay Deccan. Scattered showers are likely elsewhere over the country outside the plains of the East Punjab, the South Deccan, South East Madras and the North Madras coast.

HEAVY RAINFALL WARNING: Locally heavy rains likely in the West Central Provinces, Madhya Bharat and South-East Rajputana during the next 48 hours.

The following is the weather chart showing the maximum and minimum temperatures and rainfall in inches during past 24 hours with total rainfall from June 1, 1949 and departure from normal recorded at 8-30 a.m. (I. S. T.), on 15th September, 1949:—

Ahmedabad 90 78 0 24.3 minus 2.4, Akola 83 73 0.4 27.7 plus 4.3, Allahabad 89 70 31.9 minus 0.1 0.3, Aurangabad 85 70 T 22.5 plus 1.6, Baroda 91 76 0 23.1 minus 9.4, Belgaum 76 67 25.1 minus 12.1, Bhopal 84 73 1.5 27.8 minus 15.0, Bhuj 89 75 0 21.0 plus 9.25, BOMBAY 89 77 0.1 69.7 plus 6.5, Cherrapunji 76 63 2.3 34.4 plus 44.1, Delhi 97 77 0 23.7 plus 3.6, Gwalior 91 77 0 21.0, Gulbarga 90 71 0 17.9 minus 1.7, Hanamkonda 86 75 0 30.4 plus 14.0, Honavar 87 76 0.3 99.7 , Hyderabad 85 71 0.1 18.3 minus 1.1, Indore 84 69 2.4 27.9 minus 1.1, Jaipur 96 76 0 16.2 minus 4.1, Jamshedpur 87 76 0.6 45.1, Kodaikanal 63 52 0 22.3 plus 2.9, Kolhapur 80 70 1 189 —, Kurnool 88 — 0 18.7 plus 3.1, Madras 93 81 0 17.2 plus 4.9, Mahabaleshwar 65 62 2.0 169.6 minus 70.9, Mangalore 85 77 9.2 123.5 plus 17.8, Marmagao 83 — 1.7 88.1 plus 3.4, Mussoori 68 TU 0.4 48.0 minus 22.6, Mysore 80 67 0 10.0 minus 0.9, Ootacamund 62 53 0 169 minus 6.6, Pachmarhi 70 68 3.1 58.8 minus 8.8, Poona 85 71 10.4 minus 6.6, Shillong 76 64 0.3 45.9 minus 3.4, Sholapur 91 7..69 0.1 19.0 plus 1.6, Simla 74 57 0 36.9 minus 6.5.

Cut LIGHTING COSTS



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MUNAWAR SULTANA, SHYAM, Sulochana Chatterjea, Jagdish Sethi, OM PRAKASH

Produced & Directed by JAGDISH SETHI
Music MAHRAJ BEHL
Songs HAZRAT ARZOO LUCKNAVI, A. SHAH Shikarpuri

FROM TODAY at 6 THEATRES

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KISMET PARBHADEVI
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Foreign Films In City

"Streets Of Laredo" Depicts Exciting Era In U.S. History

One of the most exciting eras in American history—the days when the colourful state of Texas stood at the crossroads between law and disaster—has been recreated by Paramount in its Technicolour outdoor thriller, "Streets of Laredo", which opens at the Regal Theatre today.

The drama co-stars William Holden, William Bendix, Macdonald Carey and Mona Freeman, the latter in her first grown-up role.

Holden, Bendix and Carey are seen as reckless outlaws whose loyalty to each other supersedes all else. Carey is the brains of the three and the most audacious, planning the stage-coach holdups and cattle robberies which are executed jointly. The story concerns the adventures which lead them to the parting of their ways—Holden and Bendix becoming Texas Rangers, and Carey continuing to terrorize the countryside with ever bolder lawlessness.

The events that finally pit Holden and Carey against each other are jammed with thrills. The showdown scene in which they face each other for the last time with the surprise finish provided by the beautiful girl they both want, is one of the most tense.

The action of the story is set against such natural pictorial beauty as to make "Streets of Laredo" a visual as well as entertainment delight. Most of the picture was filmed in New Mexico and the Technicolor camera does full justice to the beauty of that countryside.

Added to all this is a new song, "Streets of Laredo", by Livingston and Evans, the men who composed the sensational hit tune, "Buttons and Bows."

Leslie Fenton directed the thriller.

William Bendix, William Holden and MacDonald Carey in "Streets of Laredo."

FORBIDDEN STREET

A Woman's Search For Happiness

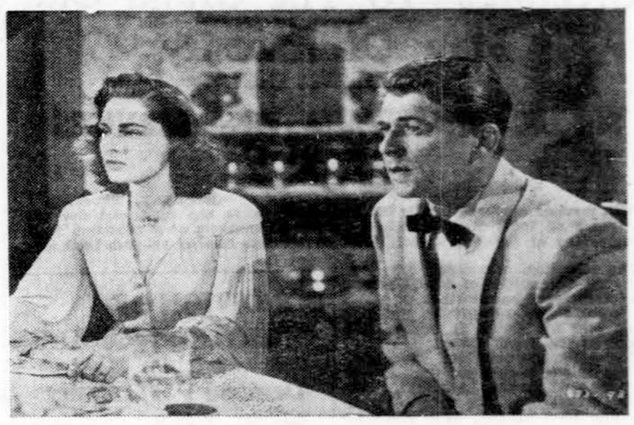
"The Forbidden Street" 20th Century-Fox drama of a woman's relentless search for happiness starring Dana Andrews and beautiful Maureen O'Hara is scheduled for release at the New Empire Theatre on Friday September 23.

Against the noisy, dark background of London 'Mews', seething with blackmailers and never-do-well men and women in stinking rags, "The Forbidden Street" unveils a searing story of romance, and pathos, excitement and drama. It is the story of Adelaide Culver, a beautiful young English girl, who forsakes her home for the love of her art-teacher only to gain, instead of a life of comfort and happiness, a life of misery and poverty in the "mews"—the forbidden street. Her husband's only joy in life turns out to be carving puppet figures which enterprise hardly redeems their poverty and sorrow. He soon becomes a dipsomaniac and one day, during a heated argument on the top of stairs, he trips to death. Adelaide soon falls into the clutches of a notorious woman blackmailer who thwarts her desire to return to her family. A bit of sun shine comes into Adelaide's life in the shape of Gilbert—a never-go-well lawyer, resembling her former husband and how they struggle together to come clean out of the life of misery and degradation makes up the taut subject of this dramatic hit.

Dana Andrews for the first time plays a dual role that of the artist and the lawyer. Maureen O'Hara plays Adelaide while Dame Sybil Throndike, England's famous character actress shines in the role of the notorious woman-blackmailer.

BELVEDERE CONTINUES

Mr. Belvedere has fulfilled the fondest expectations of his friends. He continues to entertain, and Clifton Webb's picture goes into the fourth week at the Strand.



Ronald Reagan and Viveca Lindfors in "Night Unto Night."

THE MAD MARX BROTHERS ARE AT THEIR FUNNIEST

"A Night At The Opera" At Metro

"A NIGHT at the Opera" which has gone down in Hollywood history as one of the funniest motion pictures ever made, will be shown this week at the Metro Theatre, with the Marx Brothers (Groucho, Chico and Harpo) in the film's zany starring roles.

This M.G.M. masterpiece reprint is not only tops for the screamingly funny comedy which made the Marx Brothers the Kings of Laughter, but is built around an intriguing plot, an interesting farcical situation and some brilliant singing by attractive Kitty Carlisle and Allan Jones.

OPERA BUSINESS

The action romps along at madcap pace at Groucho, Chico and Harpo go into the grand opera business in Italy, dash across the Atlantic and stage an opera in New York that has the city on its ear. It is opera such as has never been seen before as the Marxes become matchmakers to further the romance of two unknown opera singers.

Original comedy, sparkling dialogue, delightful music and, of course, the mad Marx brothers vie in the funniest most uproarious and rib-tickling comedy ever to come from the M.G.M. Studios. If you have seen it once, you will want to see it again: if you never have seen "A Night at the Opera" before you have a great treat in store.

Supporting the Marxes, in addition to Jones and Miss Carlisle, who are excellent as the singing lovers, are Walter King, who also has a fine singing role, Siegfried Rumann, Margaret Dumont, Edward Keane and Robert Emmet O'Connor.

SUNDAY MORNING at 10 a.m.: "A Night At The Opera."

"NIGHT UNTO NIGHT" IS WARNERS' LATEST

Realistic Drama Set In A Florida Background

Conflicting emotions figure in Warner Bros.' latest romantic drama, "Night Unto Night" which co-stars Ronald Reagan and Viveca Lindfors, currently on view at the New Empire Theatre.

The setting for this drama is in Florida and one of the more spectacular highlights of the film is a hurricane sequence. The wild terror of a storm is clearly depicted in the film, and moulded into the dramatic motivation with sharp reality by Director Don Siegel.

Both Miss Lindfors and Reagan play roles which are replete with dramatic situations. They have to use all the will power they have to overcome their problems and meet happiness.

Important supporting roles are played by Broderick Crawford, Rosemary DeCamp and Osa Massen. "Night Unto Night" is from the Philip Wylie novel of the same name. Music is by Franz Waxman.

WHAT'S WHERE in Bombay

METRO: Night at the Opera, starring the Marx Brothers C. Groucho, Chico and Harpo.

NEW EMPIRE: Night Unto Night, starring Ronald Regan and Viveca Lindfors.

STRAND: Mr. Belvedere Goes To Town, starring Clifton Webb.

REGAL: Streets of Laredo, starring William Holden, William Bendix, MacDonald Carey, and Mona Freeman.

EROS: Illegal Entry, starring Howard Duff, Marta Taren, and George Brent.

AURORA: "El Paso", starring John Payne and Grail Russel.

PAKISTAN BANS IMPORT OF GUR

KARACHI, Sept. 15 (PTI-Reuter).—The Government of Pakistan have imposed a ban on the import of gur from India and other countries, it was learned here today. Movement of gur from one place to another in Pakistan has been allowed.

Substantial quantity of gur has been declared surplus in the Dominion, and for its consumption it was necessary to ban foreign imports.

FIRST CHANCELLOR OF GERMANY

BONN, Sept. 15. (P.T.I.-Reuter): Dr. Conrad Adenaur, 73-year old Christian Democrat, was today elected First Chancellor of the new Federal Republic of Germany.

Members of the "Bundestag" (Lower House of Parliament) elected Dr. Adenauer with 202 votes against 152.

There were four abstentions and one invalid vote.

STEEL INDUSTRY FOR PAKISTAN

(From Our Correspondent)

KARACHI, Sept. 15: With a view to make Pakistan self-sufficient in its requirements of Steel, a fair-sized Steel Factory is proposed to be established soon in conjunction with British experts.

Agreement in this respect has been made with Messrs Thomas Firth John Brown & Co., well-known steel experts of England, who have been entrusted with the task of making preliminary arrangements in this connection.

This Steel Unit will, in the first instance, have a production capacity of 60,000 tons a year rising gradually to 300,000 tons a year and will be directly under the control of the Pakistan Government.

PLANS TO COMBAT LOCUSTS

F.A.O. Calls A Conference

WASHINGTON, Sept. 15 (PTI-Reuter).—The United Nations Food and Agriculture Organisation announced that a Conference will be held in Beirut, Lebanon, next week to draw up a concrete plan for combating the Moroccan and desert locusts.

Crop losses caused by the locusts in 49 countries had totalled an average of 33 million dollars a year in the last ten years.

The Beirut meeting, it said, was planned as part of a worldwide programme to control the pest.

The countries invited to send representatives include those in the Middle East, India and Pakistan and various countries in the Mediterranean basin, as well as others which, like Britain, have interests in that area.

London Letter

SPIRIT OF GANDHIJI KEEPS INDIA ALIVE

Mr. Douglas Brown's Views

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT)

LONDON, (By Mail).

THE Gandhi Society of Britain is of the opinion that Gandhiji's ideals have been forgotten by India. Mr. Douglas Brown, who spoke on "India since Gandhi" in BBC Home service, does not share this view. He recognises that Gandhiji's principles of non-violence, selflessness and simplicity are hardly conspicuous among the virtues of present day India. Basically India seems much the same as any other State.

"She has a large army and police force, she has tax gathererers and crowded prisons, and altogether she is just about as non-violent as the Duke of Wellington." But, he believes, that it is still the spirit of Gandhiji however attentuated, that is still keeping India alive."

Gandhiji died a martyr to one of the noblest of his causes—the cause of communal harmony between Hindu and Muslim. That cause, says Mr. Douglas Brown, has, by and large, been faithfully pursued by the Congress Government of India since those terrible massacres of two years ago, although in Pakistan they do not admit it.

CONGRESS PARTY

The Congress, under the new conditions, says Mr. Brown, has come to lack both unity and purpose. It is ridden with personal feuds, divided by provincial jealousies, and distracted by oddest administrative fancies. Yet such is its historic, and even mystic prestige, that it has only one enemy of which it has need to be afraid. The enemy, in his view, is Communism.

Indeed, there are many factors which are favourable to the spread of communism. There is extreme and almost universal poverty, set off by great riches concentrated in a few hands. There are millions of landless peasants. There is the food shortage.

In the opinion of Mr. Brown, there is tendency to resist all forms of state authority and, "especially in Bengal an exceptionally low explosion point for mass emotion".

He also refers to what he calls, through ignorance or arrogance, "oriental indifference to the sufferings of others" and says that "patriotism as we understand it, is not a common virtue in India". Lenin once said that the quickest way to Paris was by way of Shanghai and Calcutta. The inference in 1949 is obvious.

"If I were a Communist agitator", says Mr. Brown, "I should feel very much at home in Calcutta. Any slogan there will do to start the volatile Bengalis shouting, overturning tramcars and throwing soda water bottles".

NOT LIKE CHINA

Yet, he thinks India will not go the way of China "because Gandhi's spirit still hovers over India". Opinions on the future of India are bound to vary the European talk. Vehemently about the poverty of India, forgetting that this is the direct result of British rule. Dadabhai, Gokhale, Ramesh Chandra Dutt and others warned the then rulers about the disastrous effects of their policies but in vain. This century-old poverty could not be eliminated in a couple of years."

But Congress leaders can be charged, not entirely without justification, with maintaining the extravagance of the former alien rulers. Unless we immediately adopt the austere standards laid down by the Mahatma and purge our ranks of corrupt element, another earthquake may easily engulf the country.

There is no shortage of good men in India. We have men of proved patriotism. Yet, in the existing set-up they have swathed themselves in a cotton wool cloud of illusion. If they were conscious of the freezing poverty of millions they would be careful about every penny they spent.

India House was described by Nehru as a symbol. It is sad to say it is not a symbol of new India's simplicity or humility, but a symbol of extravagance and ostentation. The gap between top men living in luxury and the common men hardly having one meal a day is widening, a gap, more dangerous than even the dollar gap.

KASHMIR

Kashmir continues to provide topic of discussion among friend and foe. The Delhi correspondent of the 'Times' said that Nehru's reference to the letters of Mr. Truman and Mr. Attlee were capable of being construed as a mild rebuke to Anglo-American leaders. In London there is no inclination to construe it in this fashion. It is believed that the idea of the letters did not originate in London. It was an American export.

But neither in Washington nor in London there was any conscious desire to intervene in the unpleasant sense of the term. But undoubtedly there has been growing anxiety in both places about the dispute. Nehru, the less impatient and more knowledgable amongst men, has a legitimate cause for complaint that little attempt is being made to understand the issues involved.

India went to UNO with a complaint of aggression. The charge has been proved, yet this fact is conveniently forgotten. It is a pity that India House summary of the Allahabad speech was issued two days after the newspapers had published agency reports. These reports omitted the fundamental issues mentioned by India's Prime Minister.

The people of Kashmir, he said, had challenged the very foundations of Pakistan; Kashmir was a challenge to two-nation theory.

Had this speech been made available to the press it might have secured wider publicity and perhaps, helped in the understanding of the issues. In any case, it ought not to have been dumped with other news of the daily hand out. Special steps ought to have been taken to draw the attention of the news editors or leader writers.

But the department holds to the delusion that hand-outs are carefully studied by harassed newsmen in busy newspaper offices. Most of them find their way into the waste paper basket. Dynamic methods are as much necessary for selling information as for selling goods.

PAKISTAN

The increasing hostility of certain important sections in Pakistan towards India makes one almost despair about good relations between India and Pakistan. India was subjected to operation of partition in the hope that it would bring peace to this ancient land. But it now seems the partition has only made things worse.

Pakistan, it is forgotten, was the solution to a problem. If the problem remains unsolved the solution adopted must be considered wrong. And if a solution proves wrong, should not attempts be made to find a new solution? As Pandit Nehru has pointed out more than once India and Pakistan must get together or there would be a conflict.

There is no middle way. If the Western Powers are interested in peace they should make an effort to bring India and Pakistan together. This get together not be brought about by any odd measure of appeasement or compromise. Was not Pakistan itself a piece of appeasement? The result of that appeasement meant death and misery for millions. One must think in terms of Indo-Pakistan Union.

GUNS BEFORE BUTTER

Pakistan's huge purchases of armaments are arousing comment. Pakistan as a state must of course have arms and ammunition. But its huge purchases can only give the indication that in the opinion of rulers of Pakistan their internal or external situation is not all well.

Its relations with India and Afghanistan are not happy. Neither is all well within the State itself. But it is earnestly hoped that Pakistan is not being led into following the policy of guns before butter.

Its recent purchases from Italy must have cost a lot of money, for Italian rates are much higher than those prevailing in many other countries. The security of Pakistan depends not on the size of its arsenals, but on the contentment of its people and its friendship with its neighbours. Goodwill and not guns would pay Pakistan dividends.

INDIAN HIGH COMMISSIONER

High Commissioner Menon and his party received great ovation when they visited the Scottish Industries Exhibition now being held in Glasgow. The High Commissioner expressed himself very pleased with what he saw. He was particularly impressed by the fact that nearly all the larger firms exhibiting were well-known in business circles in India.

Mr. Menon showed great interest in the maps and diagrams displayed by the North Scotland Hydro-Electric Board because, he knew, so much of this type of work had to be done in India. Mr. Menon also showed interest in the display of golf balls at the North British Rubber Company's stand, and asked many questions. An American visitor to the stand also expressed himself greatly impressed by the use of a conveyer belt system for displaying footwear.

ATHENS, Sept. 15 (PTI-Reuter).—The Greek Government Co-ordination Council approved yesterday the first of the new measures to grant clemency to rebels and to "decommunise" them, the Athens News Agency said. The first bill was for "national re-education" of convicted persons and provisional respite of their sentences.

The second was to establish re-education centres on Makronissi Island—close to the Greek mainland, 30 miles south-east of Athens.

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All-India Secretary's Statement

BOMBAY Sept. 15. (PTI): Vijay A. Madgavakar, Honorary Secretary of the All-India Badminton Association stated here today that Western India Badminton championships sanctioned by the Bombay Provincial Badminton Association was a "perfectly valid tournament".

The only question was, he said, whether the championship, now in its final stage, was a "major tournament".

Mr. Madgavkar said:

'A lot of criticism has appeared in many local papers about my participation in the Western India Badminton championship although I knew that it was not sanctioned as a major tournament by All-India Badminton Association.

"I would like to make it very clear that the tournament was sanctioned by the B.P.B.A. and as such the tournament is perfectly valid and any player who is a member of an affiliated club or of B.P.B.A. (including myself) is perfectly eligible to play in the tournament without infringing any of the rules of the A.I.B.A.

"The point is only whether the tournament will be recognised as a major tournament or not, by the A.I.B.A. in view of the fact that sanction had not been sought inspite of my letter of 29th August 1949 till after the commencement of the tournament.

"Now that the B.P.B.A. has sent in their letter and the registration fee it is upto the Council of the A.I.B.A. to decide whether or not to recognise this year's Western India Badminton Championships as a major tournament and this decision will in no way affect any of the participants.

Scientific Coaching Of Youngster In U. P.

LUCKNOW, Sept. 15. (PTI): The Council of Physical Culture of the United Provinces, has submitted to the Provincial Government a scheme for providing basic physical training facilities, it is learnt. The scheme, if approved will cost the provincial exchequer nearly Rs. 30,000.

According to the scheme, outstanding atheletes and players in the country are to be engaged for scientific coaching of young athletes and sportsmen in the province.

Training centres will be opened at Lucknow, Allahabad, Jhansi, Banaras and Meerut for training nearly 800 athletes and players every year. A two-month training course is to be given to batches of thirty members and five batches trained in one year, Each centre will specialise in the training of one specified sport.

Members will be admitted on approval of the district sports associations. Coaching will be given in both practice and theory, in Olympic sports including football, hockey, wrestling, indigenous exercises and swimming.

Langdon May Cry-Off

PERTH, Sept. 15. (PTI-Reuter): The Western Australian inter-state cricketer, Wally Langdon, said today that if the contract papers were not received this week he would advise the organisers of the British Empire cricket team, which is to tour India this winter that he was not prepared to go.

Langdon said, he had been advised of the terms but had not received the contract, he added he had every faith in the organisers but the trip must be considered in the nature of a business proposition.

ROCKY GRAZIANO WINS ON A T.K.O.

NEW YORK, Sept. 15 (PTI-Reuter): Rocky Graziano former world middleweight champion, scored a technical knock out over Charley Fusari, of New Jersey, in the last round of their ten-round fight at polo grounds here last night. Fusari had a big lead on points but he made the mistake of trying to slug it out with Graziano in the tenth round. He soon fell to the canvas under a bombardment of punches and took a count of nine.

Still in a daze on getting to his feet Fusari fell into the ropes where Graziano hit him with everything without a return blow. After 20 seconds of this the referee halted the bout in Graziano's favour. During most of the fight Fusari constantly kept Graziano off balance with left jabs.

In the Day's Sport

FOOTBALL
Cooperage

4-15 p.m. B.E.S.T. vs. New Star (Practice).

5-30 p.m. Trades vs. Rashid S.C. (Rovers).

St. Xavier's College Ground, Parel.

3-30 p.m. Little Flower "A" vs. St. Sebastians 'A'.

4-30 p.m. G.I.P. Rly. 'B' vs. Ordnance XI (H.V.M. Cup).

5-30 p.m. Goan Sports 'B' vs. R.I.N. (second Division Harwood League).

Brabourne Stadium

4-45 p.m. Hurricane S.C. vs. Pdr. Agnels S.C. (C. Alveres Cup).

5-45 p.m. Concolim Union vs. Aldona S.C. (semifinal Luzito Cup).

TABLE TENNIS
Islam Gymkhana

5-45 p.m. Second round of First Quarter Men's Singles.

7 p.m. Second round of fourth quarter Men's Singles (Islam Gymkhana Open Tournament).

BADMINTON
P.V.M. Gymkhana

6 p.m. University vs. S.N.D.T. College (Lady Colville Cup).

AMBALA PLAYERS SHINE

Western India Squash Championship

BOMBAY, Thursday.

Both the Ambala players Major K. Khanna and K. Anand gave pleasing performances to enter the semi-finals of the Western India Squash Championships at the C.C.I. today.

The open matches in the Women's Singles commenced today and the only game of interest was between Miss Perin Nazir, and Mrs. E. D. Nagarwalla, when Miss Nazir won easily with a brilliant performance.

There were quite a crowd of spectators at the Squash Courts due to the unexpected appearance of "Miss Universe", the world beauty queen who attracted much attention.

The following are the results:—

WOMEN'S SINGLES

Miss Sooni Bilimoria beat Miss Kumud L. Apte 9-0, 9-1.

Miss Perin Nazir beat Miss E. D. Nagarwalla 9-0, 9-0.

Princess Alida Sultan w.o. 'A' player Mrs. R. N. Dubash beat Mrs. N. R. Gethin 9-6, 9-5.

MEN'S SINGLES (Quarter-Finals)

Raj Kumar Nargat Singh beat F. Castelino.

Maj. K. Khanna beat R. F. Moss 9-0, 9-1, 9-7.

Maj. K. Anand beat D. S. Dalal 10-8, 9-5, 9-2.

F. Pandole beat R. A. A. Smith 9-5, 9-1, 9-3.

PROFESSIONAL SINGLES

Jamal Din beat Sher Gul 9-3, 9-5, 7-9, 9-1.

Khan Din beat Bhiwa Dagdoo 9-0, 9-3, 10-8.

Wali Mahomed beat Vithal 9-8, 9-7, 9-3.

Abdul Bari beat Sher Ali 9-1, 9-2, 9-7.

FRIDAY'S FIXTURES:—

COURT NO II:

5-30 p. m. Miss S. Bilimoria vs. Mrs. Dubash.

6-0 p.m. Princess Alida Sultan vs. Miss Perin Nazir.

6-30 p.m. Raj Kumar Narpat Singh vs. Maj K. Khanna.

7-15 p.m. F. P. Pandole vs. Maj. K. Anand.

COURT NO. III

6-30 p.m. Jamal Din vs Abdul Latif or Wali Mahomed.

7-15 p.m. Khan Din vs. Umerkhan or Abdul Bari.

SHANBHAG SURPRISED

A Day Of Walk Overs In Islam Gymkhana T. T.

BOMBAY, Thursday

The elimination process in the third quarter of the draw of the Men's Singles in the Islam Gymkhana Open Table Tennis Tournament proved to be an open task. Due to the numerous dummy entries, three were no fewer than ten walk overs this evening.

In their second round encounters this evening V. B. Shanbhag and C. G. Velkar received rude shocks. B. Abrahim beat Velkar in two staight games after a long drawn of struggle where patience kept the ball on the "green" and a narrow extra points decision decided the fate of the steady C. G. Velkar.

Then U. S. Bangera followed up his yesterdays surprise performance with another equally colourful one the evening and displaced V. B. Shanbhag in two easy games.

The following were the results:

MEN'S SINGLES (Third Quarter)

FIRST ROUND: H. M. Khanchand w.o. S. C. Jairazbhoy; S. C. Mudnaney w.o. M. A. Latiff; N. J. Nensey w.o. 'V' Player; V. D. Parker w.o. Fida Hussein Makwa; B. Abraham beat K. G. V. Krishna; 21-16, 21-18; C. G. Velkar beat R. M. Zaveri, 21-9, 21-13; R. Sabawalla w.o. 'J' Player; A. Rajaballi w.o. 'A' Player; P. S. Varde w.o. R. A. Asser; M. Mandukar beat H. P. Multani, 21-10, 21-13; R. S. Thakker w.o. 'C' Player; A. V. Bagza w.o. E. S. Maka; H. J. Kapadia beat G. S. Wagh, 21-18, 21-8; R. G. Marthe w.o. 'S' Player; U. S. Bangera beat T. D. Tyabjee, 21-3, 21-6; B. V. Shanbhag w.o. 'O' Player.

SECOND ROUND: H. M. Khanchand beat S. C. Mudnany, 21-10, 21-5; N. J. Nensey beat V. D. Parker 21-6 21-11; B. Abraham beat C. G. Velkar, 21-19, 22-20; P. S. Verde beat M. Mandrekar, 21-11, 21-17; R. S. Thakkar beat A. V. Bakza, 21-11, 21-15; H. J. Kapadia beat A. G. Marathe 21-14, 21-16; U. S. Bengera beat V. B. Shanbhag, 21-18, 21-13.

PARRA YOUNG BOYS HELD TO A DRAW

Juniors Final Drawn

BOMBAY, Thursday

Parra Young Boys, holders of the Junior Goan Boys Football League, were held to a draw by Diogo's XI at the Brabourne Stadium on Thursday evening. The teams shared two goals.

With ideal ground conditions, both the sides played a fast and clever game and shared the thrills of the game evenly. Both the goals were scored in the first half of play. C. Pereira scoring for Diogo's XI, while J. Rodrigues for Parra. The teams will meet again on Saturday at 3-30 p.m.

INDIA'S BEST COMBINATION

Bala Ullal (left) and D. G. Mugwe, who annexed the men's doubles title in the Western India Badminton Championships which concluded this evening. Ullal and Mugwe have earned the distinction of being the best doubles combination in India today.

Bala Ullal And Mugwe Retain Men's Doubles Title

PHALNIKAR AVENGES A DEFEAT IN JUNIOR'S SINGLES

BOMBAY, Thursday.

The much-publicised Western India Badminton Championships concluded this evening at the Bombay Gymkhana The men's singles final having been decided yesterday, the men's doubles final was the chief event of the evening's programme, but as it happened the men's doubles event turned out to be a tame affair, and the junior's singles final was the event on which interest was centred round.

Avenging his recent defeat at the hands of Vikram Bhat, which Phalnikar suffered at the C.C.I. earlier in the season, Phalnikar gave an excellent account of himself.

Tossing and returning with the grace and accuracy of a champion Bhat was no match for the consistently superior play of Phalnikar. When earlier the two had met in the C.C.I. it was noticed that Phalnikar was the player who had the talents in him, but the first appearance on a big covered court was for him a new experience. In this tournament Phalnikar had got used to the brilliantly lit hall, and he turned the tables on Vikram.

From the way the two played today it was obvious that we were witnessing future India's leading players. Today Phalnikar proved himself to be upto the task by winning the game at 15-12, 15-3.

The doubles match was a very tame affair and the whole challenge fizzled out in less than half an hour. Mugwe and Bala Ullal maintained their fine unbeaten record by winning the fourth tournament in succession. Upto now they have been having in the final Henry and Homi and giving them every time a beating. But today, Mugwe and Ullal had for opponents Patil and Bhopardikar, who did not give any semblance of a fight to the champions.

Miss Mumtaz Chinoy outclassed Mrs Nobhina Lewis in the final of the women's singles to retain the title.

In his customary speech after the play was over, Agaskar apologised for not having sent in the entrance-fee of the tournament in time. Agaskar said that the moneys have been paid now and it is very likely that the Council of the Indian Badminton Federation will sanction the present tournament as the major tournament, as has been the case in the past.

Mr. Lalchand Hirachand presided and Mrs. Lalchand distributed the prizes.

The following were the results:

WOMEN'S SINGLES
(Holder: Miss M. Chinoy).

FINAL: Miss M. Chinoy beat Mrs. N. Lewis, 11-3, 11-0.

MEN'S DOUBLES
(Holders: Mugwe and Ullal)

FINAL: D. G. Mugwe and Bala V. Ullal beat M. S. Patil and M. K. Bhopardikar, 15-10, 15-4.

MIXED DOUBLES
(Holders: Miss S. Phansalkar and A. G. Kalyanpur, not defending)

FINAL: Davinder Mohan and Mrs. N. Lewis beat G. P. Shirke and Miss S. Nigudkar, 13-15, 15-6, 15-3.

JUNIOR'S SINGLES

FINAL: S. A. Phalnikar beat Vikram Bhat, 15-12, 15-3.

AUSSIE'S TOUR OF INDIA DEFERRED

SYDNEY, Sept. 15 (PTI-Reuter)—The secretary of the Australian Cricket Board of Control, today announced that an application by the Indian cricket authorities for an Australian team to tour India in 1951-52 was deferred.

At the end of the first day of the three day conference of the Australian Board he also announced that a South African team would tour Australia in 1952-53 and that members of the Australian cricket team to tour South Africa this year would receive £450 each from the South African cricket authorities.

He also confirmed that at the request of the M.C.C. the next Australian tour of England would be in 1953 instead of 1952.

A proposal by Sir Donald Bradman former Australian captain to amend the leg before wicket rule in cricket was rejected.

Sir Donald's proposal was for the leg before wicket rule to include deliveries pitched on the leg side of the wicket and turning in on the wicket.

RYDER CUP GOLF FOURSOMES

SCARBOROUGH, Sept. 15 (P.T.I.-Reuter): The order of play for the foursomes in the Ryder Cup Golf match between the professionals of Britain and the United States, which take place tomorrow at the Ganton Course near here over thirty-six holes, is Max Faulkner and Jimmy Adams (Britain) versus J. (Dutch) Harrison and Johnny Palmer, (United States).

Fred Daly and Ken Bousfield (Britain) versus Bob Hamilton and Skip Alexander (United States).

Charles Ward and Sam King (Britain) versus Jimmy Demaret and Clayton Heafner (United States).

Dick Burton and Arthur Lees (Britain) versus Sam Snead and Lloyd Mangnum (United States).

Britain omitted Dai Rees and Laurie Hyton from her team, while the United States left out Chick Harbert.

The pairings of both sides are as anticipated, and there was no surprise in the men left out.

The British players have been putting up some remarkable scores in their foursomes practice, and many critics consider them to have an excellent chance of leading the Americans at the end of the first day's play.

Charles Whitcombe, their nonplaying captain, is most enthusiastic about his team's chance and says, "I am super optimistic about our chances"

An American golf enthusiast after praising the play of the British team in practice said, "I guess it is great stuff, but they might burn themselves out before the big event."

While the home team have been practising as pairs, the Americans have been taking matters more easily and concentrating on all types of shots from the tee to the green.

Despite the remarkably fine form of the Britons, it is still odds on a united states victory, although the odds against Britain have receded slightly.

Prior to the announcement of the order of play for the foursomes, the Americans asked to be allowed to inspect the clubs of the British players who will be taking part.

Charles Whitcombe readily agreed and asked to look over the Americans' clubs. A similar action was taken two years ago when the last match was played at Portland, Oregon.

It is thought that more than 10,000 people will watch play on each of the two days. Thirteen grandstands have been erected at the vantage points on the course.

OMISSION OF SYDNEY SMITH

Billiards Association And Control Council Explain

LONDON, Sept. 15 (PTI-Reuter)—The billiards Association and Control Council today issued a statement on the omission of Sidney Smith from the World Snooker Championship this season.

"The Billiards Association in its conditions for the championship 1949-50 season" it states "expressly retained its right to refuse any entry and it was in exercise of its right that the entry of Sidney Smith was refused".

Smith commented "I say that is a blanket condition which has always operated and they must give much clearer reason. In the event of their refusing my entry for which they have my three guineas and for which I have a receipt I shall take legal action. I want to know why as one of the leading players in this country and as the United Kingdom Billiards Champion my entry has been refused. I shall also take up the matter with the players association of which I am vice-chairman."

EAST BENGAL WIN I. F. A. SHIELD

CALCUTTA, Sept. 15 (PTI)—East Bengal annexed the I.F.A. shield this year defeating Mohan Bagan (holders) by two goals to nil in the Final today.

A record crowd of nearly a lakh of people turned out at the Calcutta Maidan today to witness the I.F.A. Shield Final. While about fifteen thousand got entrances in the enclosure, the rest were packed on the rampart of the Fort Williams and other positions of vantage around the C.F.C. ground.

Crowds also clustered around shops and business houses to listen to a running commentary of the match relayed from the field by the A.I.R.

East Bengal, the proud champions of this years First Division league, came out victorious in a blaze of glory beating Mohan Bagan by two goals to nil and thus avenged their two league defeats at the hands of the latter. Incidentally this was the second time that East Bengal achieved the double at the expense of Mohan Bagan.

Contrary to expectations, the game never reached a high standard. The sticky condition of the field was greatly responsible for the mediocre show and unfortunately the game took an ugly turn a few minutes after the start when both the teams resorted to questionable tactics.

MYSORE HOPES FOR INCLUSION

Commonwealth Cricket Teams Itinerary

BANGALORE, Sept. 15. (PTI): The Mysore State Cricket Association has passed a resolution expressing disappointment that the fixture with the West Indies was cancelled by the Board of Control for Cricket in India without notice and that Mysore had not been included in the programme of the Commonwealth eleven.

The resolution expressed the hope that Mysore would be included in the itinerary of visiting teams.

P. D. KUMAR MEMORIAL TOURNAMENTS

BANGALORE, Sept. 15 (P.T.I.): Following are the results of the matches played today in the Prassanna D. Kumar Memorial Tournaments here:

BASKET BALL:—Central College ("A") (holders) qualified to enter finals, beating Government Engineering College by twenty-five points to seventeen in the semi-finals played on the Central College grounds.

Central College will now meet B.M.S. College of Engineering in the finals on Saturday.

HOCKEY: St. Josephs Indian High School drew with R.B.A.N.M. high school. No goal was scored even though extra time was played.

FOOT BALL: Central College beat Government Engineerng College by six goals to one in the quarter finals.

Tatas Disappointing Display Against Bombay Gymkhana

ROVERS CUP ENCOUNTER PROVES EXCEEDINGLY TAME

BOMBAY, Thursday.

TATAS gave a very disappointing display in their preliminary round engagement in the Rovers Cup Football Tournaments at the Cooperage this evening. Considering that they were playing against Bombay Gymkhana, the holders of the wooden spoon in the Harwood League, their solitary goal win is certainly a very poor show. Tata's now meet Delhi Young Men in the next round.

Tatas may attribute their poor display to their not fielding their regular side. Anthony Braganza, Anwar and Damodar being absentees and G. D'Souza, Keshav and Diago proved poor substitutes. In spite of this they decided to toy with the Gymkhana side and nearly found their applecart upset.

Bombay Gymkhana this evening turned out to be an improved team. Their defence in Heywood and Jeavons stole the days honours. Birthwistle once again acquitted himself admirably under the Gymkhana goal and kept the score-board low. In the attack E. Smith, Mullock and Jones were time and again dangerous and it was due to poor marksmanship that they were unable to register any score at all.

Tata's opened their accounts in the tenth minute of play when Balan, their left-inner accepted a well-placed pass from Shetty and beat Birtwistle easily. Tatas were not having things their own way and Thingalaya might have committed a costly blunder when he rushed sideways to clear and then threw the ball away, a Gymkhana forward got it but failed to take a shot and wasted a glorious chance.

Tatas crossed over with a one goal lead but this time they had to turn in to defend and Mullock had two good chances of gaining the equaliser but was unable to position the ball accurately. A free kick from near the flag went abegging.

Occasionally Balan and Shetty broke through, but at no time did they prove dangerous. A free kick just outside the Gymkhana "box" taken by Krishnan was saved by Birthwistle at the expense of a corner which was to no purpose.

It seemed as though Tatas intended taking things easy and realising this they tried to gain another goal which would put them in a sound position, but the Gymkhana defence and their goalkeeper, Birthwistle prevented some promising moves. The match finally ended in a solitary goal win for Tatas.

The teams:

TATAS: Thingalaya; Papen (Jnr.), Papen (Snr.); Diago, Krishnan, Ananthram; Anthony, G. D'Souza, Shetty, Balan, Keshav.

BOMBAY GYMKHANA: Birthwistle; Boyle, Jeavons, Walton, Heywood Collins, Bush, Boureier, E. C. Smith, Jones, Mullock.

Referee: T. S. Mani.

The Jockey Club, the official body which controls horse-racing in Britain, has alreaoy published a urovisional list has already published a provisional list of fixtures for the 1950 flat racing season. Racing will open at Lincoln on March 16, with the Lincolnshire Handicap being run on March 18. The dates of other big races are: 2,000 Guineas on April 26, 1,000 Guineas on April 28, the Derby on May 27 and the St. Leger on September 9.

R.I.N. "B" WIN AFTER BEING IN ARREARS

Das Cup Football At Parel

BOMBAY, Thursday.

Royal Indian Navy 'B' entered the second round of the Das Cup tournament at the expense of Young Mohomedans by scoring two quick goals in the closing stages of the game to pull the game round in their favour after being in arrears at the interval to run out ultimate winners by the narrow margin of two goals to one at the St. Xaviers ground, Parel, this evening.

Young Mohomedans took the lead in the fifth minute of play through Joseph and hung on to this solitary goal lead till a few minutes before the end of the game, when the Navy with their customary fighting qualities drew level and then forged into the lead to retire victorious. D. Singh and Bhuiyan were responsible for this decision.

Earlier in the evening Young Labour entered the third round of the same competition by accounting for Goan Sports 'B' in their replayed encounter by a solitary goal scored in the fifth minute of play by Sidiki.

AHMED SAILOR CUP

Don Bosco 'A' trounced S.T.E.S. by six goals to nil in the Ahmed Sailor Cup. C. Pakrasi three and S. Cordeiro, I. D'Souza and H Vaz one each were the goalgetters.

B. G. A. A. FOOTBALL CHAMPIONSHIP

W. I. F. A. Sanction Obtained

BOMBAY, Thursday.

The Bombay Goan Athletic Association have obtained the sanction of the W.I.F.A. to conduct a competition open to all Goan teams. The tournament which will be played at the Brabourne Stadium has attracted the best Goan teams in Bombay on account of the innovation made by the organisers in awarding outright a Gold Medal to the Winners and a Silver Medal to the Runners-up, plus individual trophies instead of the usual Challenge Cups. Among the noted teams competing will be St. Francis Goans, Burmah-Shell Goans, Volkart Bros. Goans, Cuncolim Union, Colva Sports Club, Young Aryans, Tivim Union, St. Michael Anjuna S.C., Divar United, Siolim XI and Aldona S.C.

The draw which was held on Thursday resulted as follows:

TOP HALF: St. Francis Goans vs. Arpora S.C.; Taleigao S.C. vs. Candolim S.C.; Siolim XI vs. Chinchinim S.C.; Navelim S.C. vs. Colva S.C.

BOTTOM HALF: Burmah-Shell Goans vs. Young Aryans; Volkart Bros. Goans vs. Tivim Union; Aldona S.C. vs. Divar Assn. United; St. Michaels Anjuna S.C. vs. Cuncolim Union.

The first match of the tournament will commence on Saturday September 17 at 4-30 p.m. between Chinchinim S.C. and Siolim XI.

World Motoring Records For 500 C. C. Broken

OSTEND (Italy), Sept. 15 (P.T.I.-Reuter): Three world motoring records for 500 c.c. class cars were set up here today by the British Driver, Lieutenant-Colonel A. T. Goldie Gardner, in his supercharged M. G.

He recorded the following flying start average speeds: kilometre: 154.910 miles per hour; mile: 154.251 miles per hour; five kilometres: 150.513 miles per hour.

The previous record, all established by the Italian, P. Taruffa in Rome last November were 126.124, 129.043 and 129.182 miles per hour respectively.

Lady Colville Badminton Tournament

BOMBAY, Thursday.

The Lady Colville Badminton Championships for Women organized by the Princess Victoria Mary Gymkhana commences on Friday, September 16.

The following is the draw:—Willingdon Club vs P.V.M. Gymkhana; University of Bombay vs S.N.D.T. College; Dadar Hindu Gymkhana vs Y.W.C.A.; Bombay Gymkhana vs Bandra Gymkhana.

NEW ZEALANDERS WIN BY SEVEN WICKETS

HERFORD, Germany, Sept. 14, (PTI-Reuter): The New Zealand touring cricket team today beat Combined Services by seven wickets in their two-day 12 a side match here. The New Zealanders scored 243 and 87 for four against Combined Services 143 and 188.

Walter Hadlee, the tourists captain gave the crowd a treat with some free hitting when the New Zealanders continued their first innings today. He scored six boundaries from seven balls, and in less than 40 minutes raised his overnight score of 17 to 65 not out. Major Frost got 47 and Brigadier Kempster 36 to help Combined Services put on in their second innings Left to get 84 for victory, the tourists hit up 87 for the loss of four wickets, John Reid contributing 31 not out.

Another Magnificent Track Trial By Gamble For Love

BY OUR TRACK REPORTER

Champion filly, Gamble for Love went through another magnificent track-trial at Poona in her preparations for the Gimcrack on Saturday.

A couple of candidates from Talib's string have also shaped very well in their morning trials.

The following are the pick of the bunch:—

TAN TRACK—

Little John (Sumer Singh) had the measure of Her Excellency (Mull Singh) when doing a nine furlongs journey in 2 mins. 7 secs. Both moved in hand.

Courage (Kheem Singh) disposed of Nirvana (Antoo) when sent over nine furlongs at a fair pace. They returned 2 mins. 12 secs. The last four furlongs were covered in 54 secs. The first named is in fine fettle.

The great Gamble for Love (Kheem Singh) when sent out along with Deuce of Clubs (Antoo) negotiated the last six furlongs in 1 min. 19 secs. The unbeaten filly was still in hand and has the Gimcrack at her mercy.

Peppermint (B. Khade) had the company of Plucky Princess, (Ganpat Singh) when made to move at 3/4 pace over six furlongs from 9 to 3. Timing, 1 min. 25 secs.

Summer Lightning (Damodar) moved impressively over a mile in 1 min. 49 secs.

Paper King (Khade) covered six furlongs from 9 to 3 in 1 min. 23 secs. He was not extended. Likely to harass the best again.

Who Knows (R. Bhosle) gave a good account when covering six furlongs in 1 min. 20½ secs.

The Judge (Gangaram) covered nine furlongs in 2 mins. 6 secs.

Great Lady (R.B.) showed out from Chandrakor (Dar) when worked over six furlongs. She is fit and well and clocked 1 min. 20 secs.

Gentle Whisper (Chavan) proved too good a match for Mah Khurshid (R.B.) when covering six furlongs from 9 to 3 in 1 min. 21 secs.

Panditji (Hanuman) had the measure of Luminary (RB) when clocking 1 min. 8 secs. for the last five furlongs. Note them both.

Jacquemont (Bhoor Singh) covered seven furlongs from 9 to 2 in 1 min. 37 secs. Very well now.

Chhoti Begum (Sumer Singh) finished ahead of Princessa (RB) when sent over a mile. She recorded 1 min. 52 secs.

ACCEPTANCES

The following are the Acceptances for the Fifth Day of Poona Races to be held on Saturday, September 17.

THE BADLAPUR PLATE—1 Mile, 1 Fur.

Gwalior Express 9-5; Jai Malhar 7-11; Morning 9-2; Desert Hawk 9-0; Prove It 8-6; Icy Hot 8-4; Midinette 7-9; Khyber.

THE SHIVAJI PLATE—6 Furs.

Heartbreaker 8-12; Little Star 8-12; Triple Alliance 8-12; Furat 8-12; Marhaba 8-12; Par Excellence 8-12; Lochinvar 8-12; Thunderer 8-12; Past The Post 8-9; Egyptian Belle 8-9; Aafrin 8-9.

THE SALPA PLATE—(Div. II)—6 Furs.

Who Knows 9-4; Down South 9-3; Gay Count 9-1; Mr. Rambler 9-1; Mirella 8-13; Bara Mulla 8-13; Untamed Prince 8-9; Mah Khurshid 8-5; My Chance 8-4; My Pleasure 8-4; Celeste 8-3; Mayfair Lady 7-9; Khushroo 7-4.

THE SALPA PLATE—(Div. I)—6 Furs.

Neola 9-3; Great Lady 8-13; Marlow 8-13; Carpala 8-10; Ajinkya Tara II 8-7; Kickshaw 8-7; Belle Amie 8-7; Plucky Princess 8-5; Al Hamra 8-4; Miss Prestige 8-2; Portoi 8-1.

THE GIMCRACK STAKES—1 Mile

Gamble for Love 9-4; Deuce of Clubs 9-0; Trumpeldor 9-0; Kennereth 9-0; Play On 8-11; Pride of Hindustan 8-7; Pavan 8-11; Summer Lightning 8-11; Prince of Mahad 8-11; Georgette 8-8.

THE KAMSHET PLATE—1-1/4 Miles.

Courage 9-2; Shubh Luxmi 8-13; Pay Master 8-12; Little John 8-12; Goodwill 8-10; Prospero 8-7; Royal Mantle 8-7; The Judge 8-4; Windsor Park 8-4; Taslaroon 8-4; Game Bid 8-4; Once Again 8-1; Stylish Lady 8-1; Dragon Seed 7-6.

THE KASARA PLATE—7 Furs.

Shan-E-Hind 9-3; Paper King 9-13; Jacquemont 8-3; Zam Zam 8-0; Take On 7-7; Coup de'Etat 7-7.

THE CLUB PLATE—(Div. I)—6 Furs.

Magnificent 9-2; Deuce of Clubs 9-0; Flying Princess 8-13; Embarkation 8-12; Belle Starr 8-12; Sweetie Shah 8-11; Gentle Whisper 8-9; Gang Bhup 8-6; Phone Again 8-6; Vagabond Queen 7-13.

THE CLUB PLATE—(Div. II)—6 Furs.

Rukhsana 9-2; Bold Bandit 9-1; Royal Poet 8-13; Beautiful 8-12; Yearling 8-11; King's Cup 8-11; Son of a Gun 8-7; Peppermint 8-5; Who's That 8-5; Star Saphire 8-5.

The Bombay Chronicle

Work alone art thou entitled to, and not to its fruit. So never work for fruit, nor yet desist from work.

—THE BHAGAVAD GITA.

TIME FOR DECISION

Apparently the British press is having second thoughts after roundly denouncing India and Indian leaders on their attitude regarding Kashmir. The "Manchester Guardian", for instance, now feels that the U. N. Commission would have been wiser to [illegible] of recommending "arbitration" by Admiral Chester Nimitz. This appears to be the dawn of reluctant wisdom. But it cannot yet be welcomed with any great degree of assurance for the future. Meanwhile, Sir Muhammad Zafrullah is not unnaturally taking full advantage of the mistakes and blunders committed by the U.N. Commission, Anglo-American statesmen and their press. Directly on arriving at New York for the sessions of the United Nations Assembly he has started propaganda, based on the ill-advised commitments of the Kashmir Commission and Messrs. Truman and Attlee, to show the world that Pakistan is the party sinned against and India the sinner.

Here are a few points which Sir Muhammad Zafrullah, using his opportunity fully, pressed in his talk with correspondents. While his country, he said, was quite prepared to accept the arbitration of Admiral Nimitz on the Kashmir truce, India had turned down the proposal and thereby continued the present deadlock. Ever since Admiral Nimitz was appointed as Plebiscite Administrator, "India", Sir Muhammad Zafrullah said further, "has so manoeuvred that Admiral Nimitz has not been in a position to proceed to the sub-continent to exercise his powers". Then again, "India while paying lipservice to this democratic principle, has throughout resisted the efforts of the Security Council and the Commission appointed by the Council to bring about conditions, which would enable a free and impartial plebiscite to be held". And finally, although a member of the U. N., India "paid scant respect to the Security Council and the appeals of President Truman and Prime Minister Attlee and this intransigence (sic) is holding up the set-[illegible] to protect them against illness.

* Doctors have recommended Scott's

ignores the basic fact that Pakistan is a self-confessed aggressor in Kashmir and that Pakistan troops, into which "Azad Kashmir" forces are now openly incorporated, have no right to be there. With these basic facts ignored India is turned from a victim to the "intransigent" party. If they are not ignored then everything makes India the victim, as it certainly is, of aggression and of grave and deliberately unjust misrepresentation with the aid and abetment of the Security Council, the U. N. Commission and Messrs Truman and Attlee. Into this embarrassing position Sir Muhammad Zafrullah has placed the latter. And who can blame Sir Muhammad Zafrullah for it? But the Security Council, the United Nations Commission and Messrs Truman and Attlee have to make up their minds definitely and quite clearly as to what stand they choose. The fundamental issues out of which arise all the troubles are simple but have so far been more evaded than faced. Pakistan, on its own admission is an aggressor. Its own forces and the Azad Kashmir forces, which Pakistan accepts as its own, are, therefore, the forces of aggression. The aggressor must withdraw together with his impediments before any other steps can be taken towards the "settlement" of the Kashmir question. These are issues on which the Security Council and Anglo-American statesmen must now declare themselves one way or the other..

The Olive Branch

Though it is a small concession many countries will welcome President Truman's statement that the United States was willing to buy from foreign countries, whatever they can make best. To the distress of the rest of the world, the balance of trade is dipping too much in favour of America. In 1945-46 India imported from the U. S. A. goods worth 67.40 lakhs of rupees and exported to that country goods to the value of Rs. 61.62 lakhs. With the scarcity of dollars, this adverse balance must have deteriorated further since then. This is more or less true of other countries also.

Being largely self-sufficient, the U. S. A. was unwilling to buy anything from outside and on top of that practically every country is in debt to it. This one way trade is uneconomical and smothers the industrial growth of the rest of the world. Being a young nation, with ample resources and manageable population, private enterprise has been a great success in the United States. It has accumulated wealth for the country and raised the standard of living, higher than anywhere in the world. Surplus of capital and huge profits has enabled the industrialists there to set aside funds for research and plan a long term policy. Consequently the American standard of goods and technical efficiency is the best in the world. This has led to self-sufficiency, leaving enough goods for export. But this isolated development with other causes like the war, has had a disturbing effect on the rest of the world and has resulted in an economic crisis all-round. With Britain out of the picture, as a great imperial power, a new type of imperialism—a dollar imperialism—has been created where the whole world must buy and borrow from the United States.

The reasons which the Americans gave for not buying from Britain was that British goods were costlier because of the high cost of production and high wages. Some Americans actually suggested to Britain that it should lower wages and abandon some of her social welfare state projects to meet the economic crisis. Fortunately wsdom has dawned before it is too late. There has to be give and take in international trade. No country can sell goods and not buy from others. The Americans will not only have to buy "the best" from other countries but also large quantities of their "second best", to resolve the economic crisis and assure the world of peace. The conception that some countries can only supply raw goods while it is for the advanced countries to manufacture them is already out-dated. Free enterprise, though democratic, works to the disadvantage of less developed countries and will increasingly lead to greater heart burning. The Americans and the British, the leading democracies of the world, will have to share part of their technical "know how" with backward countries to put them on their industrial feet. Being in a fortunate position it is the duty of the Americans to help others to raise their standard of living by buying something from them to set right the balance of trade. The sooner they give up the isolationist policy in trade the better it will be for their own safety. Hungry and underdeveloped areas are an easy prey for the dictrine of Communism, which is for ever looking for new recruits.

Tete-a-Tete

WITHOUT COMMENT:

NEW YORK, Sept. 13. (P.T.I.-Reuter): The Metropolitan Life Insurance Company, owner of the big Stuyvesant town residential development, has refused to accept a rent cheque from a tenant who let a negro family live in his flat.

The company, which has defeated litigation seeking to force it to rent to negroes, returned the latest rent cheque to the tenant, Jesse Kessler, Union Organiser yesterday on the ground that he had violated his lease, by permitting others to occupy his apartment.

★ ★ ★

Mr. S. K. Patil, says a local report today disclosed at a meeting of the B. P. C. C. that he had requested the Prime Minister, Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru, to be back in India from U. S. before November 14,, to give an opportunity to his countrymen to celebrate his birthday.

And what did the Prime Minister say?

★ ★ ★

NEW DELHI: Dr. Soloman Trone, American Engineer and Planner and formerly adviser to the Soviet Union for its Five Year Plans.....

What, what, WHAT? The Soviet Five Year Plans were advisered by a capitalist burgeois?

★ ★ ★

By the way, the reference is to [illegible] much at home in Calcutta. Any [illegible] can there will do to start the vola- [illegible] although the per capita production in Russia was comparatively lower than in many of the advanced countries, yet the progress made by the Russian workers within the last 20 years had never been achieved in any part of the world during that span of time.

But—but this is recommending the Russian Plans and even the Russian Economic System.

Which is just as bad.

★ ★ ★

We read in the press that Chaudhury Khaliquzzaman, President of the Pakistan Muslim League, declared on the eve of his departure to the Middle East, that "Islamistan is sure to emerge sooner or later".

And, under it, Chaudhury Sahib, naturally?

★ ★ ★

According to a Hague report, Dutch and Indonesian leaders will leave next week-end for an undisclosed place outside Holland for informal talks designed to speed up The Hague R. T. C. on the future of Indonesia.

A most sensibly practical idea to hold the talks outside Holland. It encourages hopes.

★ ★ ★

Lord Beaverbrook's paper, the "Daily Express" of London, condemns the Washington Dollar-Sterling Agreement as permitting financial leadership to pass from Britain's single control. The British Government thereby "puts the Empire into receivership".

The agreement, therefore, deserves to be welcomed.

★ ★ ★

TEL AVIV: The Israeli Cabinet tonight failed to approve a new scheme, for an Arab-Israeli Parliament in Jerusalem, advanced today by the U. N. Palestine Commission.

Why should it approve?

TOWARDS SELF-SUFFICIENCY IN FOOD

By S. Gordon Coller

A major problem facing the world today is the disturbingly disproportionate gap between the annual rise in population and the yield per acre of cultivable land. The urgency of this problem and the measures necessary to achieve world self-sufficiency in food supplies are discussed here with the background of Sir John Russell's analysis in his presidential address to the annual conference of the British Association for the advancement of Science.

The contribution which science can make to the solution of the world's food problems was described by the world-famous British agricultural scientist, Sir John Russell, F.R.S., when, as president, he inaugurated the 111th annual conference of the British Association for the advancement of Science at Newcastle.

Speaking on "world population and world food supplies", he discussed in turn three ways by which production can keep pace with population increases — extension of the areas under cultivation, more intensive yields and the reduction of waste. In doing so he established one paramount fact: that (provided the intensive farming methods used in Britain and some other countries are applied to these tasks universally) science will enable the world to support from two to three times its present population.

WORLD POPULATION

This conclusion emerges from the following facts adduced by Sir John Russell. The world population, which is rising by some 20 millions annually, is now put at roughly 2,300 millions. [illegible] reports published since mentioned by India's Prime Minister. [illegible] Russia was comparatively lower than in many of the advanced countries, yet the progress made by the Russian workers within the last 20 years had never been achieved in any part of the world during that span of time.

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between 3,000 and 4,000 million acres, giving an average of one-and-a-half acres per head of the population. If this area were to yield per acre as much food as it does in Britain, everyone could have as good a diet as the British people had before the war.

In addition, there are another three-and-a-half acres per head climatically suited to cultivation but not used at present. As Prof. Dudley Stamp of the British Ministry of Agriculture told the U. N. Conference of World Scientists at Lake Success recently, if this land could be cultivated as intensively as it is in Britain there would be no world food problem. This point also has been repeatedly emphasised by Sir John Boyd-Orr.

INTENSIVE FARMING

Can it be done? Sir John Russell pointed out how the science of plant genetics, by finding the strains suitable for different soils, had helped Canada, Australia and the Argentine multiply their wheat acreages several times over during this century. He, however, admitted that this is not practicable at present in much of the otherwise suitable uncultivated area and insisted that the most hopeful way of increasing output was to farm more intensively the land already in use. Thus one farmer could feed between 15 and 20 people against the four or five for which out-dated methods still provide in many countries.

The truth of this statement is vividly illustrated by the disparities to which different methods lead in Europe. According to the former French Finance Minister, M. Paul Reynaud, one farm worker in France feeds five people, in Germany seven, in Belgium nine, in Holland 16, and in Britain 17. By way of comparison M. Reynaud put the U.S. figure at 13, the highest being probably New Zealand, where the Australian economist, Mr. Colin Clark, calculated that one farm worker was supplying the equivalent of an optimum diet to 40 people before the war.

There are, of course, many reasons for these differences. In Britain farmers have just completed one of the best harvests on record in an exceptionally dry summer: the earliest harvests which even a 90-year-old Kent farmer, Mr. Robert Potter, says he can remember. When farmer Potter was a youth of 25, Britain's oats yield averaged 38.2 bushels per acre but rose steadily to an average of 47.2 between 1939 and 1938. Her wheat yield was 29.3 bushels per acre, rising in the last 10 years to 35.2 bushels — approximately 19.8 cwt.

This year an average of 20.4 is predicted by the Ministry of Agriculture for wheat. Oats are expected to yield 17.9 cwt. per acre compared with a 10-year average of 16.6, and barley from 19.1 cwt. per acre with an average of 17.5 over the past 10 years. And this

disinfect the throat, loosen phlegm, allay

GREATER MECHANISATION

All experts agree that increased mechanisation is one of the principal reasons for this steady rise, particularly since 1939. Sir John Russell, taking not merely the increase in tractors from the pre-war figure of 60,000 to over 280,000 last year but allowing also for the simultaneous decline in the number of horses used, put the increase in horse-power available to British farmers at 63 per cent.

As every farmer knows, however scope for mechanisation is closely bound up with the size of the farm, with labour costs and so on. Sir John Russell said that to encourage efficiency the size of a holding should not be "larger than one man can adequately supervise". Nor, however, must it be too small to make mechanisation a paying proposition. Cambridge economists who investigated this question found that although agricultural wages in Britain have more than doubled since before the war, the economy of power farming had not yet superseded manual labour on the small or medium farm — and by many standards most British farms are very small.

That was three years ago, and since then British machinery manufacturers have developed a wide range of implements, specially suited to small and medium farms, which are helping to solve the same problem of costs throughout Western Europe. Most British farmers are tenants and it is they rather than owner-occupiers who have capital available to spend on their farms — partly because British farm rents, averaging 27sh. 6d. per acre, are actually 3sh. 3d. lower than they were

(Continued on Page 9)

FRANKLY SPEAKING

Groundless Feare

The Most Rev. Dr. Louis Mathias, Archbishop of Madras, was giving away more than he criticised the Madras Government's order which grants concessions only to Harijan boys. The Most Rev. Archbishop made a startling revelation: Christian Harijans were suffering the same disabilities as their Hindu brethern. It has been a long-standing complaint that Indian Christianity had as many castes as Hinduism and that converts were grouped in water-tight compartments. In fact, in South India there is a Christian colony where the inmates call themselves "brahmin" Christians, where marriage is strictly guided by Hindu caste practices. In South Indian churches, one hears the complaint that the unfortunate Harijans who entered the faith of Christ in the hope of better treatment, were relegated to reserved seats. The Archbishop has tacitly confirmed the fears. The Archbishop also referred to a proposed bill in Madras which would enable the Madras Government to requisition buildings and equipment of "mismanaged" schools, and run them. The Archbishop feared that "centuries of unostentatious and selfless service in the cause of education, with schools and institutions well founded and well maintained, are now being threatened", as a Socialist or Communist Government could, in future, ' 'grasp at this bill, and on the strength of it legally destroy the missionary institutions of a worthy past and a great future". The criticism is naive. If the institutions are as "well founded and well maintained" as the Archbishop claims, he need not fear the bill. As to his contention that it might prove a handy tool in the hands of Socialists and Communists, the Archbishop may rest assured that Socialists, and least of all, Communists, will not be checked in their crusading zeal by lack of legislation. They will make laws, and rigorous ones too, as it suits their convenience.

Thakkar Bapa

An appeal has been issued over the signatures of Pandit Nehru, Sardar Patel, Rajen Babu, B. G. Kher and others calling upon the people to pay their homage to a great son of India who is happily with us. There can be no greater tribute to the services rendered by Thakkar Bapa than that of Gandhiji who said it was his ambition to equal Bapa's long record of service. Wherever there was suffering, wherever there was want, wherever there was need for sympathy, Thakkar Bapa's unobstrusive presence was felt, shedding light where there was darkness before. "It is fitting", the signatories say, "the country should honour itself by honouring one so great and rare". It is proposed to bring out a commemoration volume on his eightieth birthday, which falls on November 29. It is hoped that the cost of production of the volume, about Rs. 25,000, would be met by the known and unknown admirers of Thakkar Bapa. The sale proceeds of the volume will be donated to any fund named by Thakkar Baba. Here is an opportunity for the many admirers of this true son of India. bargained for when he bri-

Red Tape

One wishes that the Ministers and important officials of the Government of India devote a little more time to infuse into their subordinates a sense of the urgency of the food situation. Appeals to the peasantry to grow more food, and reprimands to the citizens not to waste precious grain, can wait for some time. If true, the following story from Ahmedabad shows how wooden bureacratic methods are. Recently 2,200 maunds of wheat and 3,600 maunds of maize were unloaded at Talod station. The Government godown keeper was there to take delivery of this grain, but there was a little formality to be gone through. He had not received the invoices, but was prepared to give a guarantee to the station-master to pay the charges. But that railway official, it is reported, stood firmly by the rules and regulations in which he had been trained and refused to deliver the grain. There was a vigorous exchange of telegrams between the Collector and the A.T.S. and finally, after four days, the invoice was received. In the meantime, unfortunately, there were heavy rains and the grain was drenched completely and it is said to be unfit for human consumption. Now, if this sort of thing happens in a private establishment, it is more than probable that the delinquents lose their jobs. But being in Government service, those responsible for the bungle are probably still secure in their jobs, drafting many letters and submitting more explanations.

A Sane Approach

About the only sensible speech delivered on the language issue was that of Maulana Abul Kalam Azad who has a crisp and searching review of the position. He regretted the fanaticism of the Hindi-ites and bluntly said that it boded ill for the development of a language which was built freely on the existing Indian languages. As a matter of fact, the intolerance of Hindustani in the discussions and the intolerance of Urdu shown in the United Provinces are unpropitious omens. If two closely related and sister tongues can receive such short shrift, what chance is there for more remote and unfamiliar languages? If the present mood continues we are heading for a period of fanatical activity, ending in Hindi losing its position, tentative as it is today, as the national language It is unfortunate that the resolution has come to mean so many things to so many people. Even Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru was inclined to be rather vague and his support of the resolution was more in terms of what he hoped it would prove to be than a categoric backing of what it actually stood for. The rather bombastic challenges of Babu Purshotamdas Tandon to referendum over the international numerals issue were flattened uncermoniously by the veteran Hasrat Mohani who promptly asked for a plebiscite over the Hindi-Hindustani dispute in the United Provinces itself. Maulana Abul Kalam Azad struck an unusual note when he said that in time India would accept the Roman script. His balanced presentation of the language question has unfortunately not been heeded but it would be well if the lead is kept in mind in all action that is taken to implement the article.

Crisis Averted

What has emerged from all the discussions is that a compromise has been achieved and a crisis averted. That is in the main the reason for the great measure of jubilation that attended the passing of the article. To the champions of Hindi, it must have been a surprise to see their pet theory accepted by the non-Hindi delegates. But the reason for the accommodation on the other side was obvious: It was a case of accepting this position or having no national language at all. And there would have been repercussions in other spheres of national life as well. It is the next fifteen years which are important and it is during this period that the fate of the national language will be determined The great thing is that the nation has secured a breathing space and can in the transition period settle down to policies more stable and balanced than the outbursts of heated controversy suggest.

OUR READERS' VIEWS

College For Broach

In view of the establishment of the University of Gujerat shortly, and in view of the desirability of providing educational facilities to as large a body of persons as feasible without their having to undertake long journey and extra expense for the purpose, the necessity of having at least one Arts and Science College in every District will not be gainsaid.

Districts of Ahmedabad, Baroda, Surat and Kaira in Gujerat already have a number of colleges to cater to the needs of the students of the respective districts. So far, unfortunately, no such colleges have been established in the District of Broach. The area of the District of Broach has materially increased due to the merger of the adjoining states like Rajpipla. There are over 12 High Schools in the District, and a college teaching Arts and Science can meet a genuine need, if started. Starting of such an institution, however, naturally calls for large funds. With a view to raise the funds an influential committee from amongst the persons belonging to the District of Broach, and residing in Bombay City and Suburbs is being shortly formed. We shall be glad to furnish any information desired by friends interested in such an institution being started in the Broach District.

—GAJENDRA H. THAKORE.

Plastic Watch Straps

Certain baseless allegations have been made against the use of plastics watch straps. The incident has been exaggerated. Any type of strap, be it leather, steel or Plastic, if worn very tightly for a considerably long period without exposing the skin to sunlight and air will leave a white mark round the wrist. In some instances, owing to non-porous quality of the material used, such as for example steel watch strap, sweat, not finding an outlet forms a nucleus for accumulation of dirt and other foreign bodies. This eventually gives rise to skin irritation. This whitening of the skin, which regain its original hue after sufficient exposure to light is entirely different from the disease known as Leucoderma. Irritation of the skin and whitening of it thereof is not, therefore, peculiar to plastics straps alone.

Adverting to the use of Plastics Watch Straps we wish to state that it has been substantiated by many medical and clinical authorities in the U.K. and U.S.A. that the use of P.V.C. (the material used for making Plastics Straps) had not had any adverse effect upon the human system. It may, however, be pointed out that there have been isolated instances where owing to the peculiar constitution of the person skin irritation has been caused. But this applies equally to many other commodities and the cases are few and far between. Where a person is highly allergic to a particular substance the best remedy would be to avoid it. We would, therefore, submit that under no circumstances can it be contended that the use of Plastics Watch Straps would result in skin irritation and much less in Leucoderma.

—SECRETARY,
A. I. Plastics Manufacturers' Association.

Library Development

It is praise-worthy that the Bombay Government has taken up the question of Library Movement earnestly. The Government aid-limits for village institutions, as shown in the tables of the Library Development Committee Report of 1939-40, suggest that the Government do not plan to start small village libraries with an insufficient number of books, but encourage the establishment of Reading Rooms (VACHANALAYAS). Through them the Government wants to foster the spirit of reading newspapers and periodicals. This plan is better than starting small libraries with hardly 200 books, which prove unsatisfactory in the long run. When no new books are added they become like stagnant pools.

But this ought not to mean that the villages should not have library facilities. For satisfying the book-reading-hunger of villagers, I suggest the following scheme:—

1. That the Town and other big libraries, started or recognised by the Government, should receive aid only when they undertake to serve the village around them.

2. That for serving village population, the town and big libraries should maintain 'Travelling Library Boxes, which should be taken to the villages around and books lent to villagers, who will bear part of the transport charges.

3. That villages wanting to take advantage of T. L. Boxes from Town Libraries shall have to give a binding in writing under the signature of Village Headman or the Chairman of the Local Samiti for the proper use and safe return of the books borrowed.

4. In order to meet the necessary expenditure for the T. L. Scheme, the Town or big Libraries should be given Rs. 1,000 to Rs. 2,000 extra grant.

5. The librarian of the Town or big libraries should attend to the working of the T. L. Service and should be given an allowance for the work.

6. That the Town or big libraries should give their surplus stock of books to villages, who want to start separate libraries, with proper premises with cupboards etc. For such off-shoot libraries, when they come into existence,

7. That the above T. L. Scheme can be replaced later by a bullock-cart or a library van service.

THE BARODA METHOD

This much for the present on the question of spreading Library Movement in Rural areas. With regard financial aids to libraries, the Government can be advised to follow the Baroda-method, i.e. the library institutions should have triple support:—

(i) Support of the Public

(ii) Support of the Government and

(iii) Support of the Local or Municipal Boards.

With regard to the collection and expenditure of the aid-amounts also the Baroda-method seems to be advisable. Under no circumstances direct dealing is advisable. The money should be distributed after the budgets are regularly framed by the local managing committees and passed either by the Regional Assistant Curator, as was the case in Baroda State, or by the Regional Advisory Committee. The general working and management of the local library institutions should be looked after both by the Assistant Curator's office as well as the Regional Advisory Boards.

Adoption of this policy is specially recommended as it would provide a means to the Government to have control over the disposal of funds and also encourage the spread of right type of books.

—N. N. CHOKSHI,
Jt. Secretary,
Baroda State Library Association.

School Buildings

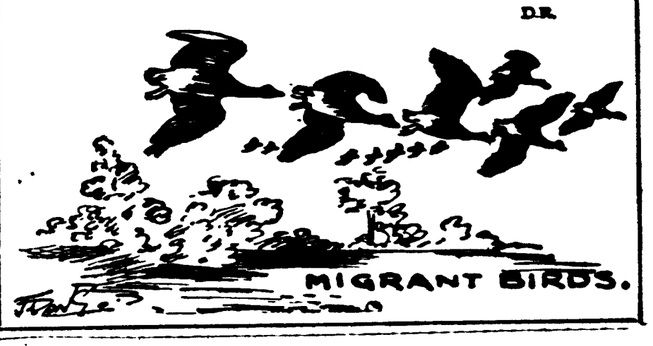
One is surprised to know that while the Bombay Municipality runs 300 schools in the city it owns only 35 school buildings. Many of these rented buildings are unsuitable for school children to spend hours in. Some of them are dingy and dirty. Some of them have no compounds for children to play in. They are just by the side of busy roads, presenting a constant danger to young pupils. It is heartening news that the municipal authorities have acquired 22 plots, where once stables for cattle existed. It is hoped that they are fit for human habitation. While the Bombay Municipality is starved for good buildings and sites for schools, it is reported that two fine school buildings are being sold for some other purpose. Both of them are on the Victoria Gardens Road at Byculla. One of them is already sold, I think, and for the second a big amount is offered by a commercial concern. If they are for sale either the Government or the municipality ought to buy them for starting new schools. If these sites are used for building of commercial purposes, the children in the locality would be the losers.

—A CITIZEN.

OPEN AIR

The return of our migrant birds has already started. The end of August saw large flights of water-birds, in typical V-formation flying in a South-westerly direction, but too high overhead for a mere lay-man to be able to tell with any certainty what they were. It was possible only to say that they were "One of the many varieties of wild duck." On a visit to Panwel during the first week of September we saw three varieties of wild duck on the tank. Numbers of gull-billed terns, distinguished from the other terns by their black bill and legs, were resting on the mud flats or flying low over the flooded fields not far away and a green sandpiper, greenish brown above and white below, displayed its white tail as it flew up from the road side. The water birds seem to be the earliest to return from their long migratory journey. The Whimbrel and Red shank have been seen as early as July, terns arrive early in August and by September most migrant water birds are well established in their winter quarters.

D.R.



MIGRANT BIRDS.

NO-CONFIDENCE MOTION AGAINST MAYOR LOST

2-Hour Debate In Corporation

BOMBAY, Thursday.

A NO-CONFIDENCE motion against the Mayor of Bombay moved by the Socialist Party was thrown out, 62-23, after a two-hour debate in the Municipal Corporation today. The debate was free from the excitement and personal attacks that characterised the discussion on the censure motion against Mr. Asoka Mehta, four days ago.

The Mayor, who presided, complimented all the members on their self-restraint.

Mr. C. C. Shah who moved a point of order contended that the resolution was out of order in view of the fact that it formed an operative part of the resolution moved against Mr. Asoka Mehta and passed by the House four days ago, and as such, could not be discussed again by the House in accordance with the Procedural Rule 46 of the Bombay Municipal Corporation Act.

Mr. Shah argued that this was the procedure followed by the House in the past and there was no reason to depart from it. He added, "The question is the same, even the arguments are the same, and hence there is no reason to reopen the whole issue."

The Mayor upheld the arguments advanced by Mr. Shah. He however did not want the opposition to be deprived of their opportunity to speak ou freely and frankly whatever they had to say on what he considered to be an important question. It did not matter if it concerned him personally. He therefore ruled the point out of order and allowed the discussion to proceed.

IMPROPRIETY

A tense House and gallery crowded to overflowing with visitors then heard Mr. Sushil Kavlekar, Socialist member, speak on the resolution, which charged the Mayor with grave constitutional impropriety, arising out of his active participation in the recent municipal by-elections by appealing to the voters to vote for the Congress, by collecting funds for the election and addressing election meetings.

The resolution affirmed that in taking up this attitude the Mayor had failed to maintain the traditions of impartiality, detachment from party elections and neutrality which the office of the Mayor enjoined on its incumbent.

The Mayor, went on Mr. Kavlekar, had cited the instances of the late Mr. K. F. Nariman and others who had acted in a similar way. But even if that were so, it was neither proper nor graceful. He added, "It is our duty not only to maintain these traditions, but to improve on them if possible. What happened during the days of slavery should not be a matter of law for us."

Mr. Kavlekar further declared, "On this particular issue we are prepared to seek re-election provided the Mayor resignes his seat and seeks re-election. The Mayor's position was somewhat analogous to that of a judge to whom people went seeking justice, and no judge could retain his directorship of a commercial firm after he was appointed judge, though there was nothing in the law to prevent him from taking that course. It was only a convention that prevented him from acting that way.

SECONDER

Mr. Naushir Bharucha seconding the resolution contended that traditions are not made by law, but are built up by conventions. It was but natural that the Mayor should wield a certain amount of influence among the people. In the present case the Mayor had not offered his guidance and advice to those who sought for it, but had actually identified himself with the Congress party. This was unfair to other parties in the Corporation, and struck at the very root of the Mayor's impartiality.

Concluding, Mr. Bharucha said, "We do not want our Mayor to be reduced to the level of a vote-canvasser for the political party to which he is affiliated."

Opposing the motion Mr. G. G. Gandhi said that by allowing the motion to be discussed the Mayor had had given evidence of his belief in the fundamental principle of democracy, and had proved himself worthy of the trust reposed in him by the House.

Mr. Ganpatishanker Desai said he could not understand in what way the Mayor had harmed the cause of other parties in the Corporation by participating in the election propaganda in favour of the Congress. He had not spent the municipal money or used the municipal machinery for carrying on the election campaign.

Mr. Rohit Dave pointed out that the Mayor enjoyed the confidence of the House, and had a position in public life. That position was to be maintained at any cost. By influencing voters in favour of certain candidates in the elections he had gailed to maintain that position.

Mr. Mirza Akhtar Hussein said that there was no convention or usage to guide the Mayor. It was purely a matter of opinion.

COMPLIMENTS

The Mayor in the course of his brief address at the fag-end of the debate complimented the members on the high tone of the debate. He regretted that no member had pointed out any constitutional practice by which his conduct could be judged. In the West the Mayors still continued to hold their party affiliations even during their period of mayoralty.

Mr. Patil further said that if the opposition thought that he had done something wrong it was their duty to have drawn his attention to it. They could have then put their heads together and found some way out. Instead they rushed to the press. "Surely that was not the method to maintain constitutional propriety", he said.

The resolution was then put to the vote and was lost by 62 to 23.

SPEAKING TIME

Earlier the Corporation after a heated debate referred to the Law, Revenue and General Purposes Committee a resolution restricting the time allowed to each member to speak. According to the resolution the mover was to be allowed not more than ten minutes, and the councillor moving an amendment or taking part in the debate was to be allowed only five minutes. The Committee was requested to consider the new proposals and to submit their report on the same with a view to modifying the Corporation Procedure Rules accordingly.

Mr. Naushir Bharucha, opposing the resolution said that this was an attempt on the part of the Congress Party to gag the opposition.

Mr. Dahyabhai Patel who had moved the resolution pointed out in reply that the new rule was meant to prevent unnecessary waste of time and to make the House more businesslike.

The resolution was carried by a large majority.

FIRST OF HYDERABAD JAGIRS TAKEN OVER

HYDERABAD, Sept. 15, (P.T.I.): RAJA RAMESHWAR RAO, the Raja Saheb of Wanaparthy, handed over today the key and seals of Wanaparthy principality to Major-General J. N. Choudhury, Military Governor of Hyderabad, at a darbar in the Palace here.

This 440 year-old principality is the first in the series of 17 jagirs to be taken over by the Care-Taker Government of Hyderabad "with the aim of putting the administration of whole State on a high level."

Twenty-six year-old Raja Rameshwar Rao said he was "gratified that the change has brought forth a Government of the people by the people and I hope it would also be for the people."

Major-General J. N. Choudhury, declared that he was clear in his mind that "the right step has now been taken".

CONTINUANCE OF RACING

Madras Considers Issue

(From Our Correspondent).

MADRAS, Sept. 15.

The Madras Premier, Mr. P. S. Kumaraswamy Raja, stated today that the Madras Government were considering the question whether racing and betting on horses should be allowed to continue in the province.

It may be recalled that the Prime Minister Pandit Nehru issued a directive to provincial governments to go slow with reforms like prohibition and racing and concentrate on vital matters like food production. According to present position, the Madras Government are committeed to stopping racing altogether in the province after the end of the present season.

Tributes To Dr. Pillai

BOMBAY, Thursday.

Mr. S. K. Patil, President of the Bombay Provincial Congress Committee and Mayor of Bombay, unveiled the portrait of the late Dr. Champak Raman Pillai at the People's Hall this evening and paid tributes to Dr. Pillai's services to the cause of India's independence.

Mr. Patil said that Dr. Pillai was a great lover of freedom and he spent his entire life for it. He was in Germany for the last 30 years and there he died a martyr's death.

Stop Press

ATOMIC ENERGY TALKS

LONDON, Sept. 15 (PTI-Reuter).—The British Foreign Office announced today that exploratory talks on British, American and Canadian relations in the field of atomic energy would begin in Washington on September 20. The announcement stressed the talks were exploratory and said that no new arrangements regarding future relations on atomic energy would be made pending consideration by the three Governments.

TRUMAN CAN LOWER U.S. TARIFFS

WASHINGTON, Sept. 15 (PTI-Reuter).—The Senate tonight gave President Truman freedom of action to lower American tariffs on foreign goods.

ARSON AGAIN IN CHUNGKING

—Thousands lost their homes in the third big fire in Chungking in a fortnight. The blaze raged for three hours in the suburbs yesterday. The official Central News Agency described the fire, which destroyed 300 houses and huts, as "the third case of arson", involving "malicious elemsnts." A number of suspects have been arrested the agency said.

News BRIEFS

"Operation Kashmir"

The Jawans of the Indian Army at present stationed at Bombay saw the "Operation Kashmir" a film giving a striking record of the highest possible degree of bravery of their brothers in Kashmir. They were also shown the film entitled "Farmers of Tomorrow" at a show organised for them by the Films Division of the Ministry of Information and Broadcasting, Government of India.

Baroda Seizure

The Baroda police on Thursday raided a printing press in city and seized some pamphlets and other Communist literature.

Later, the police also raided the local Communist Party office and seized some literature.

Claims Reiterated

The Madras District Congress Committee has reiterated the claim of Tamils to the city of Madras. In a resolution passed at its meeting at Madras on Wednesday, the Committee disapproved "any move to disintegrate, or divide the city of Madras."

Delhi Medical Hostel

The Government of India will shortly take over the Lady Hardinge Medical College and Hostel, Delhi in accordance with the recommendations of the Standing Committee to the Ministry of Health.

Ban Lifted

The Government of Bombay has removed the existing restrictions on the use of milk and milk products in the preparation of non-essential articles in Sholapur district.

Un-Indian Activities

A prisoner who escaped from a police lockup on Tuesday at Jullunder was re-arrested on Wednesday when he was about to leave Jullundur with a Muslim convoy bound for Pakistan.

He was being held on charges of un-Indian activities.

Trade Unionists Arrested

Mr. Kunja Behari Pathak, Acting General Secretary and Mr. Nirmal Bhattacharyya, Assistant Secretary of the Bengal Provincial Trade Union Congress, has been arrested under the Bengal Criminal Law amendment Act.

Ban On Smoking

Mr. Bhim Sen Sachhar, Premier, East Punjab, said on Thursday that his Cabinet was considering a suggestion for banning smoking in cinema houses.

THREAT TO OVERSEAS COMMUNICATIONS

Staff Union To Hold Strike Ballot

BOMBAY, Thursday.

The Overseas Communications Service Staff Union, Bombay, at its annual general meeting today authorised the new Managing Committee to take all measures for a strike ballot.

The Union "resented Government's unending delay in satisfying the members' most elementary demand" relating to pay scales, and communicated its decsion to hold a strike ballot to the Government of India.

The Managing Committee of the Union at its meeting on July 3 revoked its decision taken on June 22 for a strike ballot in response to an invitation from the Ministry of Communications for a discussion of their demands.

WORLD BANK LOAN FOR INDIA

Approval Within Thirty Days

WASHINGTON, Sept. 15 (PTI-Reuter).—Mr. Eugene Black, President of the International Bank for Reconstruction and Development, said today that a further loan to India of between ten and 15 million dollars would probably be approved within 30 days.

The loan would be used to buy tractors to clear weed-infested land for crops.

The Bank made its first loan to India of 34,000,000 dollars for Railway development on August 18.

INDIAN CHAIRMAN

India is the next member country to be Chairman of the International Monetary Fund and International Bank, it was stated here yesterday. The formal voting among the 48 member nations will be held on the last day of the present session of the two bodies, September 16. During the last four annual sessions, the Chairmen have been drawn from the United States, Britain, China and France. It is India's chance this year as the next most senior member.

DEFINITION OF "GUERILLA"

Dutch-Indonesian Agreement

BATAVIA, Sept. 15, (PTI-Reuter): Dutch and Indonesian senior officers have agreed on the definition of the term "guerilla", a Dutch diplomatic source said tonight.

According to this a guerilla is an armed man not necessarily wearing uniform but possessing an identity card bearing an approved design and signature.

Also he must wear a distinctive cap, badge or arm band visible from a reasonable distance and carry arms openly, the source said.

American, Australian and Belgian observers of the United Nations Commission in Indonesia were stated to have approved the definition.

KRISHNA-PENNAR PROJECT

100-Mile Canal To Link Two Dams

MADRAS, Sept. 15 (PTD.—The Rs. 90-crore Krishna-Pennar Project of the Madras Government has been declared "feasible" by engineering authorities it was learned today.

A party of engineers, now conducting a preliminary investigation at the dam sites in the Kurnool and Cuddapah district, expect to complete their work and present their report to Government in March 1950.

The project, provides for the construction of a dam across Krishna river at Siddheshwaram and the north Pennar river in Cuddapah.

Both will be connected by a canal over 100 miles in length. Apart from this main canal, a net-work of 760 miles of subsidiary canals will distribute water to the districts of Kurnool, Cuddapah, Chittor, Nellore, Chingleput and South Arcot, irrigating about 30,00,000 acres. This, it is estimated, will raise a rich rice crop of 15,00,000 tons.

The scheme also provides for the development of hydro-electric power to the extent of 2,50,000 k.w.

TURKEY PROTESTS TO BULGARIA

Sequel To Explosion

ANKARA, Sept. 15, (PTI-Reuter): Turkey has officially protested to Bulgaria over a bomb explosion outside the Turkish Consulate in Plovdiv on Saturday night.

In a note to the Bulgarian Government, Turkey requested "exemplary punishment" for the author of the incident, which, it said, imperilled the life of Turkey's consular officials. It also asked for punishment of "culpable Bulgarian officials".

Bulgarian explanation yesterday blamed the incident on "ill-intentioned persons attempting to hinder the Bulgarian Government's efforts to maintain normal correct relations with our southern neighbour Turkey."

No Devaluation Of £

LONDON, Sept. 15. (PTI-Reuter): British Treasury quarters today reaffirmed "no devaluation of sterling", in an answer to the buzz of speculation here, in America and throughout the world.

After return home, Sir Stafford Cripps will report privately to Prime Minister Attlee either during the weekend or early next week and a full Cabinet meeting will subsequently discuss the results of the Washington talks.

CERTAIN, SAYS U. S. EXPERT

NEW YORK, Sept. 15. (PTI-Reuter): The Wall Street Journal today quoted an American financial authority as stating that sterling devaluation was a political problem which British officials would avoid facing just as long as they could—"but to a lot of us on this side of the Atlantic it looks like something that is going to happen before too long".

In a despatch from Washington, the newspaper said that if Britain was taking any preliminary devaluation steps, "the moves are among the best kept international secrets".

151st ANNIVERSARY OF 1st RAJPUTS

NEW DELHI, Sept. 15: The 1st battalion of the Rajput regiment (Queen Victoria's Own Light Infantry) celebrated its 151st anniversary by holding a ceremonial parade at the Red Fort, Delhi, this morning, in the presence of a large number of Army officers and their families.

General K. M. Cariappa, C-in-C of the Indian Army, inspected the parade and took the salute at an impressive march-past.

Addressing all ranks of the battalion, Gen. Cariappa spoke of the magnificent exploits of the unit and expressed the hope that in future it will win many more laurels and continue to maintain the glorious tradition it had established.

DETENTION WITHOUT TRIAL FALLS WITHIN DEMOCRATIC FRAMEWORK

RANCHI, Sept. 14 (PTD)—No political party willing to function within the democratic framework was under any disability or discriminated against in Bihar, Mr. Sri Krishna Sinha, Bihar Premier, told a press conference here today.

The Communist Party of India and the Revolutionary Communist Party too, the Premier said, were not under any legal proscription, but certain restrictions had been imposed on their activities. Their very creed put them out of a democratic framework.

In Bihar at present, the Premier said, 204 persons were detained without trial. Of these 192 were Communists and the remaining were found working against the security of the country or preaching communal disorder.

BALANCING OUR EXPORT TRADE

Congress "Economic Review's" Suggestion

NEW DELHI, Sept. 15 (PTI)—The Fortnightly 'Economic Review' of the All-India Congress Committee suggests controlling and rationing of consumption of tea, coffee, and oil seeds and creation of "free trade zones" where articles such as tea may be processed and re?exported to hard currency areas, for balancing India's export trade.

The 'Review' says that the deficit in the country's balance of payments in the budgets of the Government and the lapses from wull employment were "only the symptoms of the disease". "Deep down in the economic structure of the country lies the fundamental disequilibrium between the nation's capacity to produce and the people's desire to consume."

STUDENTS' DEMANDS DAY IN CALCUTTA

CALCUTTA, Sept. 15. (PTI): "Students' Demands Day" was observed in Calcutta today under the auspices of the Bengal Provincial Students Federation and the All Bengal Students Congress. Meetings held in observance of the day in different parts of the city adopted resolutions reiterating the demands of the students.

The demands included: "Immediate opening of evening commerce classes at post-graduate stage, suspension of the order of the University to realise migration fee from the refugee students, release of students and withdrawal of cases against them, and an enquiry into the alleged police excesses on the students.

A procession taken out after one of the meetings, staged a demonstration in front of the residence of the West Bengal Premier, Dr. B. C. Roy for sometime and later joined a rally at the foot of the Octerloney monument, organised by the Bengal Provincial Trade Union Congress, in sympathy with the commerce students who are on strike since Sept. 9.

Students of most of the institutions in the city abstained from attending their classes.

New UNESCO Members

PARIS, Sept. 15, (PTI-Reuter): Israel and Pakistan tonight became member states of the United Nations Educational, Scientific and Cultural Organisation.

Delegations from both countries are expected to attend the general conference of the Organisation which opens here on Monday.

People IN THE NEWS

MR. M. S. GOLWALKAR

AKOLA, Sept. 15. PTI): Mr. M. S. Golwalkar, the R.S.S. Chief, arrived here today from Khamgaon. At the outskirts of the town he was met by a large crowd and was taken in procession led by uniformed volunteers.

*

MRS. SUCHETA KRIPALANI

NEW DELHI, Sept. 15. (UPI): Mrs Sucheta Kripalani and Mr. D. P. Karmarkar, members of the Indian Delegation to the forthcoming session of the U.N. General Assembly, left by air for Lake Success this afternoon. They were accompanied by Mr. M Sobhan, of the Indian News Chronicle, who will be acting as a Public Relations Officer to the Indian Delegation.

*

MR. M. M. NAIK-NIMBALKAR.

BOMBAY, Thursday: Mr. M. M Naik-Nimbalkar, Minister for Development, will pay a visit to Satara on September 17. He will return to Poona the same evening.

*

DR. S. P. MOOKERJEE

NEW DELHI, Sept. 15. (UPI): Dr S P. Mookerjee, Minister for Industry and Supply, will leave for Lucknow by air on Saturday, September 17, to open the Cottage Industries Exhibition organised by the Industries Department, U.P. Government.

SECRET CONFERENCE IN BELGIUM?

THE HAGUE, Sept. 15. (PTI-Reuter): The secret conference of leaders of the Indonesian conference will be held this week and in Belgium, it was learned on good authority today.

Conference sources declined to confirm or deny this but it was believed the leaders would leave by car tomorrow afternoon for the Chateau D'Ardenes where Western Union and Benelux conferences have been held.

The idea of a meeting in Belgium was believed to have originated when the Belgian member of the United Nations Commission for Indonesia Mr. Raymond Herremans invited the conference leaders two or three weeks ago to spend a few days in Belgium.

Constitution To Be Ready By Nov. 17

NEW DELHI, Sept. 15. (PTI): Dr. Rajendra Prasad, President of the Constituent Assembly, indicated today that the House is likely to adjourn on Saturday or Monday next and meet again from October 7 to 18 or 19 to complete the second reading.

A fortnight may be given to the Drafting Committee to complete revision of the draft and for printing and distributing it. The session for the third reading may start on November 7 and conclude in about ten days.

Dr. Prasad said that he would announce the programme "with a little more definiteness" tomorrow.

CITY RECEPTION TO MR. KARMARKAR

BOMBAY, Thursday.

At a reception held in his honour at the Cama Oriental Institute today by the Samyukta Karnatak Sangh, Mr. D. P. Karmarkar, Alternate Delegate to the U.N. General Assembly, said that as a representative of this country on that international body he would endeavour to raise the prestige of India in the comity of nations

Mr. Karmarkar added that the Kannadas had all along been in the background of public life, and the honour which had been conferred upon him by his nomination to U.N. General Assembly had been accepted by him in all humility.

Mr. R. A. Jahagirdar, Vice-Chancellor of the Karnatak University presiding on the occasion gave a brief resume of Mr. Karmarkar's life and his part in the national struggle. His nomination to U.N. was a tribute to his past life.

R

For unauthorised possession of Ration Card HASANALI FATCHALI was sentenced to one day's simple imprisonment and fined Rs. 500/- or in default to undergo three months' simple imprisonment. For a similar offence AMARNATH RAMNARESH was sentenced to one week's simple imprisonment and fined Rs. 150/- or in default to undergo one month's rigorous imprisonment.

For unauthorised possession of Ration Documents BABUMIYA FAJRYDDUN SHAIKH was sentenced to one day's simple imprisonment and fined Rs. 200/- or in default to undergo one month's simple imprisonment.

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R

For supplying bread illegally and at higher than the controlled price and using wheat flour in articles other than bread, DOMINGES FERNANDEZ was sentenced to two days' simple imprisonment and fined Rs. 3,800/- or in default to undergo six months' rigorous imprisonment.

For attempting to transport Cotton Cloth without a permit RAMKARAN DEVILAL was sentenced to one day's simple imprisonment and fined Rs. 500/- or in default to undergo two months' simple imprisonment.

For supplying Cotton Cloth without a permit BABULAL DHULCHANDJI was sentenced to one day's simple imprisonment and fined Rs. 100/- or in default to undergo one month's simple imprisonment.

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Border Incident Report

(Continued from page 1)

information was received from Bakhu Shah (Pakistan police post) that firing was being exchanged between the Bikaner patrol and Bakhu Shah post since 7-30 a.m. It was decided that the Indian and Pakistan representatives should go to their respective sides, stop the firing, find out the facts and meet again on the border road opposite Bakhu Shah.

FIRING STOPS

"By the time the Indian party reached the scene, the firing had stopped. They therefore went to Bhutiwala (Indian police post) to enquire into the matter. They were informed that a police patrol when passing opposite Bakhu Shah was fired upon from that post at about 8 a.m. The firing was returned and on receiving information of the incident, four more men were sent to reinforce the patrol and help them in their withdrawal. When these four men reached there, the firing had ceased and the patrol withdrew safely to the post.

"At about twelve noon, the Station Commander and his party left for the border to meet the Pakistan representatives of the border road opposite Bakhu Shah.

"The Indian party had their escort in a jeep and ten policemen were in a weapon carrier. As soon as they were within 200 yards of the Indian border road, they were fired upon from the Bakhu Shah post. They all got down into position. The firing though beyond 300 or 1,000 yards was well aimed and all the bullets fell within fifty yards radius of the Indian party. The firing continued for half an hour and about 110 rounds were fired.

NO RETALIATION

"A platoon and a section of lancers, who on receiving the news at Sri Karanpur of the morning firing had come to Butiwala, reached the border after about ten minutes. As they reached the high ground about 400 yards in the rear of the party headed by the Station Commander, they saw the Indian party in positions and also heard the firing. They also saw some men on the opposite side about 100 yards from Bakhu Shah post and believed they were responsible for the firing. They stopped there and signalled the Station Commander to withdraw after they had taken positions on their flanks.

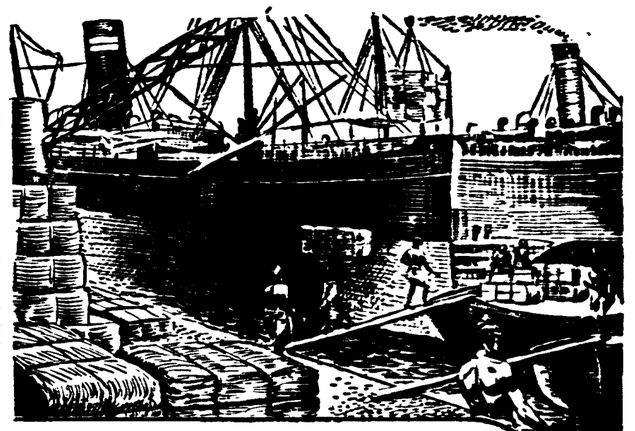
"In spite of the opposition and the strength of the Indian side, the Station Commander did not allow his men to open fire in retaliation.

DENIAL

"After about fifteen minutes, two jeeps came out of the Bakhu Shah village, stopped on the border and waved a white flag. The Station Commander and the police officers went up to them and found that they were the police officers of the Pakistan border police whom they had met earlier at Naggi.

"They did not mention anything about the firing and when asked about the cause of the firing, they flatly refused having any knowledge of the firing in that area during their stay there. The Station Commander and the Indian police officers therefore returned to Bhutiwala without further talks with the Pakistan representatives.

"It was obvious that firing had been done under the orders of the Pakistan representatives as they were all the time in Bakhu Shah post and therefore there was no use continuing the meeting with them."



Banking Facilities for Jute Trade

The extent to which commerce and trade depend on Jute in all its ramifications as a manufactured article is well known.

Lloyds Bank plays its part in the finance of this important industry before, during, and after manufacture, and as it helps the industry it likewise helps the individual.

Let LLOYDS BANK look after YOUR interests

LLOYDS BANK LIMITED INCORPORATED IN ENGLAND

NARROW PRICE MOVEMENT IN ACTIVE SHARES

Bombay Burmas Look Up

Bombay, Sept. 15

A keen contest between Gujarati Bears and Marwari Bulls in Tata Steel Defds. continues on the local Stock Exchange. At present each group is making all efforts to move the market in its own favour but so far neither of them have gained any ground and the market is grinding around present level. It remains to be seen how tomorrow's settlement passes.

Recently there had been extensive unloading and selling by Gujarati operators and all offerings were absorbed by Marwari operators. Bulls look for a rise of about 200 points in Tata Steel Defds. as a result of forced short covering while Bears anticipate heavy unloading. The situation is likely to be interesting in due course.

Tata Steel Defds. opened at Rs. 1380 against yesterday's close at Rs. 1371-4. Yesterday after the official close privately Tata Steel Defds. were raised at Rs. 1380. At the opening there was absence of any important buying and Defds. decline at Rs. 1372-8 but Bulls came out with their usual buying support and Defds. improved at Rs. 1382-8. Ordinary shares were quoted at Rs. 281.

Bombay Dyeings opened at Rs. 1062 and declined at Rs. 1055. Kohinoors opened at Rs. 275 and improved at Rs. 277. Svadeshi shares were quoted at Rs. 242. Scindia shares were done at Rs. 14-1 and Indian Irons were placed at Rs. 26-13.

Thereafter bulls little aggressive force and Defds. rose to Rs. 1392-8 and Ordinary shares were done at Rs. 282. Indian Irons improved at Rs. 27 and Bengal Steels were quoted at Rs. 21.

Bombay Dyeings rallied at Rs. 1060. Central Indias and Gokaks were placed at Rs. 210 and at Rs. 254 respectively.

Associated Cements were done at Rs. 141. Belapurs changed hands at Rs. 183 while Bombay Burmas hardened at Rs. 318-12. Scindias also improved at Rs. 14-7.

Towards the close Tata Steel Defds. reacted at Rs. 1385 and Ordinary shares were done at Rs. 282-8. Bombay Dyeings declined at Rs. 1050 on long liquidation.

The market at the close was irregular awaiting tomorrow's fortnightly settlement.

FORWARD SECTION

MILL SHARES		
Bombay Dyeing (10-8)	1052	8
Kohinoor Mills (3-2)	277	0
Swadeshi Mills (12-4) XD	241	0
Central India Mills (4)	210	8
Simplex Mills (6-8)	182	0
New Great Eastern (8)	138	0
Indore (9 plus 3)	117	8
Gokak Mills (12)	250	0
Century Spinning (15)	222	8
India Bleaching (6)	136	0
Swan Mills (2)	298	0
Finlay Mills (15)	256	0
Morarji Goculdas	436	4
Edward Sassoon (30)	221	4
Meyer (12)	105	0
Apollo Mills (As. 4)	2 9	6
India United Ord (10-13-6)	10	12
India United Defd (0-2-6)	1 10	6
Madhusudan Mills (15)	170	0
Podar (S)	132	8
Khatau Makanji (5)	156	4
STEEL SHARES		
Tata Steel Ord (14)	282	12
Tata Steel Defd. (64-13)	1385	0
Tata Steel 2nd Pref (7-2)	140	8
CEMENT		
Associated Cement (6)	141	4
INDUSTRIES		
Burma (12-3)	317	8
Belapur Sugar (9)	181	0
Shivrajpur Syndicate (0-3)	27	12
Scindia Steam (0-3)	14	5
Premier Construction	94	8
Tata Chemical	9	4
Tata Oil (2) X.D.	47	0
Indian Iron (0-12)	26	15
Bengal Steel (0-8-2)	21	0
British India Corp (0-9)	8	6
India Copper	2	7
Wimco	187	8
Alcock	260	0
ELECTRIC SHARES		
Tata Power (25)	1512	8
Andhra Valley (30)	1410	0
Tata Hydro (3)	152	8

CASH SECTION

COTTON MILLS		
Elphinstone Mills (9)	58	8
Phoenix (50)	131	4
Indian Mfg.	302	
Kurla	113	8
Colaba	118	8
New City (11)	152	8
Minerva (12)	127	8
Bradbury	435	0
Bharucha Defd. (0-4)	4	5
Bharat Mills (2)	29	0
Mysore Sug. Mills (4)	160	0
Madhavji Dharamsi (0-12)	14	8
Model Mills (12-8)	170	0
Lakshmi Cotton (25)	610	0
Vishnu Cotton (8)	208	12
Western India (40)	4070	0
Standard (15)	335	0
Sholapur Mills (200)	3000	0
Sassoon Cotton Mills (0-8)	16	0
Hindustan Mills (40)	4000	0
Tata Mills (2-4)	47	12
Ahmedabad Advance (9)	255	0
Ahmedabad Advance New	195	0
Sassoon Silk (3)	36	0
New Union Mills (0-8)	15	8
Madhusudan S (2-8)	35	0
Shrinivas Mills (S)	162	8
Raja Bahadur Poona (4)	67	0
Berar Mills	240	0
Victoria Mills	225	0
ELECTRIC (CASH)		
Ahmedabad Electric (4-0)	122	8
Ahmedabad New	72	0
Surat Electric (2-8)	132	8
Karachi Electric (2)	136	14
Broach (0-5)	6	12
Ajmer Electricity (0-8)	7	2
Amalgamated (0-12)	12	8
Nagpur Electricity (1-12)	26	8
Poona Electricity Supply (S)	146	14
Bombay Suburban X.R.	142	8
Bombay Suburban New	56	0
BANK SHARES		
Imperial Bank of India (35) X.D.	1767	8
Imperial Bank of India P.P. (8-12) X.D.	438	12
Central Bank (1-8)	77	12
New Central Bank	77	0
Bank of India (4) X.D.	173	0
Union (0-5)	7	0
Bank of Baroda (2-8)	120	8
Devkaran Nanjee Bank (1-8)	40	8
United Commercial (8)	46	12
Jaipur Bank (1-6)	35	12
Hindustan Commercial	17	0
Mysore Bank (8)	365	0
Eastern Bank (0-14-6)	94	0
INSURANCE		
Oriental (125)	4100	0
Empire (10)	625	0
New India (7)	51	0
Jupiter (1-4)	12	12
Vulcan (9-10)	11	10
Indian Merchantile (21)	34	12
Universal (9-4)	11	4
B.I.G. (1)	15	0
Industrial and Prudential	29	8
Neptune	7	0
New Great	25	0
All India General	15	10
RAILWAY SHARES		
G.P. (1-14) XD	113	0
MISCELLANEOUS SHARES		
Steamer (10)	248	12
Bombay Burma New (5)	122	8
Burma Petrol	1 7	9
Mackenzie (6)	65	0
Port Canning (7)	60	12
Kemp & Co. (30)	395	0
Zandu Pharmacy (7)	125	0
Industrial Invest Trust (3-12)	84	0
Dharamsey Chemical (2)	35	12
Mukund Iron	3	0
Dena Trust (0-12)	16	0
Alembic (10)	161	4
Supreme India X.R.	78	12
Jam Wire (6)	67	4
Bombay Uganda	67	8
Bombay Motor Cycle	30	0
Indian Cement (1937)	171	4
Walchand Nagar Industries (B.S.)	152	8
United Motor	32	0
Associated Cement New (3)	137	8
Bombay Safe Deposit (27)	880	0
Hydary Construction	19	10
Mahmadi Steam	96	0
Gujarat Motor	28	0
Sardar Carbonic X.D	700	0
Harvey Press	310	0
Estrela Batteries	32	2
Manmad Press	120	0
National Rayon	36	8
PREFERENCE SHARES		
Tata Steel 1st (6)	196	4
Andhra Valley (7)	1235	0
Tata Power (7-8)	1332	8
Hydro Electric (7)	130	5
Bombay Steamer (6)	235	0
Centrai India (5)	625	0
Swadeshi Mills	126	4
Vishnu Mills (7)		
Lakshmi Mills	268	2
New Great Mills (5-8)	220	0
Podar Mills (4)	105	0
Shirnivas Mills	98	0
Elphinstone Mills (7)	106	4
Bradbury Mills (7-8)	316	4
Surat Electricity (3-4)	137	8
Pre. Construction First	101	14
Pre. Construction 2nd Pref.	98	4
Amalgamated	115	0
Habib	72	9
Tata Chemical	113	12
Walchandnagar	130	0
Jupiter	19	14
Supreme	100	0
Meyer	110	0
Mackenzie (1st)	85	0
Mackenzie (2)	80	0
Ahmedabad Advance	132	8
Mysore Mill	50	0
Standard	99	0
Madhusudan	12	0
Khatau	100	12
Morarji	94	8
DEBENTURES		
Andhra 1952	103	8
Gula Kajamsingh	8	9
Rubber Planting	17	0
Bombay Steamer	97	0
Indian Hume Pipe	101	0
Tata Power 1951	103	0
Walchandnagar	105	0
OUTSIDE SHARES		
Burma Corporation	2 8	6
New Victoria	2	10
New Victoria 2 (Pref.)	4	14
Paltan (8)	97	8
Gold Mohor	282	8
New Kaiser Hind	420	0
Sajjan Mills (20)	155	0
Osmanshahi (16)	235	0
Azamshahi	255	0
Air Services	5	12
Air India Tata	72	0
Hind Motor	4	13
India Steam	8	1

INDIAN STOCK EXCHANGE

BOMBAY, Sept. 15.

Tata Ordinary 282-8; Tata Deferred 1385; Indian Iron 26-14; Steel Corpn. of Bengal 21; Bombay Dyeing 1062 8; Central India 210; Gokak 253; Kohinoor 276; Simplex 182; Swadeshi 241; Tata Power 1512-8; Associated Cement 141; Belapur 181; Bombay Burma (Old) 317; Scindia 14-6; Central Bank 77-12; New India 51; Tata 2nd Pref. 140-8.

GOLD AND SILVER

Bank Invites Tenders For 600 Bars

BOMBAY, Sept. 15.

The Reserve Bank of India sold today 500 bars of silver at Rs. 158-7 and has invited tenders for 600 bars for tomorrow.

These daily sales are easily absorbed by upcountry markets which are mostly cornered by bull operators. Bears are buying daily available stock in the local market with a view to tender in several upcountry markets.

Aso delivery silver opened today at Rs. 156-8 and after declining at Rs. 156-2 steadied at Rs. 156-4. Ready silver was quoted at Rs. 159 but delivery out of today's Bank's sales, this evening was quoted at Rs. 158-8.

Forward gold for Aso delivery opened at Rs. 111-10 and after improving at Rs. 111-15 declined at Rs. 111-4. Ready gold was quoted at Rs. 114-12 and sovereigns were placed at Rs. 74-12.

Final quotations were as under:—

	Rs.	as	p.
Silver Ready	158	2	0
Silver Aso	156	0	0
Ready Gold	113	12	0
Aso Gold	109	15	0

BOMBAY COTTON

Forward Trading To Begin From Saturday

Bombay, Sept. 15

It is now finally decided today by the Board of Directors of the East India Cotton Association to begin forward trading in 1949-50 Cotton Crop from Saturday when the market will open at 1-15 p.m. and close at 3 p.m.

The Board has also accepted the proposal to call for deposit by a 2/3rd majority from any party or parties when such necessity arises.

INDIAN COTTON PARITY

Indian cotton September contract is 609 cent points below New York October at Exchange rate 331.

PRODUCE MARKET

Bombay, Sept. 15

The local Produce market was quietly steady with very little business passing. Quotations were as under:

GROUNDNUTS—			
Khandesh	43	4	0
Madras	42	12	0
Bold	42	12	0
Oil local mills	23	12	0
Upcountry mills	23	5	0
Castorseeds	27	0	0
Linseed	32	12	0
Linseed small	32	7	0
Linseed Oil	19	12	0

YEOTMAL QUOTATIONS

YEOTMAL, Sept. 14.

Cottonseed Bullty cut			
Kathiawar East Punjab	22	8	0
Rajputana Bombay prendy	23	0	0
Urada New	17	0	0
Moong New	17	8	0
Groundnut New	20	0	0
Toor	14	0	0
Toor Dall Desi	20	8	0
Groundnut Oil	68	8	0
Groundnut Posh	58	0	0

GOVERNMENT LOANS

BOMBAY, Sept 15.

2 1/2 per cent 1954	98	12	0
2 1/2 per cent 1950	100	4	0
2 1/2 per cent 1955	99	11	0
2 1/2 per cent 1961	96	6	0
2 1/2 per cent 1960	99	6	0
2 3/4 per cent 1962	99	4	0
2 3/4 per cent 1978	95	12	0
3 per cent non terminable	97	6	0
3 per cent Con	97	11	0
3 per cent 1951-54	101	14	0
3 per cent 1953-55	102	0	0
3 per cent 1957	101	5	0
3 per cent 1959-61	100	13	0
3 per cent 1963-65	100	3	0
3 per cent 1966-68	100	2	0
3 per cent 1970-75	100	0	0
3 1/2 per cent 1954-59	104	10	0
3 1/2 per cent 1960-70	110	6	0
4 1/2 per cent 1950/55	102	0	0
4 1/2 per cent 1958-60	110	8	0
4 1/2 per cent 1958-68	114	4	0
PROVINCIAL LOANS			
3 per cent Bombay 1962	98	15	0
2 3/4 per cent C. P. 1961	97	0	0
2 3/4 per cent Madras 1961	97	0	0
3 per cent Bombay 1955	100	6	0
3 per cent Bombay 1958	100	6	0
3 per cent Punjab 1949	100	0	0
3 per cent Madras 1952-53	100	6	0
3 per cent U. P. 1952	100	6	0
3 per cent C. P. 1952	100	6	0
3 per cent N.W.F. 1952	98	2	0
3 per cent U. P. 1961-68	99	12	0
4 per cent B.P.T.	110	12	0
3 1/4 Municipal	100	11	0
4 per cent B. Municipality	110	8	0
5 per cent Bombay Municipality 1959	114	0	0
3 per cent B. Municipal 1954	114	0	0
3 per cent B. Municipal 1950	107	0	0

MONEY MARKET

BOMBAY, Sept. 15.

B C Rates T T D D 1/5 15/16 Ready.

B C Rates T T D D 1-5 29/32 up to 6 Months.

London Banks Selling T T D D 1/5 31/32 Ready.

London Banks Selling T T D D 1/5 15/16 up to 6 Months.

London Banks Buying T T 1/6 1/32 to 9th Month.

London Banks Buying T T 1/6 1/16 10th-12th Month.

London Banks Buying D D 1/6 1/16 to 4th Month.

London Banks Buying D D 1/6 3/32 5th and 6th Month.

London Banks Buying D D 1/6 1/8 7th and 9th Month.

London Banks Buying 60 and 90 d/st 1/6 1/8 to 4th Month.

London Banks Buying 60 and 90 d/st 1/6 5/32 5th and 6th Month.

London Banks Buying 60 and 90 d/st 1/6 3/16 7th—9th Month.

London Banks Buying 120 d/st 1/6 5/32 to 4th Month.

London Banks Buying 120 d/st 1/6 3/16 5th and 6th Month.

London Banks Buying 120 d/st 1/6 7/32 7th and 9th Month.

New York and Montreal B C Rate T T Rs. 332 1/4.

Banks Selling T T D D Rs. 332 1/4

Banks Buying T T Rs. 330.

Banks Buying D D N Y Rs. 328 3/4 Montreal Rs. 328 1/2.

Banks Buying D D N Y Rs. 329 Rs. 328 3/4 L/C.

Paris Banks Selling T T Fcs. 8100.

Paris Banks Buying T T Fcs. 8320.

Amsterdam Banks Selling T T D D Fl 79

Belgium Banks Selling T T D D Fcs. 1305

Java Banks Selling T T D D Glds. 79.

Hongkong Banks Selling T T D D Rs. 83 1/4.

Singapore Banks Selling T T D D Rs. 156 1/4.

Manila Banks Selling T T D D Rs. 165 3/4.

New York/London Cross Rate dol. 4.02 3/4 to 4.03 1/4; London/Afghanistan Cross Rate Afghani Rs. 52, 57-53 43; London/Alexandria Cross Rate Pia 97 1/4-3/4; London/Amsterdam Cross Rate Fl. 10.68-70; London/Bangkok Cross Rate Tcl. 40; London/Belgium Cross Rate Fcs. 176 1/2-3/4; London/Denmark Cross Rate Kr. 19-32-36; London/Hongkong Cross Rate 1/2 15/16-1/2 .25/32; London/Iran Cross Rate Rl. 128-130; London/Java Cross Rate Fl. 10.68-70; London Lisbon Cross Rate Es. 99.80-100.20; London/Manila Cross Rate Pes. 8.09-8.14; London/Montreal Cross Rate dol. 4.02-3/4—4.03-1/4 London/New York Cross Rate dol. 4.02 3/4-4.03 1/4; London/Oslo Cross Rate Kr. 19.98-20.02; London/Paris Cross Rate Fcs. 1096-1098; London/Prague Cross Rate K. 201-202; London/Singapore Cross Rate 2/3 15/16-2/4 1/16; London/Stockholm Cross Rate Kr. 14.47-50; London/Switzerland Cross Rate Fcs. 1734-36.

London Discts. 3 Mos. 5/8 p.c. London Discts. 6 Mos. 3/4 p.c.

Reserve Bank Rate 3 p.c.; Bank of England Rate 2 p.c.

Money:—Call 3/4 p.c.; 3 Mos. 1 p.c.; 6 Mos. 1-1/4 p.c.; 12 Mos. 1-1/2 p.c.

Tone: Easy.

IMPERIAL BANK OF INDIA

The following is the statement of the Affairs of the Imperial Bank of India on the 9th September:—

LIABILITIES	Rs.
Capital Paid	5,62,50,000
Reserve Fund	6,30,00,000
Fixed Deposit, Savings Bank, Current and other Accounts	257,78,28,000
Sundries	1,15,98,000
Total	270,86,76,000

ASSETS	Rs.
INVESTMENTS:—	
Government Securities	108,86,31,000
Other Authorised Investments	10,83,90,000
ADVANCES:—	
Loans	20,81,55,000
Cash Credits and Overdrafts	66,18,19,000
Bills Discounted and Purchased	6,01,88,000
Dead Stock	1,58,33,000
Sundries	1,39,97,000
CASH—	
In hand and with the Reserve Bank of India	47,74,50,000
Balances with other Banks	7,42,13,000
Total	270,86,76,000

ALEXANDRIA COTTON

ALEXANDRIA, Sept. 14.

Karnak	Nov.	66.85+25
"	Jan	63.75+31
"	March	62.50+25
Ashmouni	Oct.	48.75+25
"	Dec.	48.20+05
"	Feb.	47.92+42

Record Of Actual Transactions In Shares

BOMBAY, Sept. 15.

MILLS

Apollo 2-9-6.
Bharat 29.
B. Dyeing 1062-8 63-12 55 57-8 52-8.
Bradbury Ord. 435.
C. India 209 7-8 9-8 9 12 10-2.
Finlay 257 55-8 56.
Gokak 252 50-8 53.
I. U. Defd. 1-10-6.
I. U. Ord. 10-8-6 10-10 10-9 10-12
Indore 120 17-8.
Khatau 155 56-4.
Kohinoor 277 75 76-4 75 77.
Laxmi 605 8-12.
Mysore 160.
Morarji 436-4.
New Great 138 39 38.
Phoenix 131-4.
Podar 132-8.
Sassoon Silk 36.
Sholapur 3000.
Shrinivas 157-8 62-8.
Simplex 182-8 82 83 82.
Svadeshi 244-8 41 42 41.
Swan 298.
Vishnu 210.
Scindia 14-2 14-3 13-14 14-7-6 14-5.

BANKS

Baroda 120-8.
Central 77-12.
Central New 77.
Imperial Old 1767-8.
Imperial New 438-12.
India 173-8 73.
U. Commercial 47-4 46-12.

ELECTRIC

Ahmedabad 122/8, 23/2, 22/8.
Suburban 143/12.
Hydro 152/8.
Hydro Prof 130.
Power 1510, 12/8, 7/8, 12/8.

INSURANCE

Jupiter 12/12.
New India 50/8, 51.
Oriental 4100.

STEEL

B. Steel 20/10, 21/1, 21.
I. Iron 26/9, 26/8, 27/2, 26/15.
Tata Defd. 1382/8, 85, 72/8, 93/12, 82/8, 85.
Tata Ord. 281/8, 80/8, 83/12, 82/12.
Tata IInd Pref. 140/8.

MISCELLANEOUS

Alcock 258/12, 60.
A. C. C. Old 141, 40/12, 41/4.
A. C. C. New 137/8.
Belapur 182/8, 83, 81.
B. B. Old 310, 19/6, 17/8
B. New 120, 22/8
B. B. Petrol 1/7, 1/7/3.
B. I. C. 8/6.
I. Copper 2/7.
P. Const. 93, 92/8, 93, 94/8
Shivrajpur 27/12.
Tata Chem. 9/4.
Tata Oil 47.
Wimco 187/8.

SPECIAL

Ahmedabad Elec. New 72/4, 72.
Bombay Uganda 67, 67/8.
Mukund Iron ord. 3.
Motor House Kujerat Ord. 26.

MILL PRICE-FIXING IN NEW YORK COTTON MARKET

Wall Street Barely Steady With Minor Changes

NEW YORK, Sept. 14.

Opening gains were modestly extended influenced by mill price-fixing, continued favourable textile news, lightness of hedges, reports of widespread rains in the cottonbelt which tend to delay crop movement and the Cotton Exchange service estimated of August consumption at 675,000 bales. On the otherhand whenever October reached the 30 cent level offerings increased. In the afternoon weather complaints and continued bullish textile news appeared to be the chief sustaining factors. The trade absorbed scattered hedges. The market closed steady with sales at approximately 95,000 bales.

NEW YORK COTTON

NEW YORK, Sept 14 (PTI-Reuter).

October	29.99 plus 06
December	29.80—
March	29.73—01
May	29.63—03
July	29.05—05
Middleing Spot	31.14 plus 03

NEW ORLEANS COTTON

NEW YORK, Sept 14 (PTI-Reuter):

October	29.91 plus 04
December	29.74—01
March	29.66—04
May	29.55—04
Middling Spot	31.14 plus 03

New York Cotton October Highest 30.00 at 10.13 Lowest 29.94 at 12.33 hours.

WALL STREET MARKET

An upward thrust was handicapped considerably this morning by corrective profit-taking and liquidation stemming from a renewal of labour uncertainty. A new element of doubt was inserted into the earlier optimistic steel picture as industry leaders expressed opposition to the factfinding board recommendation that companies should pay the full cost of pension and social insurance benefits for workers.

Additionally the coal union chief, Mr. John L. Lewis, reentered the spotlight by threatening a strike against Southern mine operators "defaulting" on welfare payments. In active trading prices showed mostly fractional movements both ways. While gains were slightly in the majority numerous pivotal industrials and rails were unchanged to slightly lower. The averages were industrials 183.26 and rails 47.17.

The stock market during the afternoon just managed to maintained the 1,000 million dollar improvement in values which resulted from Tuesday's rally. Despite occasional spurts in commitment trimming because of the renewed specture of labour trobule which ousted other considerations prices in late dealings showed rather evenly divided changes eitherway mainly fractional in extent. The market closed barely steady.

PARIS STOCK EXCHANGE

PARIS, Sept. 14.

Yesterday's speech by the president of the international bank which gave rise to the belief that devaluation of some European currencies was nearer than had previously been thought induced a better tone on the bourse today and South African goldmines and coppers petroleums and domestic shares generally gained some ground.

BRUSSELS STOCK EXCHANGE

BRUSSELS, Sept. 14.

The statement there is the possibility of early reintroduction of futures trading on the bourse here exerted a favourable influence on the market today and prices advanced in improved activity. Gains, however, were pared near the close by increased profittaking by professionals.

AMSTERDAM STOCK EXCHANGE

AMSTERDAM, Sept. 14.

Prices improved under the influence of the Washington monetary talks to close at the day's highest levels. Among internationals, rubbers showed moderate gains in improved activity but dealings in Indonesian issues were restricted.

LONDON EXCHANGES

LONDON Sept 14.

	Selling	Buying
New York	4.0275	4.0325
Montreal	4.0275	4.0325
Zurich	17.34	17.36
Sweden	14.47 to	14.50

BRITAIN SPENDING FEWER DOLLARS ON FOOD

Britain now imports only 12 per cent. of her food requirements from dollar sources, of which nine per cent is wheat. In 1945 she was receiving about 30 per cent. of her food from America and Canada—L. P. S

DROP IN STERLING ON DEVALUATION RUMOURS

NEW YORK, Sept. 14 (P.T.I.-Reuter): Gains in the value of the pound sterling on the foreign exchange market here were wiped out today with the sudden revival of devaluation rumours.

CHICAGO GRAINS

Grain prices declined gradually under scattered commission house profittaking and hedging which met little commercial demand although wheat attracted some support from elevator interests on expectations of additional cashwheat purchases by the C. C. C. Selling in maize and soyabeans reflected improved weather over most of the belt.

CHICAGO WHEAT

CHICAGO, Sept 14 (PTI-Reuter):

Sept 2.08	
December 2.11-1/4	
March 2.09-1/2	
May 2.02-5/8	

LONDON WHEAT

LONDON Sept. 14.

Australian wheat fob bulk 89/7-1/2 Sept., Oct.

T.T. tLondon on.

NEW YORK PEPPER DULL

NEW YORK, Sept. 14.

The market for black pepper was extremely dull. Spots were offered at 1.28 cents, September delivery at 1.26, October arrival at 1.24, November arrival 1.18 with buyers still holding off pending new developments abroad.

LONDON PEPPER IRREGULAR

LONDON, Sept. 14.

The pepper market was irregular and nominal. A deputation was received at the British treatury today to discuss the export embargo on Malabar. It is understood that the position is under review and the trade is awaiting announcement in the near future. Black Lampong was indicated around 7 shillins, white Muntok and Sarawak at 9sh. 1d. per pound c.i.f. basis ports.

SINGAPORE PEPPER QUIET

SINGAPORE, Sept. 14.

The pepper market was again very quiet. White Muntok was unchanged at 495 dollars per picul ex-godown while black Lampong eased further two dollars to 3/8th dollars.

NEW YORK STOCK EXCHANGE

NEW YORK, Sept 14 (PTI-Reuter):

Anaconda Copper mining	28
General Motors	63—3/4
New York Central Railroad Co.	10—5/8
General Electric	38
American Tel and Tel	143—3/8
International Nickel	28—1/4
U.S. Steel Corp Common	23—3/4
Western Union	15
Union Carbide	40
U.S. Smelting & refining	40
Secony Vacuum Oil	17—1/8
Texas Corp	61
Chase National Bank	41—3/4
National Bank of India	23—3/4
Ingersool Rand	67 bid
Firestone tyre	46—1/4
Sinclair Oil Corp	24—1/4
Amerex Holding Co.	29—3/4

The highest and lowest U.S. Steel Trading prices were 24 and 23-3/4 respectively.

The volume of business on the New York Stock Exchange was 1,690,000.

LONDON BULLION

LONDON, Sept 14.

London Silver Spot and Forward both 44-1/2 pence Gold bars fine per ounce.

MADRAS SHARE MARKET

Closes Rather Easy

MADRAS, Sept. 15, (P. T. I): In the absence of fresh support the local market was featureless. Amongst Banks Andhra and Indian Overseas lost further ground. Fresh enquiry was noticeable in Mysore Sugars at Rs. 30 8. Planting ruled quiet with business scattered in sundry shares.

Madura in textile group lost twelve annas at Rs. 38 whilst Mysore Spuns improved to Rs. 5/11.

Mysore Papers were lower at Rs. 10/5 but cements were steady.

Market closed rather easy.

Ahmedabad Share Market

(From Our Correspondent.)

AHMEDABAD, Sept. 15.

With narrow fluctuations market displayed a steady undertone:—

FLUCTUATIONS: Calico Opened 1034, Highest 1037, Lowest 1029.

Arvind Opened 1556, Highest 1565, Lowest 1547.

Ambica Opened 322, Lowest 319.

Defered Opened 1381, Highest 1382, Lowest 1372.

CLOSING QUOTATIONS: Calico 1029, Arving 1552, Defered 1380, Ambica 320, Ashok 607/8, Rohit 101/4, Marsdon 139.

LONDON STOCK EXCHANGE

LONDON, Sept 14 (PTI-Reuter).

2-1/2 p.c. British Consols	272—1/4
3-1/2 p.c. Conversion Loan 1961	96—7/8
4 p.c. funding loan 1960/90	109
3-1/2 p.c. Warloan on or after Dec. 1st 1952	95—1/8
Chartered Bank of India	10—7/16
National Bank of India	33—3/4

Transactions on the London Stock-Exchange are officially placed at 5,484.

Arrivals And Departures Of Steamers

BOMBAY, Sept. 15.

ARRIVALS

S.S. VAN DER WAALS (Nererland Line) from Amsterdam on Sept. 15 with general cargo 9,396 tons. Agents: Volkart.

DEPARTURES

S.S. BADARPUR (Burmah Oil) for Abadan on Sept. 15. Agents: R. A. Cambell.

S.S. M. S. TIJUCA (Wilh. Wilhaefsen) for Kharmashr on Sept. 14 with general cargo 2,000 tons. Agents: Kari Waare.

S.S. HOEGH TRADER (Leif Hoegh) for Calcutta on Sept. 14 with general cargo 3,000 tons. Agents: B. Svenshoit.

S.S. SENECA CASTLE (Overseas Tankship) for Bahrein on Sept. 14. Agents: M. S. Hansen.

S.S. CITY OF LUCKNOW (Ellerman) for Calcutta on Sept. 15 with general cargo 5,900 tons. Agents: W. J. Merchant.

S.S. SUNSET (Overseas Tankship) for Montreal on Sept. 15. Agents: P. J. Barbe.

WILL AHMEDABAD RISE TO THE OCCASION?

Textile Crisis Passed

(From Our Correspondent)

AHMEDABAD, (By Mail)

The latest announcement regarding cloth policy by Dr. Shyamprasad Mukherji, Civil Supply Minister, Government of India had a soothing effect on the cloth situation, which threatened to head towards crisis. It is hoped now that under the new scheme, the cloth trade of Ahmedabad which had died an unnatural death at the hands of control will revive. Ahmedabad has prospered in the past through its cloth trade, and it is expected that if its merchants are more honest and less frugal, if mill owners control their desire for quick profits, Ahmedabad will be still able to call itself the Manchester of India.

The ration cloth shops are hard-hit by the latest developments. Concessions recently granted have made the position of ration cloth shops precarious. Now, experienced merchants have come in the field and they can sell cloth without any restrictions. It is a foregone conclusion that the ration shops will not be able to stand against this competition. Moreover, other traders ge medium, fine, superfine cloth at 3 to 6 per cent above ex-mill prices, while the rationing shops have to purchase these from the Sale and Purchase Union at 6 to 14 per cent above cost price. The circular from Textile Commissioner, stating that the condition to take back unsold cloth within 90 days would be cancelled and all goods unsold uptil now should be returned within seven days has struck another blow. Government will not take any responsibility about new purchases of these shops. It will not be a surprise if these ration cloth shops close gradually. Many of the shops are run by co-operative Societies and they may not like to take any risk in this matter.

RATIONALISATION

Rationalisation of labour well be introduced in Ahmedabad shortly. Agreement has been reached between the Millowners' Association and the Textile Association regarding the scheme. Under this scheme if a mill wants to change its machinery it can reduce the number of workers not required after this change. Moreover if the mills change their quality of production, that is to say from coarse counts to fine counts they can also reduce, the unwanted workers. Workers thus discharged will be given compensation as per the agreement. A labourer having one years' service will get ten days' compensation. Similarly two years service will carry 20 days, three years service 45 days, four years service 60 days and five years service 75 days wages as compensation. This scheme will affect nearly 2000 workers.

TIMELY RAIN

Gujarat has been favoured timely rains though it was feared in the beginning that the delay in the monsoon would affect the crops, monsoon was just in time to ease the situation. It is expected the crop of paddy will be abou three lakh maunds in Dascrol and Dhandhuka Taluka. This rain has been a boon to Ravi Crop of wheat.

RED TAPE

When the Government has on the one hand launched an all out campaign to grow more food, negligence and inefficiency of officers and lack of co-ordination between different departments is cutting this campaign at its root. Stocks of food grains lie uncared for in rains. Recently 2,200 maunds of Wheat and 3500 maunds of Maize were unloaded at Talod station. The Government godown keeper, it is stated, was prepared to give a bond in writing if the stock was delivered to him, but the station master is stated to have refused to deliver the goods without payment of invoice charges. Nearly four days passed, and after series of telegrams between the collector and the A.T.S., the invoice was received.

But in the mean time there was four or five inches rain and all the stock of food grain was completely drenched in water and has been rendered completely unfit for human consumption. It is also reported that similar incidents have occured at two or three other stations.

RASHTRABHASHA EXAMINATIONS

The Rashtrabhasha Examinations of the R

Jurisdiction In Income-Tax Questions

POWERS GIVEN TO SUPREME COURT

Heated Debate In Assembly On Article 15 A

NEW DELHI, Sept. 15 (PTI):

THE Constituent Assembly today passed a new article making it clear that the Supreme Court of the Indian Union would have jurisdiction in respect of income-tax and acquisition proceedings.

Dr. B. R. Ambedkar, Chairman of the Drafting Committee, explained that the Privy Council had held that proceedings regarding income-tax and acquisition of property did not lie within the purview of civil proceedings and it might, therefore, be held that unless a special provision was made, the powers of the Supreme Court were confined to civil proceedings. The article would remove any doubt on that point.

Prof. Shibban Lal Saksena (United Provinces) moved and later withdrew an amendment saying, "the Supreme Court shall also have jurisdiction to hear appeals against sentences of death passed by courts martial".

SAKSENA'S AMENDMENT WITHDRAWN

Mr. Brajeshwar Prasad (Bihar), supporting Prof. Saksena, said, "I feel that military courts are not likely to have proper regard for the sanctity of human life. I am against the capital sentence altogether.

Dr. Ambedkar said that the amendment was unnecessary, as under article 114 already adopted, there was no impediment in the way of Parliament making an appropriate provision in the Army Act conferring such power on the Supreme Court, if Parliament desired to do so. Again, under article 112 it would be open to the Supreme Court to entertain an appeal against a sentence imposed by a court martial. No court or tribunal could escape from the special jurisdiction of the supreme court provided under article 112.

Prof. Saksena withdrew his amendment.

The article as adopted by the House says, until Parliament otherwise provides, the Supreme Court shall also have jurisdiction and powers with respect to matters other than those referred to in the foregoing provisions of this chapter in relation to which jurisdiction and powers were exercisable by His Majesty in Council immediately before the commencement of this constitution under any existing law".

Mr. Naziruddin Ahmed (West Bengal) said that this article set about its object in a round about way. The trouble with the British constitution was that nobody knew what the powers of the king were. It was, therefore, not advisable to link the powers of the Supreme Court of the Indian Union with the vague, indefinite powers of His Majesty in Council. Even otherwise, why should the house needlessly introduce the name of His Majesty in the constitution of free India? he added.

CONTROVERSY ON PHRASEOLOGY

Ambedkar's New Article

The two-year old controversy whether the phraseology "in accordance with the procedure established by law" or "due process of law" should be introduced in the article relating to protection against arrests and detentions of relating to protection figured again in the Constituent Assembly today when it took up a new article in this regard moved by Dr. Ambedkar.

Article 15A in the chapter dealing with the fundamental rights says: (1) no person who is arrested shall be detained in custody without being informed, as soon as may be, of the grounds for such arrest nor shall he be denied the right to consult a legal practitioner of his choice.

(2) Every person who is arrested and detained in custody shall be produced before the nearest magistrate within a period of 24 hours of such arrest excluding the time necessary for the journey from the place of arrest to the court of the magistrate and no such person shall be detained in custody beyond the said period without the authority of a magistrate.

(3) Nothing in this article shall apply (A) to any person who for the time being is an enemy alien; of (B) to any person who is arrested under and law providing for preventive detention: provided that nothing in Sub-clause (B) of Clause (3) of this article shall permit the detention of a person for a longer period than three months unless;

(A) An advisory board consisting of persons who are or have been or are qualified to be appointed as judge of a High Court has reported before the expiration of the said period of three months that there is in its opinion sufficient cause for such detention, or

(B) Such person is detained in accordance with the provisions of any law made by Parliament under clauses of this article.

(4) Parliament may by law prescribe the circumstances under which and the class or classes of cases in which a person who is arrested under any law providing for preventive detention may be detained for a period longer than three months and also the maximum period for which any such persons may be so detained."

VIOLENT CRITICISM

Introducing the new article Dr. Ambedkar reminded the House of the controversy that raged when it discussed Article 15 over the issue as to whether the words should be "except in accordance with the procedure established by law" or "due process of law" should be there.

No part of the Draft Constitution, he said had been so violently criticised by the public outside as Article 15, because all that the article provided was that it only prevented the Executive from making an arrest.

It was felt that while this matter was being included in the chapter dealing with the Fundamental Rights, the Constitution gave a carte balanche to Parliament to make provisions for the arrest of any person under any circumstances that Parliament might think fit.

He said that the Drafting Committee, therefore, introduced Article 15A making "compensation" for what was done in Article 15. In other words they were providing for the substance of "due process of law" by the introduction of the article.

They had put a limitation on the authority both of Parliament and Provincial Legislature not to abrogate these provisions because they were now incorporated in the Constitution itself.

ENOUGH PROTECTION AGAINST ABUSE

Checks And Rechecks

It had to be recognised that in the present circumstances of the country it may be necessary for the Executive to detain a person who was tampering either with public order, as mentioned in the concurrent list, or with the defence services of the country.

"In such cases" remarked Dr. Ambedkar," I do not think the exigencies of the liberty of the individuals should be placed above the necessity of the State."

"If they went to detain him beyond three months they must be in a position to obtain a report made by an Advisory Board which will examine the papers submitted by the Executive and the representations that might be submitted by the accused and come to the conclusion that detention is justifiable.

Secondly the detention may be extended beyond three months only if Parliament makes a general law laying down in what classes of cases the detention may exceed three months."

He hoped that the House would adopt the article.

BHARGAVA'S OPPOSITION

Pandit Thakur Das Bhargava (East Punjab) in an impassioned speech condemned some of the provisions of the article moved by Dr. Ambedkar and said: "Dr. Ambedkar should have resigned from the Drafting Committee as a protest against the pressure put on him by extraneous forces."

He charged Dr. Ambedkar for not accepting his amendment that every person who was detained should have the right to know the reasons for his detention from a magistrate when Dr. Ambedkar had agreed to the principde on an earlier occasion. Pandit Bhargava said that this was the absolute minimum that was due to every accused.

Pandit Bhargava said that he would rather remain without al fundamental rights unless the fundamental right ensuring civil liberty of a citizen as guaranteed.

"In regard to the ultimate period for which a person can be detained, in India the expectation of life is said to be only 23 years and one year is certainly not a very short period. A maximum limit of one year must be placed on the period of detention because if the police are not able to secure evidence within one year and place it before the court, then the evidence on which he is sought to be detained is not worth the paper on which it is written.

Pandit Bhargava said: "At least 50 per cent of the cases brought before the courts result in discharges. The House can very well see from this the amount of enbarrassment and harassment to which the public are put on account of the corrupt and incompetent police.

REASONS FOR ARREST

Mr. Naziruddin Ahmed (West Bengal) moved three amendments. By his first amendment he wanted that an arrested person should be given the reasons for his arrest "at the time of his arrest" and he should not be denied the right to consult a legal practitioner of his own choice.

His other two amendments sought the deletion of the sub-clause and provision in Article 3 which excepted a person arrested for preventive detention from the provisions of the article.

Mrs. Purnima Banerji (United Provinces) moved four amendments. She wanted that a person arrested should be informed within 15 days the reasons for his arrest and that nobody should be detained for more than six months.

Dr. Panjabrao Deshmukh (Central Provinces) moved two amendments by one of which he sought the deletion of Clause 3 of the Article.

He said that the provisions sought to be put in the Constitution now were not different from the provisions of the Criminal Procedure Code passed by an alien government. "At least these provisions were respected till we came into power more scrupulously", he said.

Dr. Deshmukh said the present position was "most obnoxious". He said :two M.L.As in the Province who had been in the Congress for 18 years and had been elected on the Congress tickets had been detained by order of the Bombay Government. One of them was released after eleven months without being told the reasons for his arrest and detention. The other was still under detention.

ONLY DETAILS OF PROCEDURE

Kamath Wants Assurances

Mr. H. V. Kamath, moving three amendments, said that there was no necessity for the new article as it only detailed the law and procedure governing detention. This, he contended, could have been left to Parliament.

The provision therefore displayed lack of faith in the future Parliament. Article 15 provided that the liberty of person would be sacrosanct except under the procedure established by law and law should be regulated by Parliament.

By his amendment he, however, suggested that the detenu should be informed of the ground of his detention within seven days. He also wanted that there should be a specific provision on the lines of the new German Constitution that detenus should not be subjected to physical and n ental ill-treatment.

Mr. H. V. Pataskar (Bombay) moved amendments seeking to provide, firstly that no person shall be detained without being informed of the grounds of arrest not "as soon as may be" but within 24 hours; secondly, he would have to be produced before a magistrate of the first class; thirdly, the law of detention should be uniform throughout India; fourthly, the Advisory Board should consist of only judges and ex-judges of the High Court and the proviso "or are qualified to be appointed" as High Court judges should be deleted.

Mr. R. K. Sidhwa moved an amendment to ensure that the period of detention on the recommendation of the Advisory Board should not extend beyond nine months.

Past experience showed that the recommendations of the Advisory Bodies were made ex parte. The person detained was not told on what evidence he was detained; he was simply asked to make a statement.

Dr. Bakshi Tek Chand, opposing the new article, described it as "a charter of oppression" and "charter for the denial of liberty".

REASON FOR OMISSION

Mr. Alladi Krishnaswami Ayyar, strongly defending the article, said that Dr. Bakshi Tek Chand had gone over the whole ground which had been travelled at length by the House when it came to a conclusion after a very full debate that the expression "due process" must disappear from the article.

The main reason for the omission of that expression was that it would prevent the State from having any detention laws, any deportation laws and even any laws relating to labour regulation such as hours of work.

"It is agreed on all hands", he said, "that the security of the State is as important as the liberty of the individual. Detention has become a necessary evil under existing conditions in India."

Replying to the criticism of the provision enabling persons qualified to be appointed as High Court judges to sit on the Advisory Boards, he said that without this provision, even a man of the eminence of the late Sir Tej Bahadur Sapru or Mr Venkatrama Shastri would be disqualified merely because he had not sat on the bench.

The minimum rights guaranteed under this article could not be interfered with except by a constitutional amendment. Only the other provisions in the Criminal Procedure Code were liable to alteration by the Legislature.

Dr. Ambedkar had taken care to incorporate what might be considered fundamental principles in Article 15. Other guarantees in the Criminal Procedure Code could exist side by side. There was no talk of interfering with them.

The debate had not concluded when the House adjourned till tomorrow.

KARACHI, Sept. 15, (UPI): The Pakistan Standing Labour Committee is meeting in Dacca on October 24 and 25 to discuss the labour bills. The labour minister, Mr. Jogendra Nath Mandal, will preside over the meeting of the committee.

MR. R. K. PATIL

Mr. R. K. Patil, Commissioner for Food, Government of India photographed on his arrival from Delhi at Santa Cruz Airport.

INTERESTING QUESTION UNDER MUNICIPAL ACT

(BEFORE the Hon'ble the Chief Justice)

This was an appeal by 30 tenants of a building in the Janjikar street against an order by the Chief Judge of the Court of Small Causes under section 507 of the City Municipal Act directing them to vacate the premises temporarily in order to enable their landlord one Abdul Kayum Hamidally to carry out certain repairs to his building in compliance with a municipal notice served upon him. The trial judge had also directed the landlord to carry out the repairs immediately to complete them within three months and thereafter to restore possession of their premises to the respective tenants.

On appeal to the High Court, it was contended that Section 507 of the Municipal Act only provided for 'reasonable facilities' to carry out repairs, and did not authorise the court to order the tenants to give up possession to the landlord, which could only be done by adopting proper proceedings under the Rent Act.

His Lordship held that the Rent Act which only applied when the landlord wanted to carry out repairs on his own, did not override the provisions of Section 507 of the Municipal Act. In his Lordship's opinion there was no reason to construe section 507 so as to exclude the handing over of possession to landlord. His Lordship observed the tenants were sufficiently safeguarded, because if the landlord broke his undertaking to restore possession to the tenants after the repairs had been carried out, he could be dealt with for contempt of court. His Lordship, therefore, dismissed the appeal.

Mr. S. S. Kavlekar with Mr. R. G Samant appeared for the appellant.

Mr. S. M. Shah with Mr. V. T Gambhirwalla appeared for the respondent.

"Islamistan" Mission Of Khaliquzaman

BAGHDAD, Sept. 15. (PTI-Reuter): Chaudhury Khaliquzaman, President of Pakistan's Muslim League, arrived at Basra yesterday and was due at Baghdad late last night on the first leg of his two months' tour of Middle East Muslim nations.

He will study the "brotherly feeling" among Muslims in an effort to decide whether there is a strong enough bond to weld them together into a United Islamistan, which, he pointed out last week, would not be a bloc dominated by Pakistan, but simply a closer relationship between all Muslim nations.

"NEW ARTICLE CALLED A CHARTER OF OPPRESSION"

Opposition To Detention Without Trial

NEW DELHI, Sept. 15. (PTI).

STRONG speeches in the name of civil liberties marked today's proceedings in the Constituent Assembly, when Dr. B. R. Ambedkar, Chairman of the Drafting Committee, moved a new article enabling the Executive to detain persons without trial subject to certain conditions.

Dr. Ambedkar, who was supported by Mr. Alladi Krishnaswami Ayyar, member of the Drafting Committee, said that he was quite satisfied that the provisions safeguarded the citizen against illegal or arbitrary arrest. It had to be recognised that in the present circumstances of the country it might be necessary to detain a person who tampered either with public order or with the defence services.

This power, however, was hedged in with two further limitations: firstly, Government could detain a person in custody only for three months, and secondly, if they wanted to detain him beyond three months, they must secure the approval of an Advisory Board consisting of judges and ex-judges of High Courts or persons qualified to be appointed as judges.

Dr. Bakshi Tek Chand, former Judge of the Lahore High Court, characterised the article as "a charter of oppression" and said that it was worse than similar provisions in the Japanese constitution from which it had been "copied".

Pandit Thakurdas Bhargava (East Punjab) said that "the first casualty of the draft constitution has been justice".

The debate will be continued tomorrow.

Indore Share Market

(From Our Correspondent.)

INDORE CITY, Sept. 15.

Today's closing quotations on Indore Share Bazar:—

Indore Malwa 114, Hukamchand Mill 482, Bhandari Mill 634, Vinod Mill 316, Kalyanmal Mill 72, Kalyanmal Preference 90, Rajkumar Mill 92, Indore Bank 59.

Position Of Indians In East Africa Worsening

CULTURAL MISSION CHIEF'S REPORT

NEW DELHI, Sept. 15. (PTI).

SWAMI ADVAITANANDJI, leader of the Indian Cultural Mission to East Africa which recently returned to India, said here today that the position of Indians in East Africa was gradually worsening specially owing to the reaction of the Malan Government of South Africa.

The introduction of the new "finger-print regulation" he said, had caused great disaffection amongst all classes of Asians, particularly the Indians. The demands of the Muslims there for separate electorate having been accepted by the East African Government, the political position of the Indian community there had been considerably weakened and the Indian representation in East African Council had become poor and divided.

Swami Advaitanandji added that in spite of these difficulties the Indian community in East Africa today was "comparatively happy and prosperous". The number of Indians was rapidly increasing in East Africa, although the new act had "hopelessly restricted" fresh Indian immigration. There were at present more than two lakhs of Indians in East Africa.

The mission spent fourteen months in East Africa visiting Tanganyika, Zanzibar, Uganda and Kenya and delivered more than 1,000 lectures on different aspects of Indian culture.

SUFFICIENCY IN FOOD

(Continued from Page 6)

80 years ago and probably the lowest in Europe.

Among other factors contributing to high yields are — as Sir John Russell pointed out — the correct use of fertilisers, good seed, selective weed-killers and disease and pest control preparations which protect crops against both wireworm and seed-borne diseases.

There must be added, in the case of livestock, the present campaign to raise grass yields combined with grass drying, a free artificial insemination service from beef bulls and a calf rearing subsidy, the fixing of forward prices for livestock by the Government, and similar measures. Administrative and scientific measures clearly have been an important factor in attaining the yields which are now so urgently needed in less developed areas.

PANDIT NEHRU'S AMBALA VISIT

Revised Programme

AMBALA, Sept. 15 (PTI)—According to his revised programme, Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru, Prime Minister, will arrive at the Ambala airfield at 6-45 p.m. on September 18.

He will meet civil and military officers of Ambala and address a gathering of students the next day. He will also address Congress workers of the Ambala division.

The Ministers of the East Punjab Cabinet will meet the Prime Minister at Circuit House at midday. Later Pandit Nehru will address the East Punjam Assembly Congress Party.

Pandit Nehru will meet the press and address a public meeting before flying back to Delhi in the evening.

CITY BY-ELECTION PROSPECTS

Socialists Confident

BOMBAY, Thursday: A keen contest is expected between the Congress and the Socialist candidates in the Municipal by-election tomorrow in the Lower Parel constituency, while the Socialists are optimistic about an "easy victory in the contest in the Lal Baug area.

The election for the Lower Parel seat will take place at Worli. The election is held to fill the vacancy created by the forfeiture of the seat of the Communist Corporator, Mr. Phatker who is detained by the Government under the Public Security Measures Act. The four contesting candidates:—Mr. V. B. Vaikul (Congress), Principal M. V. Donde (Socialist), Mr. M. Malayya (Communist) and Mr. B. V. Madurkar (Independent).

In the second by-election at Nare Park a tough fight is expected between the Congress, Socialist and Communist candidates. The following are the candidates:—Mr. B. S. Amberkar (Communist), Mr. B. K. Kubal, Mr. S. R. Prabhu, Mr. S. S. Vyawahare and Mr. V. B. Varaskar.

LATEST COMMERCIAL NEWS

NEW YORK COTTON OCTOBER

NEW YORK, Sept. 15.

Previous Closing	29.90
Today's Opening	29.96
Difference	—3
Today's Closing	30.00
Difference	+1

LAST QUOTATIONS

BOMBAY, Sept. 15

	Rs.	As.
Silver Forward Asoj	156	0
Gold Forward Asoj	110	0
Silver Bullion	158	8
Silver Mint	159	0
Gold Ready	113	8
Sovereigns	74	8

NEW YORK STOCKS

NEW YORK, Sept. 15.

New York Stock Exchange opening prices:—

Anaconda Copper Mining dol. 27-3/8.

General Motors dol 63-1/2.

U. S. Steel Common unquoted.

Ditto Pref. dol. 135-7/8.

CALCUTTA STOCK EXCHANGE

Quiet But Steady Tone

CALCUTTA, Sept. 15, (P.T.I.-Reuter): The market opened quiet but closed steady for the speculative counters due to renewed buying operation while other stocks ru quiet but steady.

Following are today's final transactions up to 3-30 p.m.:—

GOVT. SECURITIES: Three per cent Loan 1986 97/8, Three per cent 1959/61 101 12, Three per cent Loan 1970/75 99/15.

BANK: United Commercial 67/8 S. Lot

COTTONS: Cawnpore Textiles 9. Bengal Nagpur 20/2, Kesoram 13/10, Muir Mills 269 CT, New Victoria 2/8

COALS: Amalgamated 25/6, Bharat Colliery 7/3, Burrakur 13/8, Churulia 6/4, Dhemo Main 14/2, Talcher 3/8, East India 29 6, Searsole 7/4, West Jamuria 35.

JUTES: Anglo India 193, Lansdowne 167 Lawrence 172, National 23 10, Nuddea 65, Reliance 23/10.

ENGINEERINGS: Brithwaite and Co. 8 4, C. Burn and Co. 261, Jessop and Co. 15 1, Indian Iron 27, Kumardhubi 8/10, Marshalls 6/7, Steel Corp. 20/12, Ditto Pref 121 S. Lot.

MISCELLANEOUS: Burma Corp. 2/6, Indian Copper 2/5, Sone Valley Cement 5 5, Calcutta Electric 17/2, Angelo Bros 21/6, National Tobacco 17, Martin Burn 16, Rohtas Industry Ordy. 5/3, Shaw Wallace 13 10, British Burma Petrol 1/6, Titaghur Paper 32, Assam Saws 8/10, India Steamship 8 1.

SUGAR: Belsund 4/3.

TEAS: Betjan 27, Dhunseri T.E. Rungamatee 86, Tezpore 20/8.

and 100 Consolation PRIZES

to the winners of K·L·M ROYAL DUTCH AIRLINES'

30th ANNIVERSARY COMPETITION

Rules & Conditions:

1. The above prizes will be awarded to the the senders of the most correct answers to our General Agents in reply to the four questions to be announced shortly in the press. Entries are free and will be accepted up to 4 p.m. of 31st October, 1949.
2. Anyone resident in India, Pakistan, Afghanistan or Burma is eligible and may send more than one entry, but only the most correct one will be considered.
3. The first prize is a return trip to any destination in Europe provided it is flown along K.L.M's shortest route without intermediate stops.
4. The first three prizes are not transferable; but destinations may be changed against payment of any difference in fares although no refund will be allowed. Outward journeys will be valid up to 31st March 1950.
5. Winners of return trips may choose between Calcutta or Karachi as starting points. Thus the 2nd Prize becomes—Calcutta to Singapore or Karachi to Bangkok and the 3rd Prize—Calcutta to Bangkok or Karachi to Calcutta.
6. In case of a number of equally correct entries, the winners will be decided by a draw and the decision of the Competition Committee will be final.
7. All entries should bear the words "K.L.M's Anniversary Competition" on the left hand top corner of the envelope. Pencil entries will not be allowed.
8. Results will be published between 12th—17th November 1949.

Further details available from, and entries to be sent to, any of the following nearest Agents:

Messrs. Java Bengal Line, 5-7 Netaji Subhas Road, Calcutta. ● Messrs. Volkart Brothers, McLeod Road, Karachi. ● Messrs. Indian National Airways, Malhotra Building, Queensway, Delhi. ● Messrs. Trading Co. (Late Hegt & Co. Ltd.) Taj Mahal Hotel, Sea Face, Bombay.

17-30

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The Bombay Chronicle

Regd. No. B. 1965

HAGUE R.T.C. STALLED AFTER FOUR WEEKS

Stock-Taking Today At "Secret Conclave" Outside Holland

U.N. COMMISSION TO HELP REACH AGREEMENT ON SOME POINTS

THE HAGUE, Sept. 15, (PTI-Reuter).

All three delegations—Republicans Federalists and Dutch—agree that the Round Table Conference on Indonesia, through stalled after four weeks' very slow progress must be made to succeed.

The conference is still in the tactical stage and no group has yet put all its cards on the table.

With much bargaining still to be done, Dr. Mohammed Hatta, Republican leader, said today: "There is no question of 'if' the conference succeeds. It just must succeed."

Though there are serious points of differences on some major problems about Indonesia's future conference leaders insist they must be bridged "somehow or other."

Chiefs and deputy chiefs of the delegations leave for a "secret conclave" outside Holland tomorrow to draw up a balance sheet of agreed and disagreed points.

With the help of the United Nations Commission on Indonesia it is hoped they will at least be able to find full agreement on some points before returning here on Monday.

"HEAVY" OR "LIGHT" UNION?

Probably the most striking of the two main unsolved problems is the form the proposed Netherlands-Indonesian Union will take.

The legalistically-inclined Dutch would prefer a lengthy statute covering all interests and eventualities and have put forward a draft containing forty points.

The two Indonesian delegations think this indicates more suspicion than trust. They want a short statute promising co-operation and joint consultation on important matters instead of a cut-and-dried plan with no room for growth or adaptation to circumstances.

The Dutch are hesitating between what has been called "heavy" and "light" Union, while the Indonesians urge a fluid arrangement.

FINANCIAL PROBLEM

The second problem is financial.

Here again the Dutch have prepared a very long economic statute seeking to protect every possible Dutch interest and demanding complete economic stability in Indonesia.

The Indonesians have agreed that while Indonesia has any debts to Holland on its books they will always consult the Dutch Government before making changes in financial laws on currency policy.

But they strongly oppose any plan for Dutch control or legal right of objection. They firmly oppose the Dutch demand that there should be agreement and not just consultation before any changes are made.

"On this point we are adamant and we shall not give way in the slightest," Dr. Sumitro, Republican economic. spokesman, said today.

Other financial problems causing headaches—but which are not expected to produce deadlock—are debt settlement and future trade agreements.

The settlement of Indonesia's debts is only a question of bargaining in which each side will naturally try to get the best possible deal.

But trade agreements are more difficult. The Indonesians want trade agreements made separately by Indonesia and the Netherlands, and not in the name of the Union as suggested by the Dutch.

WITHDRAWAL OF TROOPS

The third main problem is about the withdrawal of Dutch troops from Indonesia. So far there has been no serious difference of opinion on this though a good deal of discussion on timing and equipment is expected.

All parties agree there must be no vacuum but there are differing views about the character and leadership of the force to take the place of the Dutch troops.

There is no dispute on the central question of the transfer of sovereignty, though so far, no indication has been given whether the Dutch-set target date of January 1, 1950, can be reached.

The Federalist are inclined to agree but would probably be happier if the conference would decide more than principles.

The Dutch are still more cautious and feel it would be unwise to raise too many hopes by starting transfer preparations until it is certain that full settlement on principles and details has been reached.

So far, the role of the United Nations Commission has been largely that of a passive observer. But it is expected to become much more active soon and if necessary will draw up compromise proposals on points where agreement now seems impossible.

RELAX RULES OF PROHIBITION

Non-Indians' Appeal

POONA, Sept. 15 (PTI)—A plea for the relaxation of the prohibition rules in the province in favour of the European Community was put forward today before the Premier, Br. B. G. Kher, and the Excise Minister, Mr. L. M. Patil, by a deputation led by Mr. C. P. Bramble, Chairman of the United Kingdom Citizens' Association. The other two members of the deputation were Mr. Noel Paton, Chairman of the Bombay Chamber of Commerce, and Mr. Lorenze, president of the Association of Citizens of U.S.A.

The deputationists argued that complete prohibition would affect the mode of life of the European community adversely and it would precipitate premature retirement of technicians and deter new recruits.

It is understood the Premier gave the deputation a sympthetic hearing and promised consideration of the issue raised by them.

ADVANCE PAYMENT TO ZAMINDARS

Plans In Madras

MADRAS, Sept. 15 (PTI)—The question of undertaking legislation to amend the Zamindari Abolition Act to make "advance payment" to the landholders is now under the active consideration of the Madras Government, the Premier Mr. Kumaraswami Raja said here today.

The Premier defined "advanced payment" as part of compensation payable to zabindars before the actual amount of compensation was fied and paid off.

A WARNING TO U. P. ZAMINDARS

JHANSI, Sept. 15 (PTI).—Mr. A. G. Er, Minister for Local Self-Government, the United Provinces, warned the zamindars that Government would abolish zamindaris without compensation if they persisted in their opposition.

Mr. Er, addressing the Jhansi Divisional Zamindari Conference yesterday, added that zamindars would be committing "an act of suicide" in opposing Government plans for abolition of zamindari.

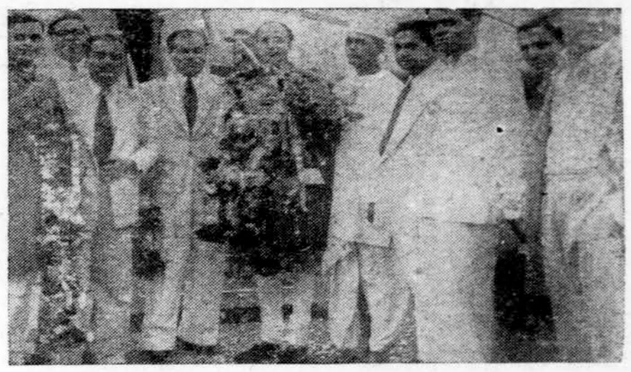
The Minister said: "We are giving you compensation but if your opposition plans succeed we will abolish zamindari without compensation."

MISAPPROPRIATION OF GOVT. MATERIALS

Official Convicted

NEW DELHI, Sept. 15 (UPI)—Charged with getting an almirah and four screens manufactured from Government materials by Government labour and of misappropriating them. Mr. R. K. Puri, an officer employed in the H.E. Yard Depot, Kidderpore, Calcutta, was sentenced to one year's rigorous imprisonment.

The articles were seized from his residence in Calcutta. The case was conducted by the Special Police Establishment of the Government of India.



Dr. B. V. Keskar, Minister of State for External Affairs snapped on his arrival from Delhi on Thursday.

STAGGERING OF HOURS IN MILLS

Committee Appointed

POONA, Sept. 15 (UPI)—An eight-man Committee to investigate into and report on the advisibility of continuing staggering, working hours in textile mills, and on holidays in other industries in Bombay City and suburbs has been appointed by the Bombay Government. Mr. Khareghat will be the Chairman of the Committee which includes representatives of labour, industry and consumers.

The first meeting of the Committee, which has been asked to report within one month, will be held on September 19.

Santhanam And Keskar In The City

BOMBAY, Thursday.

Mr. K. Santhanam, Minister of State for Railways, Dr. B. V. Keskar, Deputy Minister for External Affairs, and Mr. R. K. Patil, Chief Food Commissioner for India, arrived here this evening by a special plane from Delhi.

Mr. Santhanam, who is on a tour of GIP and BB & CI Railway systems, during his stay in the City will hold discussions with railway officials.

Dr. Keskar, immediately on arrival, went to the Bharatiya Vidya Bhuvan at Chowpatty and presided over the opening day's celebration of Bhatkhande Week. Paying his tributes to great Indian musician Bhatkhande, Dr. Keskar said that Indians should give more thought to their cultural progress rather than concentrating on political matters alone.

CASE AGAINST RAZVI

COURT ADJOURNS TILL SEPTEMBER 24

HYDERABAD, (Dn.) Sept. 15, (PTI): WHEN the hearing of the Shoebullah Khan Murder Case was resumed this morning, Mr. D. V. Shrikande, Advocate-General, addressing the Court said that a witness who was to be examined presently—Mr. Mohomed Afzaluddi Farouqi —was a Sessions Judge and, it had been the practice in the Hyderabad High Court, to offer a seat to such witnesses. In saying this, Mr. Shrikande said, he had no other intention than only to draw the attention of the Court to this practice.

The Chairman of the Tribunal Mr. Pinto, said: " I think there are instances of very famous men in the world who have honoured the witness-box by standing."

Mr. V. L. S. Ethiraj (Special Prosecutor): "I have heard of several instances when famous people had refused to sit even when they were offer seats."

Mr. Afzaluddi Farouqi then walked to the Court and was offered a chair on which he seated himself.

Witness said he was at present Additional Sessions Judge of Medak. He took charge as Chief City Magistrate Hyderabad on October 18, 1948. It was the practice for accused to be sent to him as Chief City Magistrate and the police applied to him in case they wanted identification parades to be held or if material objects were to be sent to the Chemical Examiner.

BIBINAGAR CASE

After the cross examination of witness, Abdul Munim Khan and Mohsin Raza second and third accused in the Shoebullah Khan Murder were withdrawn from the dock and six other accused in the Bibinagar Case joined Kazim Razvi.

The case is in charge of Mr. D. V. Shrikande, Advocate-General. Mr. V. L. Ethiraj, is the Special prosecutor for this case also.

After the announcement of advocates to defend the accused in this case, the President pronounced preliminary orders regarding the language of the court the mode of trial and the manner of recording evidence in the case.

The President ordered that all accused in the case be detained during the pendency of the trial in the Military Detention Barracks at Trimulgherry.

Nawab Askar Yar Jung represented to the Court that all the accused would like to be detained together instead of separately as at present, so that they might have opportunities of common discussion regarding defence. The Nawab also asked that the accused, except Kasim Razvi might be detained in the Central Jail at Hyderabad in close proximity to the relatives who might visit them. The President promised to consider the matter and ordered that until the next remand they might be detained in the Hyderabad Central Jail. The president fixed September 26 for letting in prosecution evidence.

After lunch, the last witness, Rahim, Ali Khan Bailiff of the Chief City Magistrate's Court, was produced by the Prosecution to prove an entry in the properties register showing receipt and despatch of material objects received in connection with the Case.

Nawab Askar Yar Jung, leading counsel for Kasim Razvi, invited the attention of the Court to the fact that the evidence recorded in the case had "swelled" to nearly a thousand foolscope pages of typed matter, and he would need tiCme till September 24 to "de" through it and prepare for defence.

The President remarked that he was himself "stunned" to learn that so much of evidence had been recorded in the case, and fixed September 24 and 25 for statements by accused and arguments.

The court rose to meet again on September 24.

Aland Murder Case Transferred

It is learnt that the Government of Hyderabad have decided to transfer the Aland Murder Case to the Special Tribunal "B" the headquarters of which is in Gulbarga and which is holding court at present at Raichur.

In this case Syed Kasim Razvi and 56 others were accused in connection with the murder of nine persons near Aland in Gulbarga District in September last year. The case was transferred from the file of the Gulbarga District Court to the Special Tribunal presided over by Mr. Pinto, but the Advocate-General told the Tribunal last week that the Government had decided to withdraw the name of Syed Kasim Razvi from the list of the accused in this case

It is now learnt that the case would be transferred to the Special Tribunal "B."

VIOLENCE AFTER ROBESON'S CONCERT

Dewey Orders Inquiry

ALBANY (New York), Sept. 5. (P.T.I.-Reuter): Governor Thomas Dewey of New York has ordered a special grand jury investigation into the mob violence after Paul Robeson's concert in New York, on September 4.

Foster Good Relations Between Africans & Indian Settlers

PETER KOINANGE'S APPEAL TO PRESS

CALCUTTA, Sept. 15 (P.T.I.).

MR. PETER KOINANGE, the East African leader, who is now on a tour of India at the invitation of the Government of India, appealed to the Indian press here today to encourage the continuance of the already existing good relations between Africans and Indians in Africa.

Speaking at a luncheon given him by Mr. Tushar Kanti Ghosh, Editor of Amrita Bazar Patrika, at the Calcutta Club today, Mr. Koinange said that Africans weare grateful to pioneer Indians in Africa, who had fought for the rights of the native Africans even when they themselves did not know how to do it. Repeated resolutions had been passed by the Indian National Congress and the Kenya Indian Congress in favour of independent representation of Africans in the local Parliament.

THIRD PARTY'S TRICKS

Mr. Koinange referred to the paucity of publicity in regard to the work done by Indians in Africa. He said that Indians were in the habit of doing silent work and Africans did not know the formality of expressing thanks to their benefactors.

This situation had been exploited by interested parties and they had made a mountain out of a mole hill when, unfortunately, there had been some minor clashes.

It was high time, he said, that all Indians and Africans knew the tricks of the third party and were on their guard.

It was also the duty of the press in India and Africa to mobilise public opinion by giving a correct picture of the situation. He had no doubt about the real opinion of his own people, who wanted to live in amity and goodwill with the Indians there. Africans, he said, were looking to India for guidance in many things.

NOTHING BUT GOODWILL

Welcoming Mr. Koinange, Mr Tushar Kanti Ghosh said: Due to the machinations of third party—and I believe this is correct—some Indians and Africans came to a clash, which from the point of view of Indians as well as Africans was very greatly to be regretted. We have been in bondage for years and Africans are in the same position even today. Instead of fostering that fellowship, which is quite natural amongst people who have been under alien domination, this clash came to us as a very painful shock and surprise".

Mr. Ghosh hoped that a lot of good would accrue from this visit of Mr. Koinange. He had no doubt that Mr. Koinange would be greatly impressed with the fact that Indians had nothing but good will and cordiality for their African fellow citizens.

ASIAN SEMINAR ON RURAL EDUCATION

NEW DELHI, Sept. 15: The Ministry of Education, Government of India has made considerable headway in the planning of the Seminar on rural adult education which is being held in India during November-December, 1949, under the auspices of the UNESCO to discuss the problems of rural adult education with special reference to Asian countries.

The venue of the Seminar will be Hotel Krishna-Rajasagar, Brindavan Gardens, Mysore.

Dr. Zakir Hussain and Mr. D. H. Chandrasekhariya, Minister of Education, Mysore, have accepted the invitation of the Government of India to act as delegates of this country. One more delegate will also be selected shortly.

Temple Thrown Open For Harijans

TANJORE, Sept. 15, (UPI): The famous shrine of Shree Venkatesa Perumal at Varahur was thrown open to Harijans yesterday.

Mr. J. Sivashanmugam Pillai, Speaker of the Madras Legislative Assembly, led a large number of Harijans into the temple for "Darshan".

Total Prohibition In West Punjab

LAHORE, Sept. 14 (PTI-Reuter).—Total prohibition for Muslims will be reimposed in the province from October 1, 1949, says a notification in the West Punjab Gazette Extraordinary issued here last night.

BCG HELD UP AT CALCUTTA?

Conflicting Reports

SINGAPORE, Sept. 15 (PTI)—Mr. John A. Thivy, Government of India's representative in Malaya, has cabled India for elucidation of the reported holding up by Calcutta customs of an air consignment of BCG (anti-tuberculosis) vaccine for Singapore.

A spokesman of the Singapore Anti-Tuberculosis Association stated today that this vaccine was required for the treatment of about 2,000 children in Singapore and it was not known why the consignment was held up by the Calcutta customs.

He hoped that the consignment has been kept in refrigeration by the customs authorities in Calcutta as BCG is perishable.

(Enquiries in Calcutta elicited a denial from the customs authorities of any hold-up of a BCG consignment).

U. S. FACES NATIONWIDE STEEL STRIKE

PITTSBURGH, Sept. 15 (PTI-Reuter)—A nationwide United States steel strike in ten days' time was regarded as certain here today unless President Truman intervenes.

The present "truce" between the steel producers and the United States Steelworkers Union expires at midnight on September 24. Last night the United States Steel Corporation refused to accept recommendations made by Mr. Truman's Fact-Finding Board as a condition of resuming contract negotiations with the Union.

The Board decided that: (1) A general wage increase in the steel industry was not justified and (2) a pension and insurance scheme should be set up which would cost employers about ten cents an hour extra for each worker.

TRADE TALKS ON TEA

COLOMBO, Sept. 15 (PTI-Reuter).—Joint action by Ceylon and India on the export of tea in 1950 will be discussed at the forthcoming Delhi trade talks between the two countries, it was learned from usually reliable sources today.

These sources said that while local tea circles were divided as to feasibility of marketing Ceylon tea entirely through Colombo auctions, it was "not likely" Ceylon Government might oppose the reopening of London auctions for Ceylon tea.

One of the questions the Ceylon delegates will ask at Delhi is whether India proposes to dispose of her tea entirely through local Indian auctions.

The same source said Ceylon may not agree to a tea contract with the United Kingdom next year.

NATIONALIST BASE THREATENED

Red Attempt To Attack Tinghai Island

HONG KONG, Sept. 15 (PTI-Reuter)—Communist armies based on Ningpo, 125 miles south of Shanghai, were trying to attack Tinghai island in the Hangchow Bay Group where Nationalists had major bases for their blockade of the Communist held coastline.

In South China, Communist forces were still probing Nationalist defences along the Canton-Hankow railway to find weak points.

The Nationalist spokesman claimed that a renewed communist offensive through the mountains of north-west China had been driven back with heavy losses.

BLOCKADE-RUNNERS

More than 130,000 tons of shipping, most of it British, have run the Nationalist blockade of Communist ports according to the newspaper "China Mail."

Auckland: The first of five dakota aircraft to fly New Zealand Air Force detachments to Singapore to help fly supplies to Hong Kong left here today. Another dakota will leave for Singapore on Sunday and the remainder next week

BRITISH SHIP SUNK

HONG KONG: A Chinese Nationalist warship intercepted and sank a 140-ton motor vessel and five fully laden cargo junks which were trying to run the Nationalist blockade into Shanghai according to Chinese reports here today quoting Taiwan (Formosa) naval authorities

Members of the Nationalist Legislative Yuan (Council) in Canton today accused the United States State Department of pursuing a "defeatist policy" in China.

The official Nationalist central news agency reported them as saying that a secret agreement reached at Yalta and America's subsequent policy of advocating co-operation between the Chinese Government and the Communists were the direct cause of the rapid post-war expansion of the Chinese Communists.

More Bloodshed, More Hatred

FRENCH PAPER ON INDO-CHINA WAR

PARIS, Sept. 15 (PTI-Reuter).—The left wing newspaper "Franc Tireur" reported today that the war in Indo-China was discussed at yesterday's French Cabinet meeting, and commented: "They did not congratulate themselves on the news. It is no secret that the news is not good, it is even bad."

"How could it be otherwise? the paper asked. They know that they cannot wage total war and still less defeat the Viet Nam resistance. So what?

"They look at each other, exchange bitter remarks, are disillusioned and worried. They split up and the war goes on, men fall and millions are spilled, and all that happens is a little more bloodshed, a little more ruin, a little more hatred."

PACIFIC PACT WITH U.S. AS SENIOR PARTNER

India And Pakistan To Keep Out

BIGWINN, INN, (ONTARIO) Sept. 15 (PTI-Reuter).

AUSTRALIAN and New Zealand delegates yesterday informed the unofficial Commonwealth Relations Conference here they would welcome a Pacific Pact with the United States as senior partner.

A Conference spokesman quoted the delegates, who met in secret, as saying they would like to see a Pacific Pact developed as an extension of the Canberra Pact devised between Australia and New Zealand as a defence measure after the second world war.

Delegates' names were not announced in accordance with Conference procedure.

A spokesman briefs the press daily.

The spokesman said that members of the delegations of India and Pakistan agreed their countries could not join a Pacific Pact until they settled their own differences and until the Indonesian question was settled to the satisfaction of the Indonesian peoples.

But one Pakistan delegate was quoted as telling the Conference that if Russia sought to strike into the Indian peninsula through Pakistan, it would only be over the dead bodies of the Pakistan people.

The spokesman said a Ceylon delegate declared that his people, while they had national aspirations, were content for the moment with British military bases in their land, because they provided protection which they themselves could not afford.

BRITAIN NOT ENOUGH

While Australian and New Zealand delegates saw no immediate threat to the Pacific, they realised they no longer could depend upon British sea power and would have to form their own defences, the spokesman said. With their own industrial resources so small, they would welcome the United States as a major partner in a Pacific alliance. An Indian delegate was quoted as saying that the western democracies must abandon any thought that military and strategic consideration could come before political and economic development in the Far East.

A United Kingdom delegate suggested that the strategic importance of the Indian Ocean must not be overlooked. The Eastern States must devise some formula of defence.

When Eastern delegates agreed that domestic problems prevented their taking that step, the British delegate suggested the establishment of an India-Pakistan border along the lines of the undefended Canada-United States boundary. Then Indian and Pakistan forces could be used to guard the approaches to the Indian peninsula.

Another United Kingdom delegate asked whether India and Pakistan would accept responsibility for any trouble which might develop in Burma, even to the point of armed intervention?

Indian and Pakistan delegates agreed that their countries would not accept such responsibility in any circumstances. In view of their relationships with other Asiatic states, neither wanted to become identified as an "imperialist" power. The British delegate then asked what India would think if the United States took a more direct hand in the defence of the Indian Ocean.

The Indians replied they would welcome United States aid in time of trouble, but felt that in peace, the United States might not be "too liberal", the spokesman said.

MUTT AND JEFF—After All, A Job In The Hand Is Worth Two In The Ash Can — By BUD FISHER.

HUH! THE NERVE OF MY BOSS! I'LL CALL HIM UP AND TELL HIM A THING OR TWO!
HELLO, MR. BLOTZ! THIS IS JEFF! - I'M CALLING YOU UP JUST TO GIVE YOU A GOOD PIECE OF MY MIND!
JUST BECAUSE YOU'RE THE BOSS YOU THINK YOU CAN BULLY ME AROUND! - WELL, YOU CAN'T! DO YA HEAR?
- AND FURTHERMORE YOU CAN TAKE YOUR JOB AND STICK IT IN THE ASH CAN, YOU OLD FATHEAD!
?
THAT 'PHONE IS DIS-CONNECTED!
TELEPHONE COMPANY
OH, THAT'S SWELL! NOW I STILL GOT MY JOB!
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